Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. XIX.—NO. 123. SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 24, 1879. PRICE TWO CENTS.

HALF-CENT COLUMN.

WANTED.

RAILROAD WORK—WE WANT 100 men and 500 teams to work on the Indianapolis, Decatur & Springfield Railroad. Will also sub-let section work. Pay sure every 30 days. Apply at once to Irwin & Huestis, contractors, Crawfordsville, Ind. 23dtlw

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO general housework at 220 West Washington street. my23tf

WANTED—TO RENT—WITHIN three or four squares of Calhoun street, a house containing six or seven rooms. No basement wanted. Address X. Y. Z., SENTINEL office. my15

LOST.

LOST—ON SATURDAY, BE-tween Force and Lafayette streets, on Wallace street, $20 in money. A liberal reward will be paid by leaving it at the SENTINEL office. my23

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A NEW 8-PLY SILver Plated Beer Faucet. The latest improvement out. McKenna patent. M. N. Weber, cor. Main and Calhoun St. my22tf

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FORT WAYNE, MUNCIE & CINCINNATI RAILROAD CO.,
FORT WAYNE, IND., May 15, 1879.

ELECTION NOTICE.—THE ANnual meeting of the stockholders of the Fort Wayne, Muncie and Cincinnati Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company, in Fort Wayne, Indiana, Wednesday, June 4th, 1879, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., for the purpose of electing eleven directors to serve the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. P. W. SMITH, Secretary.
may16d2w

CRIME AND CASUALTY.

A HORRIBLE CRIME.

St. Louis, May 24.—Advices from Pebersville, Mo., say a man named McMahon who was at work for M. O. Ellis, a well known farmer living in that place, raped a grown up daughter of Ellis's Thursday night last, and then fled. Ellis, as soon as he learned what had happened seized his gun and started in pursuit of McMahan, but failing to find him returned for help. When near his home McMahan sprang upon him from a place of concealment, wrestled his gun from him and shot him dead. Great excitement prevailed in the neighborhood, and a large party of citizens had started to hunt the ravisher and assassin, and, if found, quick justice will be meted out to him in the shape of a halter.

Advices from Indian Territory are to the effect that part of the Canadian River Valley Chickasaw Nation is infested by lawless white men who are depredating upon the property of Indians and violating their personal rights. If the government does not protect the Indians and put a stop to the unlawful invasion there will be very serious trouble.

CABLEGRAMS.

THE EAST.

SEARCH FOR NIHILISTS.

Phillipopolis, May 24.—Gen. Stallypene has ordered a search for the nihilists who are reported to be working among the Russian troops in Roumelia.

MATRIMONIAL.

Berlin, May 24.—A correspondent says: It is stated that Prince Alexander of Bulgaria will shortly marry Princess Jussupoff a Russian heiress.

AUSTRIA'S INTENTION.

It is said that Austria intends very shortly to occupy Novi Bazar in accordance with the Austro-Turkish convention.

THE TURKISH FORCES.

A dispatch from Vienna reports that the Turkish force concentrated in northern Macedonia is estimated at thirty-eight battalions. Macedonia is so far pacified that the bulk of these troops is available for Eastern Roumelia, in case of need.

THE TREATY.

London, May 24.—A correspondent at Simla says the treaty with Yakoob Khan will probably be signed next Monday.

SOUTH AMERICA.

DRAUGHT FEARED.

Rio Janerio, May 24.—A recurrence of the draught in the province of Ceara, Brazil, is feared.

Louisville Races.

Louisville, Ky., May 23.—The attendance at the races to-day was very large. The first race, dash of one and one-eighth miles, was won by Egypt, Virgillian second, Mohair third; time, 1:57½.

The second race, two and one-fourth miles, for the Louisville cup, nine starters, was won by Fortuna, Janet second, Day Star third. Time, 4.01½.

The third race, Galt House handicap, dash of one and one-half mile, was won by Largentien, McHenry second, Keene Richards, jr., third. Time, 2.38½.

The fourth race, Gault House purse, dash of three-quarters of a mile, was won by Gold Bug, Amazon second, Becswing third. Time, 1.17½.

Bank Statement.

New York, May 24. — Increase, $3,178,000; specie, inerease, $3,500; legal tenders, decrease, $5,866,000; deposits, decrease, $3,079,100; circulation, increase, $71,200; reserve decrease, $5,057,725. The banks now hold $4,250,900 in excess of the legal requirements.

Meteorological.

Washington, D. C., May 24.—Indications for the lower lake regions, lower pressure, warmer and increasing southerly winds, generally varying to westerly and increasing cloudliness, probably followed by rain.

WASHINGTON.

Exciting All-Night Session of the House of Representatives.

A Stubborn and Bitter Contest Over the Warner Silver Bill.

Sleeping Members Dragged From Their Beds to the Bar of the House.

Washington, May 24.—The usual scenes attending an all night session were enacted last night. At 1 o'clock the sergeant-at-arms was ordered to arrest absent members, but at 3 no report had been made by him, which called forth a remark from Conger that perhaps the absentees had captured the seageant-at-arms, and it might be as well to call out troops.

At 3.20 the speaker stated that he had received a report of the sergeant that that officer had visited the residences of twenty-eight absentees, most os whom could not be found. Some were sick and the remainder were not in the city. (Laughter.)

Mr. Atkins inquired if there was any rule of the house which could revoke all pairs.

The speaker replied that there was not, inasmuch as no rule recognized a pair.

Mr. Hatch asked leave to offer a resolution revoking all pairs, but Mr. Van Voorhis objected.

Weaver, speaking for the center, proposed that a vote be permitted upon the Ryan amendment, and that then the previous question be understood as seconded upon the bill.

Hurd and Wilber objected.

At 4.15 a report was received from the sergeant-at-arms concerning absentees who were too sick to be present.

Mr. Sparks moved that all proceedings under call be dispensed with, that a new call might be ordered.

This motion being agreed to, Sparks moved that there be a new call of the house. Agreed to.

Mr. Hurd, rising to a question of privilege, said he had been charged by his colleague McMahon with making a mis-statement when he had said there were twenty hard money democrats in the house. He desired to say he had spoken with —(Cries of "regular order" from the democratic side prevented Hurd from continuing.)

Hurd's purpose in rising was to verify his statement in regard to the number of hard money democrats. For that purpose he had prepared the following is a list of names of those whom he placed in that category: Hurd, Morrison, Bliss, McLane, Wood, Gibson, Kimmel, Dempster, Ross, Pachler, Martin, of Delaware, O'Brien, Covert, Lounsbery, Clark, N. J., Talbot, Mullen, O'Reilley and Belshever.

A proposition was made by Mr. Whyte that Mr. Warner proceed now and close the debate on the silver bill.

The speaker informed him that debate was not in order.

Mr. Springer suggested that this was a good time for seconding the previous question as the house had now been in session eighteen hours. If the other side would abandon factious opposition and allow the previous question to be seconded the bill could be passed in fifteen minutes.

Mr. Hurd.—"You will not pass it in one hundred years. I desire to make one point against the silver bill. [Calls of 'regular order.'] I propose to show that an honest dollar has its friends on this side." [Continued calls to order, and suggestions to Hurd to print his speech.]

After some delay an assistant sergeant-at-arms appeared at the bar, having in custody Hazleton, who explained that he went out for a couple of hours because he thought his presence was of no great account. He was excused.

Then Hurd renewed his efforts to get a hearing under the pretence of a personal explanation, but without avail.

Then Mr. Springer made a motion looking to the arrest of all members who had since the session commenced left the hall without leave. Rejected, yeas 47, nays 81.

Then there was another interval of waiting until about 7, when the deputy sergeant-at-arms appeared with McCook in custody.

The call of the was house then proceeded with and at its conclusion the doors were again closed.

Mr. Regan moved that the sergeant at arms, be directed to take absentees into custody; agreed to. Mr. Musch moved that the sergeant at arms, be directed to bring absentees before the bar of the house at 12 o'clock Monday, was defeated, yeas 73, nays 76.

The sergeant at arms at 5:30, appeared at the bar of the house, having in his custody Newberry and McGowan, who were immediately discharged.

A motion to adjourn was defeated, yeas 71, nays 84.

At 6, after a long lull in the proceedings, Mr. McCook said he had sat here for over two weeks listening to wild and insane propositions, many of which had been incorporated in the silver bill, and he had not thought it necessary to stay up all night engaged in any movement either toward obstructing legislation or aiding in the passage of the bill; he had therefore gone home and to bed. He admitted that he might be technically in contempt of the house, and he confessed that he had a good deal of contempt for it and thought that contempt was indulged in by the whole country.

Mr. Coffroth moved that the member be fined $25.

Mr. Kenna moved to make the fine $100.

Mr. McCook who had been received at the bar of the house with good natured badinage, caused much indignation on the democratic side of the house.

Garfield and Martin from his own side with Sparks from the other side, came to him and appeared to advise him in whispered remonstrance. He seemed disposed to act on their advice, and resumed his remarks in an apologetic vein, but was informed by the speaker that debate was not the order.

Mr. Kenna asked the unanimous consent for Mr. McCook to make a statement.

Consent being given Mr. McCook expressed a feeling of great respect and admiration for many of the members on the democratic side, but said he had a right to feel justly indignant at being dragged from his bed at such an early hour, when there was no necessity for it. Of course he had not meant to be understood as saying he had any contempt for the house. On the contrary, he had regarded his election to it as the proudest event of his life, but if the house were to adjudge him in contempt, it would be very natural for him to have a little contempt for it. (Laughter.)

Expressions of indignation were made on the democratic side on account of McCook not having withdrawn his offensive remark. As soon as he heard them he said: "I will withdraw it. I only used it in a Pickwickian sense." McCook was then excused.

At 8 o'clock Mr. Reagan made an offer of compromise which was deemed satisfactory to both sides. It was that the amendment of Mr. Ryan, of Kansas, be received and regarded as pending, and that then the question be seconded on the bill and amendment, and a vote be taken at 2 o'clock.

A single objection having been made on the republican side, a motion was made by Mr. Baine, to dispense with all further proceedings under the call.

Mr. Atkins inquired whether it was to be understood that there were to be no dilatory motions, and the response being general from the republican side, there were not to be motions was agreed to.

Further proceedings under the call were dispensed with, and the doorkeepers were directed to open the doors.

Mr. Reagan then made his motion in form.

Mr. Mills (excitedly)—"If that is the doctrine now, why are we here all night?"

Mr. Reagan—"Because at no time could we get an agreement from the other side to stop filibustering, and now, when the other side is willing to stop filibustering, obstacles are interposed on our own side."

Mr. Manning—"That is entirely gratuitous on the part of the gentleman from Texas."

Mr. Reagan—"I stand upon the record and leave it to the house to judge."

Mr. Mills—"The same proposition was made from the other side of the house last evening, and now, after having staid here all night, an unconditional surrender is proposed."

Mr. Reagan—"There was a time when the other side of the house offered to cease filibustering."

Mr. Manning—"The gentleman from Kansas (Ryan) made the same proposition."

It being intimated by the speaker pro tem (Blackburn) that the demand for the previous question which was now pending had been forced to be revoked down; tellers were appointed and 57 democrats voted to second the previous question, the republicans fearing if they should vote in the negative the democrats would vote in the affirmative to carry the motion, again refrained from voting, and thus Reagan's proposition fell through.

Mr. Springer made a proposition to vote at once on the substitute and afterwards on the bill at 2 o'clock, but that was agonized on the republican side, which insisted that the fair thing was to let both votes be taken.

Mr. Atkins at 8:30 o'clock asked unconditional consent to have recess for 12 hours objection was made on the democratic side, and the speaker *pro tem.* put the question to the house in the form of a motion to that effect.

Mr. Atkins objected, saying he had not submitted any motion, but had simply asked unanimous consent.

The speaker *pro tem.* informed him unanimous consent not having been granted there was no other way of putting the question except as a motion.

Mr. Stevenson moved the house adjourn, and the motion was carried by a combination of republicans, greenbackers and some democrats—yeas 80, nays 70.

The house thereupon, at 9 a. m. adjourned to meet at noon to-day.

The session of Saturday opened at noon with a light attendance of members.

The legislative bill as it was presented was signed by the speaker and sent to the senate for signatures of presiding officers of that body.

Mr. Blackwell introduced a constitutional amendment as to the elections of president and vice president. Referred.

The house then took up the bill relating to the transfer of cases from state to federal courts. The question being seconding the main question on that vote. There was no quorum, only 43 for and 1 against and and a call of the house was ordered, which showed 185 members present. This called a subsequent vote of the yeas and nays on the motion to dispense with further proceedings under the call, and another abortive attempt to get a vote on reconsidering the previous question occupied the entire morning hour.

Then Mr. Chittenden obtained the floor and explained his use of the word "damned;" it was in a strictly orthodox sense. (Laughter.)

Mr. McCook followed with an apology for the remarks made by him this morning, and asked that the whole colloquy be omitted from the record.

The speaker stated that he would give instructions accordingly.

The Post road bill was then passed.

Ryans substitute was then defeated, ayes 84, nays 137.

Warner's silver bill then passed the house by yeas 114, nays 97.

Adjourned.

Fire Near Monroeville.

Last night about 6 o'clock the dwelling house of Arthur Howard, about one and a half miles southeast of Monroeville, in Monroe township, was totally destroyed by fire, together with the contents of the same. The total loss is estimated at not less than $1,000; no insurance.

Mr. Howard is one of the oldest and best known citizens of Monroe township, and the loss will be quite a blow to him. He was absent from home at the time, as was his family, who had gone to a neighbor's house in full sight of their home. The fire is supposed to have originated through a defective flue, as no other cause can be assigned. The house was a log building weatherbourded, and was very comfortably arranged. In addition to his household furniture and clothing, the house contained 37 bushels of wheat, a lot of bacon, meat, etc. Not a single article was saved, and Mr. Howard knew nothing of the occurrence until he came home and found his house in ashes.

Phil Grund he owned a plum tree, and in "that there" plum tree were divers and sundry insects. So Phil Grund he built a fire beneath "that there plum tree," the combustible materials consisting of straw well soaked in coal oil, intending to smoke out those nasty insects. He succeeded admirably, and there are now no insects. The tree is also gone, and Phil Grund he will have no plums this year.

Free Lunch.

Free lunch at Gus. Strodels at No. 10 East Berry street to-night, vegetable soup, cold ham, slaw, etc., and good Shaller & Gerke's Cincinnati beer on draught.

Grand Excursions.

Beginning the 9th of June, passengers will be carried over the Muncie road to the great Sængerfest at excursion rates. The excursions will run the 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th prox. These excursions will be given under the auspices of the ladies of the Home for the Friendless. This will be a rare opportunity to visit Cincinnati and the great Sængerfest at very little expense.

THE RAILROADS.

The pay car on the Wabash went west this morning.

A new floor is to be laid in the P. F. W. & C. eating house.

The Fort Wayne, Jackson & Saginaw R. R. changes time to-morrow.

Our local railroads are engaged in hot competition in making fast runs.

John J. Emery, has been elected director of the White Water Valley Railway Co., to succeed H. C. Kimble of Brookville, Ind.

It is stated that an agreement has been concluded between the Wabash and Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis companies to pool their traffic from competing points. The terms of the agreement are not given.

Gov. Ashley says he does not think that the Wabash Company has any idea of extending the road to Detroit; that it is only a stock jobbing operation. Their stock, in the late operation, bought at an average of 34, has been advanced to about 38, and is still going upward.

THE COURTS.

SUPERIOR.

Eli Snyder vs. Harrison Cryder, finding for plaintiff.

The case of Gideon Seavay vs John Taylor et al, is on trial by the court.

JUDGMENTS.

Peter Neff vs Magnus Rolarbuck et al, note, $304.

NEW SUITS.

Emmerette Stephenson vs Joseph E Stephenson, divorce and alimony, temporary restraining order granted; John Schuler et al vs Board of Commissioners et al, injunction.

CASES SET FOR TRIAL BY JURY.

Wednesday, May 28.—Conrad vs the Wabash R R Co; Goethe vs the Wabash R R Co; Brucl vs the Wabash R R Co.

Thursday, May 29.—Archer vs Peyton; State ex rel. Mercer vs Wm Dickerson; Hartman vs McNally; Garr, Scott & Co vs James Erving et al.

Friday, May 30th.—Swinney vs the Citizens Street Railway Co.

Monday, June 2d.—Holmes vs Kell; Lafferty vs Jackson.

CIRCUIT.

JURY TRIALS.

The case of Lemuel Wormcastle vs. Mary J. Shaffer, appeal, is on trial.

HABEAS CORPUS.

The case of John Dyer vs. Charles A. Munson, sheriff, writ of *habeas corpus* will be heard this afternoon.

Dyer was committed yesterday on a writ of *capias ad satisfaciendum* by Justice Ryan.

JUSTICES'.

BEFORE PRATT.

Israel Luther, a country preacher, was tried for an assault and battery on his hired girl Cora Young and fined $3 and costs. The evidence showed that Luther owed the girl a small amount of wages, whereupon she froze to one of his bed quilts for security, Luther at that stage locked her in a tender portion of her anatomy. At last accounts the reverend brother was hunting for bail.

Marriage Licenses.

Peter Polvy and Mary Dodine.
Delderich Brandt and Bertha Lohrmann.

Flour and Potatoes Down.

Best Flour, per bbl, $5.
Early Rose Potatoes, 75c bushel.
FRUIT HOUSE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, May 24, 1879.

MONEY—Easy 3@4 percent.
STERLING EXCHANGE—487¾@488¼.
BAR SILVER—Here, 110¾.
SUBSIDIARY COIN—¼ percent discount.
GOVERNMENTS—Are firm.
RAILROAD SECURITIES—Active.
STATE BONDS—Dull.
STOCKS—Irregular.

Western Union	113	Fort Wayne	111
Pacific Mail	14	Alton & Ter. H.	.....
Adams Express	108	A. & H. pref.	.....
W. F. & Co.'s Ex.	96	Chi. & Alton	.....
American Ex.	48	C. & A. pref.	bid.
U. S. Express	49½	C. C. I. C.	75⅞
N. Y. Central	119½	Chi. St. P. & M.	39
Erie	22	St. L. & Iron M.	29⅜
Erie preferred	51¼	Ohio & Miss.	19
Harlem	155	C. & M. pref.	39¼
Michigan Cen.	79¼	Del. & Lack.	56⅜
Panama	155	Atlantic & Pac.	6⅞
Union Pacific	74⅛	C. R. & Q.	116⅝
Lake Shore	74½	Han. & St. Joe.	25⅞
Illinois Cent'l	86⅞	H. & St. J. pref.	44
Cleve. & Pitts.	96	Canada South.	58½
Northwestern	68	Lo'sv'le & N'shv.	68
N'thw'n pref.	94⅝	Kansas Pac.	56
C. C. C. & I.	51½	Kan. & Tex.	16⅝
N. J. Central	98⅞	St. L. & S. F.	11
Rock Island	139	St. L. & San F. pf.	11¾
St. Paul	42½	1st pref'd	24⅝
St. Paul pref.	89⅝	St. L. K. C. & N.	16⅞
Wabash	38⅞	preferred	42¾

New York.

New York, May 24.—Cotton, steady at 13c for middling uplands. Flour, $4 00@6 00 for common to hoop Ohio, Wheat, dull; ½@¾c lower; receipts, 28,900 bushels; sales, none call, No. white May $1 12½, bid, $1 14 asked. Rye quiet. Corn quiet ½@¾c lower; receipts, 30,000 bushels; sales, 50,000 bushels at 43@45c for western mixed. Barley dull. Oats firm; receipts, 83,000 bushels; sales, 28,000 bushels at 34@35½c for mixed western; 36½@39c for white. Pork dull at $10 12½. Lard, heavy at $6 85. Butter 5@9c, Cheese 2@8c. Whisky, $1 04½ @1 05. Sugar 6¾@6¾. Eggs 10@12c. Petroleum—crude 6¾@6¾; refined, 8½c. Coal firm. Leather 16@21c. Wool in fair request and very strong at 26@38c.

Baltimore.

Baltimore, May 24.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat a shade lower, but closed firmer, Pennsylvania red, $1 17½; No. 2 medium winter red, $1 17¾ spot and May, $1 18; July $1 12½; August, $1 09¾@1 09⅝. Corn, western lower; medium and mixed spot, 44c; May, 43¾@44c; June, 43¾c; July, 43¾c; August, 44¾c. Freights to Liverpool, per steam quiet; flour, 2s 2d; grain, 6d. Receipts—Flour, 2,919 barrels. Wheat, 44,500 bushels; corn, 65,500 bushels; oats, 2,800 bushels; rye, 400 bushels. Shipments—Wheat, 99,000 bushels; corn, 122,380 bushels.

Toledo.

Toledo, May 24.—Wheat nominal; No. 1 white Michigan, $1 08 bid; amber Michigan, seller June, $1 12 asked, $1 11 bid; No. 2 red seller May, $1 12½ asked, $1 11½ bid; seller July, $1 06¼ asked; rejected, 98c. Corn firm; high mixed, 39½c; No. 2, 39½c asked, 39¼c bid; seller June, 38¼c bid; seller July, 38½c asked, 38½c bid. Oats nominal.

SUNDRIES.

Canned Mushrooms.
Huckins Soups.
Deviled Meats.
India Currie Powder.
Bordeaux Capers.
Canned Pine Apple.
Salt of Celery.

Yankee Grocery.

Dr. von Moschzisker

can now be seen at the

AVELINE HOUSE.

His reputation as a

PHYSICIAN

AND

SPECIALIST

is too well known and need any further statement from him, as to what he is able to do for those who need his medical help in the following maladies to which he gives special attention:

Deafness, Blindness,
Throat, Lung, Chest Diseases,
Catarrh, Asthma, Liver
and Kidney Complaints,
Blood Diseases,
NERVOUS and GENERAL DEBILITY

And Other Chronic or Complicated Diseases, Requiring Special Skill and Experience.

DR. VON MOSCHZISKER,

During his stay in

Indianapolis, Evansville, Terre Haute and Lafayette,

Has treated with the very utmost success the best citizens in each place. He also submits to the public an open testimonial from his home, Philadelphia, which speaks for itself.

Indianapolis "Journal."

We take pleasure in saying that we have known Dr. Von Moschzisker for several years, and that he possesses undoubted skill and that he is strictly honorable in all his dealings.
E. B. MARTINDALE & CO.

From the President of the Meridian National Bank.

It gives me great pleasure to state to the public that under Dr. Von Moschzisker's treatment, not only has my hearing been restored, my catarrh entirely cured, but my general health has been materially benefitted, and I can recommend him to those who need his medical services.
DAVID MACY.

From the President of the Indianapolis "Sentinel" Company.

To Dr. Von Moschzisker, Grand Hotel—Dear Sir—It gives me great pleasure to say to you that you have succeeded in restoring my son's hearing. I can not tell you how much your success has gratified me. Very respectfully yours,
JOHN SHOEMAKER.

Feb. 3, 1877.

Senator Voorhees to Dr. Von Moschzisker.

Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 8, 1878.—Dr. Von Moschzisker—My Dear Sir: I thank you very sincerely for the relief I received from your treatment of my hearing, which has been seriously impaired since February last, the result of an excessively severe cold. I did not need this evidence in my own case of your skill to satisfy me of your merits as a physician; but if any proof in addition to what I had already obtained from others had been necessary, you have amply furnished it.

Wishing you great and continued success in your profession I have the honor to be, with great respect,
Very truly yours, D. W. VOORHEES.

Lafayette.

The undersigned have been under the professional care of Dr. Von Moschzisker. From our intercourse with him, and from testimonials in his possession, we believe him to be a gentleman of medical skill and of large experience in the treatment of diseases of the respiratory organs, and from our knowledge of him, we take pleasure in recommending him to the public as a man of much general and professional intelligence, and as deserving of confidence.
THOMAS B. WARD,
Judge of Superior Court
D. P. VINTON,
Judge of Circuit Court.
W. C. WILSON,
OWEN BALL,
M. L. PEIRCE.

Philadelphia.

To whom it may concern:

We, the undersigned citizens of Philadelphia, take pleasure in certifying that Dr. F. A. Von Moschzisker has been a resident of our city for some years, during which he has acquired a distinguished reputation as practitioner in diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat. He has also, during some time past, been Professor and Clinical Operator in one of our Medical Institutions. Having made known to us that he proposes to visit other cities in order to enlarge his already extensive experience, and afford those persons who need his services and cannot leave home an opportunity of consulting him, we recommend him to the cordial support of the Press and the confidence of the communities he may see fit to visit. We willingly thus endorse him, that he may not be placed by those to whom he is a stranger, in the category of traveling physicians, and that he may at once command the confidence which is his due, without the otherwise necessarily prolonged residence in each place.

M. McMichael, Mayor of the City.
E. W. Davis, Speaker House Rep., Pa.
J. W. Forney, Editor *Press.*
J. E. Kingsley, Continental.
Chas. McClintock, *Morning Post.*
P. L. Ellmaker, U. S. Marshal.
J. W. Grayson, *Mercury.*
Robert Morris, Geo. W. Lanman.
A. E. Welch.
Hon. A. W. McClure, Editor Phil. *Times.*
C. E. Warburton, *Evening Telegraph.*
F. L. Featherstone, *Evening Bulletin.*
Jas. Ross Snowden, State Senator.
Robt. Eden Brown, Attorney.

N. B.—A circular containing hundreds of testimonials from the best known men in the country, can be obtained at his rooms at the AVELINE HOUSE.

N. B.—All desiring to become his Patients should CALL AT ONCE, as his stay will depend on the number of cases accepted under treatment. Those who call without delay will receive the benefit of his personal attention. References to the very best citizens of Fort Wayne, to whom he came with private letters of introduction, can be learned at his rooms,

AVELINE HOUSE.

☞ *Office hours from 9 a. m. to 12 m.; from 2.30 p. m. to 5 p. m.*

NOTICE.

We have now the Largest and Best Assorted Stock of Silks to be found in this City.

BLACK SILKS

at 75c, 90c, $1.00, 1.20, 1.50, 1.65, 1.75, 1.75, 2.00, 2.25, 2.50, 2.75, 3.00.

COLORED SILKS,

All shades and all prices.

SUMMER SILKS,

TRIMMING SILKS,

BROCADE SILKS,

Silks | Silks | Silks | Silks

Look at the Silks shown at

GEO. DE WALD & CO.'S

Cor. Columbia & Calhoun,

Fort Wayne.

PAINTS AND WALL PAPER

Buy Your Wall Paper and Paints at the

Fort Wayne Paint and Painting Co.,

73 and 75 Calhoun Street,

The only Wall Paper and Paint store in Northern Indiana.

Our wall paper department is Complete in all grades from a Blank to Solid Gold Patterns of the latest new styles at bottom prices.

ap6dlm

FURNITURE FURNITURE FURNITURE FURNITURE FURNITURE FURNITURE

FURNITURE



19 East Main Street.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. XIX.—NO. 123. SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 24, 1879. PRICE TWO CENTS.

HALF-CENT COLUMN.

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WANTED—TO RENT—WITHIN three or four squares of Calhoun street, a house containing six or seven rooms. No basement wanted. Address X. Y. Z., SENTINEL office. my15

LOST.

LOST—ON SATURDAY, BETween Force and Lafayette streets, on Wallace street, $20 in money. A liberal reward will be paid by leaving it at the SENTINEL office. my23

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A NEW 3-PLY SILver Plated Beer Faucet. The latest improvement out. McKenna patent. M. N. Weber, cor. Main and Calhoun St. my22tf

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FORT WAYNE, MUNCIE & CINCINNATI RAILROAD CO., FORT WAYNE, IND., May 15, 1879.

ELECTION NOTICE.—THE ANnual meeting of the stockholders of the Fort Wayne, Muncie and Cincinnati Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company, in Fort Wayne, Indiana, Wednesday, June 4th, 1879, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., for the purpose of electing eleven directors to serve the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. P. W. SMITH, Secretary.
may16d2w

CRIME AND CASUALTY.

A HORRIBLE CRIME.

St. Louis, May 24.—Advices from Pebersville, Mo., say a man named McMahon who was at work for M. O. Ellis, a well known farmer living in that place, raped a grown up daughter of Ellis's Thursday night last, and then fled. Ellis, as soon as he learned what had happened seized his gun and started in pursuit of McMahan, but failing to find him returned for help. When near his home McMahan sprang upon him from a place of concealment, wrestled his gun from him and shot him dead. Great excitement prevailed in the neighborhood, and a large party of citizens had started to hunt the ravisher and assassin, and, if found, quick justice will be meted out to him in the shape of a halter.

Advices from Indian Territory are to the effect that part of the Canadian River Valler Chickasaw Nation is infested by lawless white men who are depredating upon the property of Indians and violating their personal rights. If the government does not protect the Indians and put a stop to the unlawful invasion there will be very serious trouble.

CABLEGRAMS.

THE EAST.

SEARCH FOR NIHILISTS.

Philli popolis, May 24.—Gen. Stallypene has ordered a search for the nihilists who are reported to be working among the Russian troops in Roumelia.

MATRIMONIAL.

Berlin, May 24.—A correspondent says: It is stated that Prince Alexander of Bulgaria will shortly marry Princess Jussuphoff a Russian heiress.

AUSTRIA'S INTENTION.

It is said that Austria intends very shortly to occupy Novi Bazar in accordance with the Austro-Turkish convention.

THE TURKISH FORCES.

A dispatch from Vienna reports that the Turkish force concentrated in northern Macedonia is estimated at thirty-eight battalions. Macedonia is so far pacified that the bulk of these troops is available for Eastern Roumelia, in case of need.

THE TREATY.

London, May 24.—A correspondent at Simla says the treaty with Yakoob Khan will probably be signed next Monday.

SOUTH AMERICA.

DRAUGHT FEARED.

Rio Janorio, May 24.—A recurrence of the draught in the province of Ceara, Brazil, is feared.

Louisville Races.

Louisville, Ky., May 23.—The attendance at the races to-day was very large. The first race, dash of one and one-eighth miles, was won by Egypt, Virgillian second, Mohair third; time, 1:57½.

The second race, two and one-fourth miles, for the Louisville cup, nine starters, was won by Fortuna, Janet second, Day Star third. Time, 4.01½.

The third race, Galt House handicap, dash of one and one-half mile, was won by Largentien, McHenry second, Keene Richards, jr., third. Time, 2.38½.

The fourth race, Gault House purse, dash of three-quarters of a mile, was won by Gold Bug, Amazon second, Beeswing third. Time, 1.17½.

Bank Statement.

New York, May 24. — Increase, $3,178,000; specie, inerease, 38,500; legal tenders, decrease, $5,866,000; deposits, decrease, $3,079,100; circulation, increase, $71,200; reserve decrease, $5,057,725. The banks now hold $4,250,900 in excess of the legal requirements.

Meteorological.

Washington, D. C., May 24.—Indications for the lower lake regions, lower pressure, warmer and increasing southerly winds, generally varying to westerly and increasing cloudiness, probably followed by rain.

WASHINGTON.

Exciting All-Night Session of the House of Repsentatives.

A Stubborn and Bitter Contest Over the Warner Silver Bill.

Sleeping Members Dragged From Their Beds to the Bar of the House.

Washington, May 24.—The usual scenes attending an all night session were enacted last night. At 1 o'clock the sergeant-at-arms was ordered to arrest absent members, but at 3 no report had been made by him, which called forth a remark from Conger that perhaps the absentees had captured the seageant-at-arms, and it might be as well to call out troops.

At 3.20 the speaker stated that he had received a report of the sergeant that that officer had visited the residences of twenty-eight absentees, most os whom could not be found. Some were sick and the remainder were not in the city. (Laughter.)

Mr. Atkins inquired if there was any rule of the house which could revoke all pairs.

The speaker replied that there was not, inasmuch as no rule recognized a pair.

Mr. Hatch asked leave to offer a resolution revoking all pairs, but Mr. Van Voorhis objected.

Weaver, speaking for the center, proposed that a vote be permitted upon the Ryan amendment, and that then the previous question be understood as seconded upon the bill.

Hurd and Wilber objected.

At 4.15 a report was received from the sergeant-at-arms concerning absentees who were too sick to be present.

Mr. Sparks moved that all proceedings under call be dispensed with, that a new call might be ordered.

This motion being agreed to, Sparks moved that there be a new call of the house. Agreed to.

Mr. Hurd, rising to a question of privilege, said he had been charged by his colleague McMahon with making a mis-statement when he had said there were twenty hard money democrats in the house. He desired to say he had spoken with —(Cries of "regular order" from the democratic side prevented Hurd from continuing.)

Hurd's purpose in rising was to verify his statement in regard to the number of hard money democrats. For that purpose be had prepared the following is a list of names of those whom he placed in that category: Hurd, Morrison, Bliss, McLane, Wood. Gibson, Kimmel, Dempster, Ross, Pachler, Martin, of Delaware, O'Brien, Covert, Lounsbery, Clark, N. J., Talbot, Mullen, O'Reilley and Belshever.

A proposition was made by Mr. Whyte that Mr. Warner proceed now and close the debate on the silver bill.

The speaker informed him that debate was not in order.

Mr. Springer suggested that this was a good time for seconding the previous question as the house had now been in session eighteen hours. If the other side would abandon factious opposition and allow the previous question to be seconded the bill could be passed in fifteen minutes.

Mr. Hurd.—"You will not pass it in one hundred years. I desire to make one point against the silver bill. [Calls of 'regular order.'] I propose to show that an honest dollar has its friends on this side." [Continued calls to order, and suggestions to Hurd to print his speech.]

After some delay an assistant sergeant-at-arms appeared at the bar, having in custody Hazleton, who explained that he went out for a couple of hours because he thought his presence was of no great account. He was excused.

Then Hurd renewed his efforts to get a hearing under the pretence of a personal explanation, but without avail.

Then Mr. Springer made a motion looking to the arrest of all members who had since the session commenced left the hall without leave. Rejected, yeas 47, nays 81.

Then there was another interval of waiting until about 7, when the deputy sergeant-at-arms appeared with McCook in custody.

The call of the was house then proceeded with and at its conclusion the doors were again closed.

Mr. Regan moved that the sergeant at arms, be directed to take absentees into custody; agreed to. Mr. Musch moved that the sergeant at arms, be directed to bring absentees before the bar of the house at 12 o'clock Monday, was defeated, yeas 73, nays 76.

The sergeant at arms at 5:30, appeared at the bar of the house, having in his custody Newberry and McGowan, who were immediately discharged.

A motion to adjourn was defeated, yeas 71, nays 84.

At 6, after a long lull in the proceedings, Mr. McCook said he had sat here for over two weeks listening to wild and insane propositions, many of which had been incorporated in the silver bill, and he had not thought it necessary to stay up all night engaged in any movement either toward obstructing legislation or aiding in the passage of the bill; he had therefore gone home and to bed. He admitted that he might be technically in contempt of the house, and he confessed that he had a good deal of contempt for it and thought that contempt was indulged in by the whole country.

Mr. Coffroth moved that the member be fined $25.

Mr. Kenna moved to make the fine $100.

Mr. McCook who had been received at the bar of the house with good natured badinage, caused much indignation on the democratic side of the house.

Garfield and Martin from his own side with Sparks from the other side, came to him and appeared to advise him in whispered remonstrance. He seemed disposed to act on their advice, and resumed his remarks in an apologetic vein, but was informed by the speaker that debate was not the order.

Mr. Kenna asked the unanimous consent for Mr. McCook to make a statement.

Consent being given Mr. McCook expressed a feeling of great respect and admiration for many of the members on the democratic side, but said he had a right to feel justly indignant at being dragged from his bed at such an early hour, when there was no necessity for it. Of course he had not meant to be understood as saying he had any contempt for the house. On the contrary, he had regarded his election to it as the proudest event of his life, but if the house were to adjudge him in contempt, it would be very natural for him to have a little contempt for it. [Laughter.]

Expressions of indignation were made on the democratic side on account of McCook not having withdrawn his offensive remark. As soon as he heard them he said: "I will withdraw it. I only used it in a Pickwickian sense." McCook was then excused.

At 8 o'clock Mr. Reagan made an offer of compromise which was deemed satisfactory to both sides. It was that the amendment of Mr. Ryan, of Kansas, be received and regarded as pending, and that then the question be seconded on the bill and amendment, and a vote be taken at 2 o'clock.

A single objection having been made on the republican side, a motion was made by Mr. Baine, to dispense with all further proceedings under the call.

Mr. Atkins inquired whether it was to be understood that there were to be no dilatory motions, and the response being general from the republican side, there were not to be motions was agreed to.

Further proceedings under the call were dispensed with, and the doorkeepers were directed to open the doors.

Mr. Reagan then made his motion in form.

Mr. Mills (excitedly)—"If that is the doctrine now, why are we here all night?"

Mr. Reagan—"Because at no time could we get an agreement from the other side to stop filibustering, and now, when the other side is willing to stop filibustering, obstacles are interposed on our own side."

Mr. Manning—"That is entirely gratuitous on the part of the gentleman from Texas."

Mr. Reagan—"I stand upon the record and leave it to the house to judge."

Mr. Mills—"The same proposition was made from the other side of the house last evening, and now, after having staid here all night, an unconditional surrender is proposed."

Mr. Reagan—"There was a time when the other side of the house offered to cease filibustering."

Mr. Manning—"The gentleman from Kansas (Ryan) made the same proposition."

It being intimated by the speaker pro tem (Blackburn) that the demand for the previous question which was now pending had been forced to be voted down; tellers were appointed and 57 democrats voted to second the previous question, the republicans fearing if they should vote in the negative the democrats would vote in the affirmative to carry the motion, again refrained from voting, and thus Reagan's proposition fell through.

Mr. Springer made a proposition to vote at once on the substitute and afterwards on the bill at 2 o'clock, but that was agonized on the republican side, which insisted that the fair thing was to let both votes be taken.

Mr. Atkins at 8:30 o'clock asked unconditional concent to have recess for 12 hours objection was made on the democratic side, and the speaker *pro tem.* put the question to the house in the form of a motion to that effect.

Mr. Atkins objected, saying he had not submitted any motion, but had simply asked unanimous consent.

The speaker *pro tem.* informed him unanimous consent not having been granted there was no other way of putting the question except as a motion.

Mr. Stevenson moved the house adjourn, and the motion was carried by a combination of republicans, greenbackers and some democrats—yeas 89, nays 70.

The house thereupon, at 9 a. m. adjourned to meet at noon to-day.

The session of Saturday opened at noon with a light attendance of members.

The legislative bill as it was presented was signed by the speaker and sent to the senate for signatures of presiding officers of that body.

Mr. Bickwell introduced a constitutional amendment as to the elections of president and vice president. Referred.

The house then took up the bill relating to the transfer of cases from state to federal courts. The question being seconding the main question on that vote. There was no quorum, only 43 for and 1 against and and a call of the house was ordered, which showed 185 members present. This called a subsequent vote of the yeas and nays on the motion to dispense with further proceedings under the call, and another abortive attempt to get a vote on reconsidering the previous question occupied the entire morning hour.

Then Mr. Chittenden obtained the floor and explained his use of the word "damned;" it was in a strictly orthodox sense. (Laughter.)

Mr. McCook followed with an apology for the remarks made by him this morning, and asked that the whole colloquy be omitted from the record.

The speaker stated that he would give instructions accordingly.

The Post road bill was then passed.

Ryans substitute was then defeated, ayes 64, nays 137.

Warner's silver bill then passed the house by yeas 114, nays 97.

Adjourned.

Fire Near Monroeville.

Last night about 6 o'clock the dwelling house of Arthur Howard, about one and a half miles southeast of Monroeville, in Monroe township, was totally destroyed by fire, together with the contents of the same. The total loss is estimated at not less than $1,000; no insurance.

Mr. Howard is one of the oldest and best known citizens of Monroe township, and the loss will be quite a blow to him. He was absent from home at the time, as was his family, who had gone to a neighbor's house in full sight of their home. The fire is supposed to have originated through a defective flue, as no other cause can be assigned. The house was a log building weatherbourded, and was very comfortably arranged. In addition to his household furniture and clothing, the house contained 37 bushels of wheat, a lot of bacon, meat, etc. Not a single article was saved, and Mr. Howard knew nothing of the occurrence until he came home and found his house in ashes.

Phil Grund he owned a plum tree, and in "that there" plum tree were divers and sundry insects. So Phil Grund he built a fire beneath "that there plum tree," the combustible materials consisting of straw well soaked in coal oil, intending to smoke out those nasty insects. He succeeded admirably, and there are now no insects. The tree is also gone, and Phil Grund he will have no plums this year.

Free Lunch.

Free lunch at Gus. Strodels at No. 10 East Berry street to-night, vegetable soup, cold ham, slaw, etc., and good Shaller & Gerke's Cincinnati beer on draught.

Grand Excursions.

Beginning the 9th of June, passengers will be carried over the Muncie road to the great Sængerfest at excursion rates. The excursions will run the 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th prox. These excursions will be given under the auspices of the ladies of the Home for the Friendless. This will be a rare oppoftunity to visit Cincinnati and the great Sængerfest at very little expense.

THE RAILROADS.

The pay car on the Wabash went west this morning.

A new floor is to be laid in the P. F. W. & C. eating house.

The Fort Wayne, Jackson & Saginaw R. R. changes time to-morrow.

Our local railroads are engaged in hot competition in making fast runs.

John J. Emery, has been elected director of the White Water Valley Railway Co., to succeed H. C. Kimble of Brookville, Ind.

It is stated that an agreement has been concluded between the Wabash and Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis companies to pool their traffic from competing points. The terms of the agreement are not given.

Gov. Ashley says he does not think that the Wabash Company has any idea of extending the road to Detroit; that it is only a stock jobbing operation. Their stock, in the late operation, bought at an average of 8½, has been advanced to about 38, and is still going upward.

THE COURTS.

SUPERIOR.

Eli Snyder vs. Harrison Cryder, finding for plaintiff.

The case of Gideon Seavey vs John Taylor et al. is on trial by the court.

JUDGMENTS.

Peter Neff vs Magnus Rohrback et al, note, $204.

NEW SUITS.

Emerretta Stephenson vs Joseph E Stephenson, divorce and alimony, temporary restraining order granted; John Schuler et al vs Board of Commissioners et al, injunction.

CASES SET FOR TRIAL BY JURY.

Wednesday, May 28.—Conrad vs the Wabash R R Co; Goethe vs the Wabash R R Co; Brudi vs the Wabash R R Co.

Thursday, May 29—Archer vs Peyton; State ex rel Mercer vs Wm Dickerson; Hartman vs McNally; Garr, Scott & Co vs James Erving et al.

Friday, May 30th.—Swinney vs the Citizens Street Railway Co.

Monday, June 2d.—Holmes vs Kell; Lauferty vs Jackson.

CIRCUIT.

JURY TRIALS.

The case of Lemuel Wormeastle vs. Mary J. Shaffer, appeal, is on trial.

HABEAS CORPTS.

The case of John Dyer vs. Charles A. Munson, sheriff, writ of *habeas corpus* will be heard this afternoon.

Dyer was committed yesterday on a writ of *capias ad satisfaciandum* by Justice Ryan.

JUSTICES'.

BEFORE PRATT.

Israel Luther, a country preacher, was tried for an assault and battery on his hired girl Cora Young and fined $3 and costs. The evidence showed that Luther owed the girl a small amount of wages, whereupon she froze to one of his bed quilts for security, Luther at that stage kicked her in a tender portion of her anatomy. At last accounts the reverend brother was hunting for bail.

Marriage Licenses.

Peter Polvy and Mary Dodine.
Deiderich Brandt and Bertha Lohrmann.

Flour and Potatoes Down.

Best Flour, per bbl, $5.
Early Rose Potatoes, 75c bushel.
FRUIT HOUSE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, May 24, 1879.

MONEY—Easy 3@4 percent.
STERLING EXCHANGE—487¼@489¾.
BAR SILVER—Here, 110¾.
SUBSIDARY COIN—1 percent discount.
GOVERNMENTS—Are firm.
RAILROAD SECURITIES—Active.
STATE BONDS—Dull.
STOCKS—Irregular.

West'n Union	113	Fort Wayne	111
Pacific Mail	bid 14	Alton & Ter. H.	.....
Adams Express	108	A. & H. pref.	.....
W. F. & Co.'s Ex.	98	Chi. & Alton	.....
American Ex.	48	C. & A. pref.	bid..
U. S. Express	46¾	C. C. & I. C.	78⅛
N. Y. Central	119½	Chi., St. P. & M.	30
Erie	28	St. L. & Iron M.	29⅜
Erie preferred	51⅛	Ohio & Miss.	16
Harlem	158	O. & M. pref.	38½
Michigan Cen.	79½	Del. & Lack.	56⅞
Panama	155	Atlantic & Pac.	57
Union Pacific	74½	C. B. & Q.	116¾
Lake Shore	74½	Han. & St. Joe.	25⅜
Illinois Cent'l	86¾	H. & St. J. pref.	44
Cleve. & Pitts.	96	Canada South.	58½
Northwestern	63	Lo'sv'le & N'shv.	68
N'thw't'n pref.	94⅜	Kansas Pac.	58
C. C. C. & I.	51¾	Kan. & Tex.	15⅞
N. J. Central	48⅝	St. L. & S. F.	11
Rock Island	139	St. L. & San F. p'f.	11⅞
St. Paul	49⅛	1st pref'd	24¼
St. Paul pref.	89⅝	St. L. K. C. & N.	15⅝
Wabash	38¾	preferred	42½

New York.

New York, May 24.—Cotton, steady at 13c for middling uplands. Flour, $4 00@6 00 for round hoop Ohio. Wheat, dull; ¼@½c lower; receipts, 28,900 bushels; sales, ne call, No. white May $1 12½ bid, $1 14 asked. Rye quiet. Corn quiet ¼@½c lower; receipts, 30,000 bushels; sales, 50,000 bushels at 43@46½c for western mixed. Barley dull. Oats firm; receipts, 33,000 bushels; sales, 28,000 bushels at 34@35½c for mixed western. 38½@39c for white. Pork dull at $10 12½. Lard, heavy at $6 85. Butter 5@9c, Cheese 2@8c. Whisky, $1 04¼@1 05. Sugar 6⅝@6⅞. Eggs 10@12c. Petroleum—Crude at 6⅞@7¼; refined, 8¼c. Coal firm. Leather 19@21½c. Wool in fair request and very strong at 26@38c.

Baltimore.

Baltimore, May 24.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat a shade lower, but closed firmer, Pennsylvania red, $7 17½; No. 2 medium winter red, $1 17⅛ spot and May, $1 18; July $1 12¼; August, $1 09¼@1 09⅝. Corn, western lower; medium and mixed spot, 44c; May, 43¾c@44c; June, 43¼c; July, 43¾c; August, 44¾c. Freights to Liverpool, per steam quiet; flour, 2s 2d; grain, 6d. Receipts—Flour, 2,019 barrels. Wheat, 44,500 bushels; corn, 65,500 bushels; oats, 2,300 bushels; rye, 400 bushels. Shipments—Wheat, 99,000 bushels; corn, 122,300 bushels.

Toledo.

Toledo, May 24.—Wheat nominal; No. 1 white Michigan, $1 06 bid; amber Michigan, seller June, $1 12 asked, $1 11 bid; No. 2 red seller May, $1 12½ asked, $1 11½ bid; seller July, $1 06¼ asked; rejected, 96c. Corn firm; high mixed, 39½c; No. 2, 39½c asked, 39¾c bid; seller June, 38¾c bid; seller July, 38½c asked, 38⅝c bid Oats nominal.

SUNDRIES.

Canned Mushrooms.
Huckins Soups.
Deviled Meats.
India Currie Powder.
Bordeaux Capers.
Canned Fine Apple.
Salt of Celery.

Yankee Grocery.

Dr. von Moschzisker

can now be seen at the

AVELINE HOUSE.

His reputation as a

PHYSICIAN

AND

SPECIALIST

is too well known and need any further statement from him, as to what he is able to do for those who need his medical help in the following maladies to which he he gives special attention:

Deafness, Blindness,
Throat, Lung, Chest Diseases,
Catarrh, Asthma, Liver and Kidney Complaints,
Blood Diseases,
NERVOUS and GENERAL DEBILITY
And Other Chronic or Complicated Diseases, Requiring Special Skill and Experience.

DR. VON MOSCHZISKER,

During his stay in

Indianapolis, Evansville, Terre Haute and Lafayette,

Has treated with the very utmost success the best citizens in each place. He also submits to the public an open testimonial from his home, Philadelphia, which speaks for itself.

Indianapolis "Journal."

We take pleasure in saying that we have known Dr. Von Moschzisker for several years, and that he possesses undoubted skill and that he is strictly honorable in all his dealings.
E. B. MARTINDALE & CO.

From the President of the Meridian National Bank.

It gives me great pleasure to state to the public that under Dr. Von Moschzisker's treatment, not only has my hearing been restored, my catarrh entirely cured, but my general health has been materially benefitted, and I can recommend him to those who need his medical services.
DAVID MACY.

From the President of the Indianapolis "Sentinel" Company.

To Dr. Von Moschzisker, Grand Hotel—Dear Sir—It gives me great pleasure to say to you that you have succeeded in restoring my son's hearing. I can not tell you how much your success has gratified me. Very respectfully yours,
JOHN SHOEMAKER.
Feb. 8, 1877.

Senator Voorhees to Dr. Von Moschzisker.

Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 8, 1878.—Dr. Von Moschzisker—My Dear Sir: I thank you very sincerely for the relief I received from your treatment of my hearing, which has been seriously impaired since February last, the result of an excessively severe cold. I did not need this evidence in my own case of your skill to satisfy me of your merits as a physician; but if any proof in addition to what I had already obtained from others had been necessary, you have amply furnished it.

Wishing you great and continued success in your profession I have the honor to be, with great respect,
Very truly yours, D. W. VOORHEES.

Lafayette.

The undersigned have been under the professional care of Dr. Von Moschzisker. From our intercourse with him, and from testimonials in his possession, we believe him to be a gentleman of medical skill and of large experience in the treatment of diseases of the respiratory organs, and from our knowledge of him, we take pleasure in recommending him to the public as a man of much general and professional intelligence, and as deserving of confidence.
THOMAS B. WARD, Judge of Superior Court
D. P. VINTON, Judge of Circuit Court.
W. C. WILSON,
OWEN BALL,
M. L. PEIRCE.

Philadelphia.

To whom it may concern:

We, the undersigned citizens of Philadelphia, take pleasure in certifying that Dr. F. A. Von Moschzisker has been a resident of our city for some years, during which he has acquired a distinguished reputation as practitioner in diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat. He has also, during some time past, been Professor and Clinical Operator in one of our Medical Institutions. Having made known to us that he proposes to visit other cities in order to enlarge his already extensive experience, and afford those persons who need his services and cannot leave home an opportunity of consulting him, we recommend him to the cordial support of the Press and the confidence of the communities he may see fit to visit. We willingly thus endorse him, that he may not be placed by those to whom he is a stranger, in the category of traveling physicians, and that he may at once command the confidence which is his due, without the otherwise necessarily prolonged residence in each place.

M. McMichael, Mayor of the City.
E. W. Davis, Speaker House Rep., Pa.
J. W. Forney, Editor *Press.*
J. E. Kingsley, Continental.
Chas. McClintock, *Morning Post.*
P. C. Elimaker, U. S. Marshal.
J. W. Grayson, *Mercury.*
Robert Morris, Geo. W. Lanman.
A. E. Welch.
Hon. A. W. McClure, Editor Phil. *Times.*
C. E. Warburton, *Evening Telegraph.*
E. L. Featherstone, *Evening Bulletin.*
Jas. Ross Snowden, State Senator.
Robt. Eden Brown, Attorney.

N. B.—A circular containing hundreds of testimonials from the best known men in the country, can be obtained at his rooms at the AVELINE HOUSE.

N. B.—All desiring to become his Patients should CALL AT ONCE, as his stay will depend on the number of cases accepted under treatment. Those who call without delay will receive the benefit of his personal attention. References to the very best citizens of Fort Wayne, to whom he came with private letters of introduction, can be learned at his rooms,

AVELINE HOUSE.

☞ *Office hours from 9 a. m. to 12 m.; from 2.30 p. m. to 5 p. m.*

NOTICE.

We have now the Largest and Best Assorted Stock of Silks to be found in this City.

BLACK SILKS

at 75c, 90c, $1.00, 1.29, 1.50, 1.65, 1.75, 1.75, 2.00, 2.25, 2.50, 2.75, 3.00.

COLORED SILKS,

All shades and all prices.

SUMMER SILKS,

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Silks | Silks | Silks | Silks

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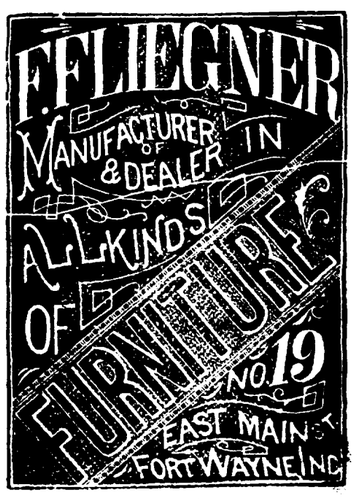
The only Wall Paper and Paint store in Northern Indiana.

Our wall paper department is Complete in all grades from a Blank to Solid Gold Patterns of the latest new styles at bottom prices.

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19 East Main Street.

Daily Sentinel.

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Congressional Summary.

Friday, May 23.—SENATE.—The senate took up the bill making subsidiary coins exchangeable for lawful money of the United States and to make such coins legal tender in sums up to $20. A committee amendment to substitute $96 for $20 was discussed, but no action taken. The bill on contagious diseases was passed. HOUSE.—The appropriation committee reported back the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, with senate amendments, which were concurred in. The Warner silver bill was then taken up, and the eighth section adopted. The ninth section was adopted, amended to provide that in the event that silver bullion is not deposited, under the provisions of this act, available for coinage to the extent of $2,000,000 a month, then the secretary of the treasury shall continue to purchase, under the provisions of the law of February 28th, 1878, sufficient silver bullion to coin $2,000,000 per month. The section gave rise to a spirited discussion. Sec. 10 provides that after the passage of this act the president shall signify to such foreign governments as he may deem advisable, that the United States is ready to co-operate with other nations to establish a common ratio between gold and silver; the section was adopted. A motion to engross the bill, and pass it to a third reading, gave rise to filibustering, and amid dilatory motions and motions to adjourn, the session was prolonged throughout the night.

THE New Albany *Ledger-Standard*, one of the best democratic papers in the state, "booms" for TILDEN and HENDRICKS.

THE interviewing fever is spreading. The Muncie *Times* has interviewed nearly every republican in Delaware county on his presidential preferences, and finds a majority to be for GRANT, although SHERMAN, CHANDLER, GARFIELD, BLAINE and CONKLING have followers.

INDIANA will be in the line and form a part of the solid north in 1880.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

There will be no "solid north" in 1880. The democrats will carry New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Indiana, California, Oregon and Nevada sure, and probably Ohio, with a fair chance for Illinois, Wisconsin and other states. The north will not be "solid" for military supervision of elections and governmental interference with the freedom of the ballot.

THE following from the Ligonier *Banner*, is heartily endorsed by the SENTINEL:

The friends of Judge HOLMAN insist that his wise counsel is needed in the halls of congress, and that he must therefore consent to once more represent them there. It is estimated that every year's service of the judge in this capacity is worth a clean ten million dollars by way of protecting the treasury against the profligacy of less conscientious representatives. A man who can do this should not be permitted to remain any great length of time in privacy; hence we freely commend the determination of the people of southeastern Indiana to elect him to the house, until the path is clear for him to a seat in the senate.

JOHN SHERMAN'S statement, sent to the house of representatives at its request, shows that the amount of greenbacks presented for redemption since January 1st and redeemed in coin is $4,183,513. And this is the "resumption" about which so much noise has been made. The fact is, there is no resumption of specie payments in this country except at New York. The amount of coin in the treasury for purposes of resumption is $188,000,000; about 40 percent of the entire amount of greenbacks outstanding.

COL. JOHN S. WILLIAMS, of Lafayette, denounces HOLMAN as "a selfish demagogue who doesn't give a damn for anybody but himself." He says he is for LANDERS for governor next year. The Ligonier *Banner* thus explains the whys and wherefores:

We think we can discover a bit of selfishness in COL. WILLIAMS'S vigorous but slightly indiscreet utterance. That he should now favor MR. LANDERS'S nomination for governor is not surprising, for he is not the only one among a very large number of leading democrats who have changed opinions on that question, especially in the district which the colonel hopes to represent in congress at no distant period, but that fact does not justify his abuse of Judge HOLMAN, even in the face of the fact that the latter's district voted solidly for MR. FLEMING for state treasurer in preference to the irate gentleman from Lafayette.

WE don't know when we have seen such an exhibition of insufferable conciet and egotism as Senator FOSTER makes in this week's New Haven *Palladium*. The senator attempts to present the true inwardness of the prison investigations by the legislative committees, and in so doing states, in effect, that every member of the committee, save himself, was a fraud and rascal. In fact the burden of FORTER'S song is that he was about the only honest man in the last legislature, and that every other senator and representative was a corrupt tool of rings and lobbyists. If FOSTER has any friends they should explain to him that he is making himself extremely ridiculous by his assumptions of virtue and capacity. Mr. FOSTER was not regarded in Indianapolis as being reliable, either as a man or as a democrat. He was considered a noisy, selfish, ignorant demagogue, and we can assure the people that he reflected no credit either upon himself, the democratic party, or Allen county. The less Senator FOSTER has to say about his record the better it will be for him.

A GEM.

BY F. A. VON MOSCHZISKER, M. D.

The brightest gem in woman's crown—
What is it?
The richest dowry, and her sweetest charm?
The load-stone irresistible which draws
All hearts, free willing captives after her?
The enchanter's wand, that spell-binds to her feet,
Softened as a lamb the fiercest lion souls?

It is not youth—the fickle butterfly,
It is not beauty—the ephemeral flower,
It is not wit—too oft a poisoned dart,
It is not riches—what are they to love?
It is not power, glory, noble birth,
Nor anything the world can give or take.
What is it then?
I know it well, but it is hard to say.

It is the childlike singleness of heart;
The angelic purity of a virgin soul;
The queenlike majesty of womanhood;
The trinity of virgin, child and matron,
It is a heart where joys of heaven dwell,
With truest sympathy for all earth's woes;
A soul, itself as pure from sinful stain.

As full of pity for her sister's failings;
A grace as modest as the violet,
Yet, like the violet, shedding sweet perfume;
A mind alike to every lot resigned—
These, and withal, a something undefined,
And undefinable in mortal speech,
A nameless grace that hovers round her being
And veils her as the halo does the moon—
A gem the brightest in a woman's crown.

BÉBÉE,

OR

TWO LITTLE WOODEN SHOES.

A STORY.

By "OUIDA,"

AUTHOR OF "STRATHMORE," "TRICOTRIN," "UNDER TWO FLAGS," "IDALIA," "TASCAREL," ETC.

CHAPTER I.

Bebee sprang out of bed at daybreak, She was sixteen.

It seemed a very wonderful thing to be as much as that—sixteen—a woman quite.

A cock was crowing under her lattice—he said how old you are!—how old you are!—every time that he sounded his clarion.

She opened the lattice and wished him good-day, with a laugh. It was so pleasant to be woke by him and to thing that no one in all the world could ever call one a child any more.

There was a kid bleating in the shed. There was a thrush singing in the dusk of the sycamore-leaves. There was a calf lowing to its mother away there beyond the fence. There were dreamy muffled bells ringing in the distance from many steeples and belfries where the city was; they all said one thing: "How good it is to be so old as that—how good, how very good!"

Bebee was very pretty.

No one in all Brabant ever denied that. To look at her it seemed as if she had lived among the flowers that she had grown like them, and only looked a bigger blossom—that was all.

She wore two little wooden shoes and a little cotton cap, and a gray kirtle—linen in summer, serge in winter; but the little feet in the shoes were like rose-leaves, and the cap was as white as a lily, and the gray kirtle was like the bark of the bough that the apple blossom parts, and peeps out of, to blush in the sun.

The flowers had been the only godmothers that she had ever had, and fairy godmothers too.

The marigolds and the sunflowers had given her their ripe, rich gold to tint her hair; the lupins and irises had lent their azure to her eyes; the moss-rose buds had made her pretty mouth; the arum lilies had uncurled their softness for her skin; and the lime-blossoms had given her their frank, fresh, innocent fragrance.

The winds had blown, and the rains had rained, and the sun had shone on her, indeed, and had warmed the whiteness of her limbs, but they had only given to her body and her soul a hardy, breeze-blown freshness like that of a field cowslip.

She had never been called anything but Bebee.

One summer day Antoine Maes—a French subject, but a Belgian by adoption and habit, an old man who got his meagre living by tilling the garden-plot about his hut and selling flowers in the city squares—Antoine, going into Brussels for his day's trade, had seen a gray bundle floating among the water-lilies in the bit of water near his hut and had hooked it out to land, and found a year-old child in it, left to drown, no doubt, but saved by the lilies, and laughing gleefully at fate.

Some lace-worker, blind with the pain of toil, or some peasant woman harder of heart than the oxen in her yoke, had left it there to drift away to death, not reckoning for the inward ripple of the current or the toughness of the lilie-leaves and stems.

Old Antoine took it to his wife, and the wife, a childless and aged soul, begged leave to keep it; and the two poor lonely, simple folks grew to care for the homeless, motherless thing, and they and the people about all called it Bebee—only Bebee.

The church got at it and added to it a saint's name; but for all its little world it remained Bebee—Bebee when it trotted no higher than the red carnation-heads—Bebee when its yellow curls touched as high as the lavender-bush;—Bebee on this proud day when the thrush's song and the cock's crow found her sixteen years old.

Old Antoine's hut stood in a little patch of garden ground with a brier hedge all round it, in that byway which lies between Laeken and Brussels, in the heart of flat, green Brabant, where there are beautiful meadows and tall, flowering hedges, and forest-trees, and fern-filled ditches, and a little piece of water, deep and cool, where the swans sail all day long, and the silvery willows dip and sway with the wind.

Turn aside from the highway, and there it lies to-day, and all the place brims over with grass, and boughs, and blossoms, and flowering beans, and wild dog-roses; and there are a few cottages and cabins there near the pretty water, and farther there is an old church, sacred to St. Guido; and beyond go the green level country and the endless wheat-fields, and the old mills with their red sails against the sun; and beyond all these the pale blue, sea-like horizon of the plains of Flanders.

It was a pretty little hut, pink all over like a sea-shell, in the fashion that the Netherlanders love; and its two little square lattices were dark with creeping plants and big rose-bushes, and its roof so low that you could touch it, was golden and green with all the lichens and stoneworts that are known on earth.

Here Bebee grew from year to year; and soon learned to be big enough and hardy enough to tie up bunches of stocks and pinks for the market, and then to carry a basket for herself, trotting by Antoine's side along the green roadway and into the white, wide streets; and in the market the boys—most often of all when they were young mothers—would seek out the little golden head and the beautiful frank blue eyes, and buy Bebee's lilies and carnations whether they wanted them or not. So that old Maes used to cross himself and say that, thanks to Our Lady, trade was thrice as stirring since the little one had stretched out her rosy fingers with the flowers.

All the same, however stirring trade might be in summer, when the long winters came and the Montagne de la Cour was a sharp slope of ice, and the pinnacles of St. Gudule were all frosted white with snow, and the hot house flowers alone could fill the market, and the country gardens were bitter black wind-swept desolations where the chilly roots huddled themselves together under-ground like homeless children in a cellar,—then the money gained in the time of leaf and blossom was all needed to buy a black loaf and a fagot of wood; and many a day in the little pink hut Bebee rolled herself up in her bed like a dormouse, to forget in sleep that she was supperless and as cold as a frozen robin.

So that when Antoine Maes grew sick and died, more from age and weakness than any real disease, there were only a few silver crowns in the brown jug hidden in the thatch; and the hut itself, with its patch of ground, was all that he could leave to Bebee.

"Live in it, little one, and take nobody in it to worry you, and be good to the bird and the goat, and be sure to keep the flowers blowing," said the old man with his last breath; and sobbing her heart out by his bedside, Bebee vowed to do his bidding.

She was not quite fourteen then, and when she had laid her old friend to rest in the rough green graveyard about St. Guido, she was very sorrowful and lonely—poor little bright Bebee, who had never known a worse woe than to run the thorns of the roses into her fingers, or to cry because a thrush was found starved to death in the snow.

Bebee went home, and sat down in a corner and thought.

The hut washer own, and her own the little green triangle just then crowded with its Mayday blossom in all the colors of the rainbow. She was to live in it, and never let the flowers die—so he had said; good, rough old, ugly Antoine Maes, who had been to her as father, mother, country, king and law.

The sun was shining.

Through the little square lattice she could see the great tulips opening in the grass and a bough of the apple tree swaying in the wind. A chaffinch clung to the bough, and swung to and fro singing.

The door stood open, with the broad, bright day beaming through and Bebee's little world came streaming in with it—the world that dwelt in the half-dozen cottages that fringed this green lane of hers like beavers' nests pushed out under the leaves on to the water's edge.

They came in, six or eight of them, all women; trim, clean, plain Brabant peasants, hard working, kindly of nature, and shrewd in their own simple matters; people who labored in the fields all the day long, or worked themselves blind over the lace pillows in the city.

"You are too young to live alone, Bebee," said the first of them. "My old mother shall come and keep house for you."

"Nay—better come and live with me, Rebee," said the second. "I will give you bit and drop, and clothing, too, for the right to your plot of ground."

"That is to cheat her," said a third. "Hark here, Bebee: my sister, who is a lone woman, as you know well, shall come and bide with you, and ask you nothing—nothing at all—only you shall give her a crust, perhaps, and a few flowers to sell sometimes."

"No, no," said the fourth; "that will not do. You let me have the garden and the hut, Bebee, and my sons shall till the place for you; and I will live with you myself, and leave the boys the cabin—so you will have all the gain, do you not see, dear little one?"

"Pooh!" said the fifth, stouter and better clothed than the rest. "You are all eager for your own good, not for hers. Now I—Father Francis says we should all do as we would be done by—I will take Bebee to live with me, all for nothing; and we will root the flowers up and plant it with good cabbages and potatoes and salad plants. And I will stable my cows in the hut to sweeten it after a dead man, and I will take my chances of making money out of it, and no one can speak more fair than that when one sees what the weather is, and thinks what insects do; and all the year round, winter and summer, Bebee here will want for nothing, and have to take no care for herself whatever."

She who spoke, Mere Krebs, was the best-to-do woman in the little lane, having two cows of her own and earrings of solid silver, and a green cart, and a big dog that took the milk into Brussels. She was heard, therefore, with respect, and a short silence followed her words.

But it was very short; and a hubbub of voices crossed each other after it as the speakers grew hotter against one another and more eager to convince each other of the disinterestedness and delicacy of their offers of aid.

Through it all Bebee sat quite quiet on the edge of the little truckle-bed, with her eyes fixed on the apple-bough and the singing chaffinch.

She heard them all patiently.

They were all her good friends, friends old and true. This one had given her cherries a score of summers. That one had bought her a little waxen Jesus at the Kermesse. The old woman in the blue linen skirt had taken her to her first communion. She who wanted her sisters to have the crust and flowers, had brought her a beautiful book of hours that had cost a whole franc. Another had given her the solitary wonder, travel, and foreign feast of her whole life—a day fifteen miles away at the fair at Mechlin. The last speaker of all had danced her on her knee a hundred times in babyhood, and told her legends, and let her ride in the green cart, behind big curly-coated Tambour.

Bebee did not doubt that these trusty old friends meant well by her, and yet a certain heavy sense fell on her that in all these counsels there was not the same whole-hearted and frank goodness that had prompted the gifts to her of the waxen Jesus, and the Kermesse of Mechlin.

Bebee did not reason, because she was too little a thing and too trustful; but she felt, in a vague, sorrowful fashion, that they were all of them trying to make some benefit out of her poor little heritage, with small regard for herself at the root of their speculations.

Beebe was a child; wholly a child; body and soul were both as fresh in her as a golden crocus just born out of the snows. But she was not a little fool, though people sometimes called her so because she would sit in the moments of her leisure with her blue eyes on the far-away clouds like a thing in a dream.

She heard them patiently till the cackle of shrill voices had exhausted itself, and the six women stood on the sunny mud floor of the hut eyeing each other with venomous glances; for though they were good neighbors at all times, each, in this matter, was hungry for the advantages to be got out of old Antoine's plot of ground. They were very poor; they toiled in the scorched or frozen fields all weathers, or spent from dawn to nightfall pouring over their cobweb lace; and to save a sou or gain a cabbage was of moment to them only second to the keeping of their souls secure of heaven by Lenten mass and Easter psalm.

Beebe listened to them all, and the tears dried on her cheeks, and her pretty rosebud lips curled close in one another.

"You are very good, no doubt, all of you," she said at last. "But I cannot tell you that I am thankful, for my heart is like a stone, and I think it is not so very much for me as it is for the hut that you are speaking. Perhaps it is wrong in me to say so—yes, I am wrong, I am sure—you are all kind, and I am only Bebee. But you see he told me to live here and take care of the flowers, and I must do it, that is certain. I will ask Father Francis, if you wish, but if he tells me I am wrong, as you do, I shall stay here all the same."

And in answer to their expostulations and condemnation, she only said the same thing over again always; in different words, but to the same steadfast purpose. The women clamored about her for an hour in reproach and rebuke; she was a baby indeed, she was a little fool, she was a naughty, obstinate child, she was an ungrateful willful little creature, who ought to be beaten till she was blue, if only there was anybody that had the right to do it!

"But there is nobody that has the right," said Bebee, getting angry and standing upright on the floor, with Antoine's old gray cat in her round arms. "He told me to stay here, and he would not have said so if it had been wrong, and I am old enough to do for myself, and I am not afraid, and who is there that would hurt me? Oh, yes; go and tell Father Francis, if you like. I do no not believe he will blame me, but if he do, I must bear it. Even if he shut the church door on me, I will obey Antoine, and the flowers will know I am right, and they will let no evil spirits touch me, for the flowers are strong for that; they talk to the angels in the night."

What use was it to argue with a little idiot like this? Indeed, peasants never do argue; they use abuse.

It is their only form of logic.

They used it to Bebee, rating her soundly, as became people who were old enough to be her grandmothers, and who knew that she had been raked out of their own pond, and had no more real place in creation than a water-rat, as one might say.

The women were kindly, and had never thrown this truth against her before, and in fact, to be a foundling was no sort of disgrace to their sight; but anger is like wine, and makes the depths of the mind shine clear, and all the mud that is in the depths stink in the light; and in their wrath at not sharing Antoine's legacy, the good souls said bitter things that in calm moments they would no more have uttered than they would have taken up a knife to slit her throat.

They talked themselves hoarse with impatience and chagrin, and went backwards over the threshold, their wooden shoes and their shrill voices keeping a clattering chorus. By this time it was evening; the sun had gone off the floor, and the bird had done singing.

Bebee stood in the same place, hardening her little heart, whilst big and bitter tears swelled into her eyes, and fell on the soft fur of the sleeping cat.

She only very vaguely understood why it was in any sense shameful to have been raked out of the water-lilies like a drowning field-mouse, as they had said it was.

She and Antoine had often talked of that summer morning when he had found her there among the leaves, and Bebee and he had laughed over it gayly, and she had been quite proud in her innocent fashion that she had had a fairy and the flowers for her mother and godmothers, which Antoine always told her was the case beyond any manner of doubt. Even Father Francis; hearing the pretty harmless fiction, had never dreamed it his duty to disturb her pleasure in it, being a good, cheerful old man, who thought that woe and wisdom both come soon enough to low young shoulders and to silver young curls without his interference.

Bebee had always thought it quite a fine thing to have been born of water-lilies, with the sun for her father, and when people in Brussels had asked her of her parentage, seeing her stand in the market with a certain look on her that was not like other children, had always gravely answered in the purest good faith,—

"My mother was a flower."

"You are a flower, at any rate," they would say in return; and Bebee had been always quite content.

But now she was doubtful; she was rather perplexed than sorrowful.

These good friends of hers seemed to see some new sin about her. Perhaps, after all, thought Bebee, it might have been better to have had a human mother who would have taken care of her now that old Antoine was dead, instead of those beautiful, gleaming, cold water-lilies which went to sleep on their green velvet beds, and did not certainly care when the thorns ran into her fingers, or the pebbles got in her wooden shoes.

In some vague way, disgrace and envy—the twin discords of the world—touched her innocent cheek with their hot breath, and as the evening fell, Bebee felt very lonely and a little wistful.

She had been always used to run out in the pleasant twilight-time among the flowers and water them, Antoine filling the can from the well; and the neighbors would come and lean against the little low wall, knitting and gossiping; and the big dogs, released from harness, would poke their heads through the wicket for a crust; and the children would dance and play Colin Maillard on the green by the water, and she, when the flowers no longer thirsted, would join them, and romp and dance and sing the gayest of them all.

But now the buckets hung at the bottom of the well, and the flowers hungered in vain, and the neighbors held aloof, and she shut to the hut door and listened to the rain which began to fall, and cried herself to sleep all alone in her tiny kingdom.

When the dawn came the sun rose red and warm; the grass and boughs sparkled; a lark sang; Bebee awoke sad in heart; indeed, for her lost old friend, but brighter and braver.

"Each of them wants to get something out of me," thought the child. "Well, I will live alone, then, and do my duty, just as he said. The flowers will never let any real harm come, though they do look so indifferent and smiling sometimes, and though not one of them hung their heads when his coffin was carried through them yesterday." That want of sympathy in the flowers troubled her.

The old man had loved them so well; and they had all looked as glad as ever, and had laughed saucily in the sun, and not even a rosebud turned the paler as the poor still stiffened limbs went by in the wooden shell.

"I suppose God cares—but I wish they did," said Bebee, to whom the garden was more intelligible than Providence.

"Why do you not care?" she asked the pinks, shaking the rain drops off their curled rosy petals.

The pinks leaned lazily against their sticks, and seemed to say, "Why should we care for anything, unless a slug be eating us?—*that* is real woe, if you like."

Bebee, without her sabots on, wandered, thoughtfully among the sweet wet sunlightened labyrinths of blossoms, her pretty bare feet treading the narrow grassy paths with pleasure in their coolness.

"He was so good to you," she said reproachfully to the great gaudy gilly-flowers and the painted sweet-peas. "He never let you know heat or cold—he never let the worm gnaw or the snail harm you;—he would get up in the dark to see after your wants,—and when the ice froze over you, he was there to loosen your chains. Why do you not care, any of you?"

"How silly you are!" said the flowers. "You must be a butterfly or a poet, Bebee, to be as foolish as that. Some one will do all he did. We are of market value, you know. Care, indeed!—when the sun is so warm, and there is not an earwig in the place, to trouble us."

The flowers were not always so selfish as this; and perhaps the sorrow in Bebee's heart made their callousness seem harder than it really was.

When we suffer very much ourselves, anything that smiles in the sun seems cruel—a child, a bird, a dragon-fly—nay, even a fluttering ribbon, or a spear-grass that waves in the wind.

There was a little shrine at the corner of the garden, set into the wall; a niche with a bit of glass and a picture of the Virgin, so battered that no one could trace any feature of it.

It had been there for centuries, and was held in great veneration; and old Antoine had always cut the choicest buds of his roses and set them in a delf pot in front of it every other morning all the summer long. Bebee, whose religion was the sweetest, vaguest mingling of Pagan and Christian myths, and whose faith in fairies and in saints was exactly equal in strength and in ignorance—Bebee filled the delf pot anew carefully, then knelt down on the turf in that little green corner, and prayed in devout hopeful childish good faith to the awful unknown Powers who were to her only as gentle guides and kindly playmates.

Was she too familiar with the Holy Mother?

She was almost fearful that she was; but then the Holy Mother loved flowers so well, Bebee would not feel aloof from her, nor be afraid.

"When one cuts the best blossoms for her, and tries to be good, and never tells a lie," thought Bebee, "I am quite sure, as she loves the lilies, that she will never altogether forget me."

So she said to the Mother of Christ fearlessly, and nothing doubting; and then rose for her daily work of cutting the flowers for the market in Brussels.

By the time her baskets were full, her fowls fed, her goat foddered, her starling's cage cleaned, her hut door locked, and her wooden shoes clattering on the sunny road into the city, Bebee was almost content again, though ever and again, as she trod the familiar ways, the tears dimmed her eyes as she remembered that old Antoine would never again hobble over the stones before her.

"You are a little willful one, and too young to live alone," said Father Francis, meeting her in the lane.

But he did not scold her seriously; and she kept to her resolve; and the women, who were good at heart, took her back into favor again; and so, Bebee had her own way, and the fairies, or the saints, or both together, took care of her; and so it came to pass that all alone she heard the cock crow whilst it was dark, and woke to the grand and amazing truth that this warm, fragrant, dusky June morning found her full sixteen years old.

[*To be continued.*]

A Card.

To the Editor of the Sentinel:

VALPARAISO, Ind., May 23, 1879.

My attention has just been called to an article that recently appeared in the Fort Wayne SENTINEL, and credited to the Valparaiso *Messenger*, in reference to Hon. J. K. Edgerton's letters that have, from time to time, appeared in your paper advocating Gov. Hendricks's nomination for president in 1880. *No such article was ever published in my paper.* My relations with Mr. Edgerton have always been of such a friendly and pleasant character that, no matter how much I might differ with him on the subject matter, *I would not have written or published such an article as was credited to me by your paper.* Justice to Mr. Edgerton and myself requires this correction. Yours, etc.

E. ZIMMERMAN.

[The wrong credit was evidently, by mistake, given to the articles published.—ED. SENTINEL.]

WE DO NOT WONDER.

We do not wonder that housewives who have been accustomed to use Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts should turn in disgust from the trash often sold under the name of Flavoring Extracts, which stuff smells and tastes like turpentine. Dr. Price's Flavoring Extracts have the taste and odor of the fresh fruits.

THE RICH CALIFORNIA BANKER.

When it became known that one of the richest California bankers had left the Pacific Coast and transferred his base of operations to the New York Stock Exchange, all the shrewd financiers watched his course with shrewd interest to see how he would succeed. The result has emphatically proved the wealthy banker's sagacity. Besides having a much wider and more promising field to operate in, he is known to have been in several stock combinations that paid immense profits. By the combination method of operating in stocks Messrs. Lawrence & Co., Bankers, N. Y., unite orders of thousands of customers, in different sums, into one vast capital, and operate them as a mighty whole, dividing profits *pro rata* among shareholders every 30 days. Capital in any amount from $10 to $100,000 can be used with great success in these pools. $25 would $100 profit. $500 would make $5,000 or 10 percent on the stock during the month. Messrs. Lawrence & Co.'s new circular (mailed free) gives "two unerring rules for success," and full particulars, so that any one can operate in stocks and make money. Stock and bonds wanted. Government bonds supplied. Apply to Lawrence & Co., Bankers, 57 Exchange Place, N. Y.

Facts that We Know.

If you are suffering from a severe cough, cold, asthma, bronchitis, consumption, loss of voice, tickling in the throat, or any affection of the throat or lungs, *we know* that DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY will give you immediate relief. We know of hundreds of cases it has completely cured, and that where all other medicines had failed. No other remedy can show one half as many *permanent cures*. Now to give you satisfactory proof that DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY *will cure* you of Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption, severe Coughs and Colds, Hoarseness, or any Throat or Lung disease, if you will call at Dreier & Bro.'s Drug Store we will give you a trial bottle *free of cost*, or a regular size for $1.00. 4

Should you be suffering from the milder forms of scrofula or skin eruptions, always use a remedy supplied by nature. Such a remedy is Ofner Rakoczy Bitter Water. This water is perfectly harmless, but has powerful alterative properties, and should always be used in preference to such a dangerous drug as mercury; at least so say some of the prominent physicians of Europe. A wine-glassful a dose. For sale by all druggists.

After you have tried nearly everything to get cured of Chronic Chills and Fever or Fever and Ague in vain, we would advise you to try Dr. F. Wilhoft's Anti-Periodic or Fever and Ague Tonic. It is not pleasant to take, but it contains no Quinine, never fails to cure. Its composition is printed on the inside wrapper of each bottle, and it is indorsed by the most eminent physicians. For sale by all druggists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all kinds of skin eruptions. This salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dreier & Bro.

Chew Jackson's best sweet Navy Tobacco.

A Benevolent Work.—The Methodist Church of New York is constantly engaged in providing for the increase of its borders. To a separate organization has been committed the work of extending the influence of the church. Rev. Wm. P. Corbitt, the famous revivalist, is chairman of this committee of extension—and he used to be a martyr of neuralgia. His cure he ascribes to Giles's Liniment Iodide Ammonia.

Giles's Pills cure Jaundice.

Sold by all druggists. Send for pamphlet. DR. GILES,
120 West Broadway, N. Y.
Trial size 25 cents.

Cuticura

REMEDIES.

Infallibly Cure all Skin and Scalp Diseases, Scaly Eruptions, Itchings and Irritations.

The testimonials of permanent cures of Skin and Scalp Diseases which have been the torture of a lifetime, by the CUTICURA REMEDIES, are more wonderful than any ever performed before by any, methods or remedies known to the medical profession.

CUTICURA, RESOLVENT, a powerful Blood Purifier, is the only purifying agent which finds its way into the circulating fluid and thence through the oil and sweat glands to the surface of the skin, thus destroying the poisonous elements, with which these vessels have been daily charged.

CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, applied externally, arrests all unnatural or morbid growths; which cover the surface of the diseased glands and tubes with Scaly, Itching and Irritating rumors, speedily it removes them, leaving the pores open, healthy, and free from diseased particles of matter.

Thus internally and externally do these great bodies act in conjunction, performing cures that have astonished the most noted physicians of the day.

SALT RHEUM FOR 30 YEARS

On the Head, Face, and the Greater Part of the Body, Cured.

Messrs. WEEKS & POTTER: *Gentlemen*—I have been a great sufferer with Salt Rheum for 30 years, commencing in my head and face, and extending over the greater part of my body. I have taken gallons of medicines for the blood of different kinds and tried good physicians, all of which did me no good, and came to the conclusion that I could not be cured. But a friend called my attention to an article in the *Union* on skin diseases, and I got a box of CUTICURA. The first application was a great relief and the third took the scales all off, and I felt like a new man. I have used three 50-cent boxes and my skin is smooth and I consider myself entirely cured. Hoping this may be seen by some one afflicted as I have been (if there is any) is my earnest wish. And I cheerfully recommend it to all persons afflicted with like diseases. Yours truly,

E. WILSON LORD.

Agawama, Mass., Sept. 2, 1878.

The CUTICURA SOAP should be used for cleansing all diseased surfaces, as most soaps are injurious to the skin.

LEPROSY.

A Modern Miracle. Astonishing Results from the Use of CUTICURA.

Messrs. WEEKS & POTTER: *Gentlemen*—We have a case of Leprosy in our poor-house which is being cured by your CUTICURA remedies. The county had abandoned all of our doctors and had sent to New York for advice, but to no avail.

The patient commenced using the CUTICURA and immediately began getting better.

He had been confined to his bed for two and one half years. *He had not had his clothes on during this time.* Last week he dressed for the first time.

When he walked there would at least *one quart* of scales come off of him.

This happened every day.

We think it is a wonderful cure.

We do not say he is cured, but he is in a fair way to be cured to say the least. Yours truly,

DUNNING BROTHERS,
*Druggists and Bookseller*s.

Alegan, Mich., Feb. 11, 1879.

NOTE.—Messrs. Dunning Brothers are thoroughly reliable gentlemen, and were unknown to us prior to the receipt of this letter. We firmly believe this CUTICURA will permanently cure this very severe case of Leprosy as it has done many others.

Prepared by WEEKS & POTTER, Chemists and Druggists, 306 Washington street, Boston, Mass., and for sale by all druggists and dealers. Price of CUTICURA, small boxes, 50 cents; large boxes, containing two and one half times the quantity of small, $1. RESOLVENT, $1 per bottle. CUTICURA SOAP, 25 cents per cake; by mail, 30 cents; three cakes, 75 cents.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRIC PLASTERS

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Weak and Sore Lungs, Coughs and Colds, Weak Back, Stomach, and Bowels, Dyspepsia, Shooting Pains through the Loins and Back, Spasms or Fits, and Nervous, Muscular, and Spinal Affections, relieved and cured when every other plaster, liniment, lotion, and electrical appliances fails.



BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER

MANUFACTURERS AWARDED THE ONLY MEDALS AT CENTENNIAL 1876. AT PARIS EXPOSITION 1878.

GIVEN FOR RUBBER PLASTERS, FOR LAME BACK, Weak Back, Rheumatism, Kidney Disease, Stubborn and Neglected Coughs and Colds, Female Weakness, and all local Aches and Pains, it is specially recommended.

At no time in the history of medicine has an article appeared which has met with greater approval and success than Benson's Capcine Plaster. Why they are preferred to all other porous plasters, is owing to their improved composition; they act instantaneously, cure speedily and effectually.

Physicians and the general public who acknowledge the great benefits derived from the use of the ordinary porous plasters, however, maintain that their action is not sufficiently prompt, requiring time, patience, and continuous wear to effect a cure. Benson's Capcine Plaster overcomes this difficulty by accomplishing in a few hours, that which it takes any other plaster as many days.

Although a recent invention Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster has been thoroughly tested by physicians, and has been pronounced the most thoroughly effectious plaster ever devised.

Its marvellous influence over the circulation, and general effect on the system is almost incredible from the moment of its application to the affected part, it operates with astonishing vigor—brings relief, and cures more effectually than any Plaster Liniment or Compound.

When you desire prompt relief, ask your druggist for Benson's Capcine Plaster. Avoid worthless plasters having a similar sounding name. Each genuine plaster has the word Capcine spelled C-A-P-C-I-N-E Sold by all druggists. Price, 25 cents.

Sick Headache Positively Cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating, A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing Sick Headache, CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price. Genuine must bear Fac-Simile Signature. Sold by all Druggists. 25c a dose. CARTER MEDICINE CO., Prop'rs, Erie, Pa. Two Pills for one dollar. Two Vials by mail for one dollar.

The "Little Detective." Scale for 25c; 12-oz. to 25 lbs. For Family, Office or Store. Every Scale perfect. Send for circular. CHICAGO SCALE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

Daily Sentinel.

W. R. NELSON, S. E. MORSS, PUBLISHERS.

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Congressional Summary.

Friday, May 23.—SENATE.—The senate took up the bill making subsidiary coins exchangeable for lawful money of the United States and to make such coins legal tender in sums up to $20. A committee amendment to substitute $10 for $20 was discussed, but no action taken. The bill on contagious diseases was passed. HOUSE.—The appropriation committee reported back the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, with senate amendments, which were concurred in. The Warner silver bill was then taken up, and the eighth section adopted. The ninth section was adopted, amended to provide that in the event that silver bullion is not deposited, under the provisions of this act, available for coinage to the extent of $2,000,000 a month, then the secretary of the treasury shall continue to purchase, under the provisions of the law of February 28th, 1878, sufficient silver bullion to coin $2,000,000 per month. The section gave rise to a spirited discussion. Sec. 10 provides that after the passage of this act the president shall signify to such foreign governments as he may deem advisable, that the United States is ready to co-operate with other nations to establish a common ratio between gold and silver; the section was adopted. A motion to engross the bill, and pass it to a third reading, gave rise to filibustering, and amid dilatory motions and motions to adjourn, the session was prolonged throughout the night.

THE New Albany *Ledger-Standard*, one of the best democratic papers in the state, "booms" for TILDEN and HENDRICKS.

THE interviewing fever is spreading. The Muncie *Times* has interviewed nearly every republican in Delaware county on his presidential preferences, and finds a majority to be for GRANT, although SHERMAN, CHANDLER, GARFIELD, BLAINE and CONKLING have followers.

INDIANA will be in the line and form a part of the solid north in 1880.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

There will be no "solid north" in 1880. The democrats will carry New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Indiana, California, Oregon and Nevada sure, and probably Ohio, with a fair chance for Illinois, Wisconsin and other states. The north will not be "solid" for military supervision of elections and govermental interference with the freedom of the ballot.

THE following from the Ligonier *Banner*, is heartily endorsed by the SENTINEL:

The friends of Judge HOLMAN insist that his wise counsel is needed in the halls of congress, and that he must therefore consent to once more represent them there. It is estimated that every year's service of the judge in this capacity is worth a clean ten million dollars by way of protecting the treasury against the profligacy of less conscientious representatives. A man who can do this should not be permitted to remain any great length of time in privacy; hence we freely commend the determination of the people of southeastern Indiana to elect him to the house, until the path is clear for him to a seat in the senate.

JOHN SHERMAN'S statement, sent to the house of representatives at its request, shows that the amount of greenbacks presented for redemption since January 1st and redeemed in coin is $4,183,513. And this is the "resumption" about which so much noise has been made. The fact is, there is no resumption of specie payments in this country except at New York. The amount of coin in the treasury for purposes of resumption is $138,000,000, about 40 percent of the entire amount of greenbacks outstanding.

COL. JOHN S. WILLIAMS, of Lafayette, denounces HOLMAN as "a selfish demagogue who doesn't give a damn for anybody but himself." He says he is for LANDERS for governor next year. The Ligonier *Banner* thus explains the whys and wherefores:

We think we can discover a bit of selfishness in Col. WILLIAMS'S vigorous but slightly indiscreet utterance. That he should now favor Mr. LANDERS'S nomination for governor is not surprising, for he is not the only one among a very large number of leading democrats who have changed opinions on that question, especially in the district which the colonel hopes to represent in congress at no distant period, but that fact does not justify his abuse of Judge HOLMAN, even in the face of the fact that the latter's district voted solidly for Mr. FLEMING for state treasurer in preference to the irate gentleman from Lafayette.

WE don't know when we have seen such an exhibition of insufferable conceit and egotism as Senator FOSTER makes in this week's New Haven *Palladium*. The senator attempts to present the true inwardness of the prison investigations by the legislative committees, and in so doing states, in effect, that every member of the committee, save himself, was a fraud and rascal. In fact the burden of FORTER'S song is that he was about the only honest man in the last legislature, and that every other senator and representative was a corrupt tool of rings and lobbyists. If FOSTER has any friends they should explain to him that he is making himself extremely ridiculous by his assumptions of virtue and capacity. Mr. FOSTER was not regarded in Indianapolis as being reliable, either as a man or as a democrat. He was considered a noisy, selfish, ignorant demagogue, and we can assure the people that he reflected no credit either upon himself, the democratic party, or Allen county. The less Senator FOSTER has to say about his record the better it will be for him.

A GEM.

BY F. A. VON MOSCHZISKER, M. D.

The brightest gem in woman's crown—
what is it?
The richest dowry, and her sweetest charm?
The load-stone irresistible which draws
All hearts, free willing captives after her?
The enchanter's wand, that spell-binds to her feet,
Softened as a lamb the fiercest lion souls?

It is not youth—the fickle butterfly,
It is not beauty—the ephemeral flower,
It is not wit—too oft a poisoned dart,
It is not riches—what are they to love?
It is not power, glory, noble birth,
Nor anything the world can give or take.
What is it then?
I know it well, but it is hard to say.

It is the childlike singleness of heart;
The angelic purity of a virgin soul;
The queenlike majesty of womanhood;
The trinity or virgin, child and matron,
It is a heart where joys of heaven dwell,
With truest sympathy for all earth's woes;
A soul, itself as pure from sinful stain.

As full of pity for her sister's failings;
A grace as modest as the violet,
Yet, like the violet, shedding sweet perfume;
A mind alike to every lot resigned—
These, and withal, a something undefined,
And undefinable in mortal speech,
A nameless grace that hovers round her being
And veils her as the halo does the moon—
A gem the brightest in a woman's crown.

BÉBÉE,

OR

TWO LITTLE WOODEN SHOES.

A STORY.

By "OUIDA,"

AUTHOR OF "STRATHMORE," "TRICOTRIN," "UNDER TWO FLAGS," "IDALIA," "PASCAREL," ETC.

CHAPTER I.

Bebee sprang out of bed at daybreak. She was sixteen.

It seemed a very wonderful thing to be as much as that—sixteen—a woman quite.

A cock was crowing under her lattice—he said how old you are!—how old you are!—every time that he sounded his clarion.

She opened the lattice and wished him good-day, with a laugh. It was so pleasant to be woke by him and to thing that no one in all the world could ever call one a child any more.

There was a kid bleating in the shed. There was a thrush singing in the dusk of the sycamore-leaves. There was a calf lowing to its mother away there beyond the fence. There were dreamy muffled bells ringing in the distance from many steeples and belfries where the city was; they all said one thing: "How good it is to be so old as that—how good, how very good!"

Bebee was very pretty.

No one in all Brabant ever denied that. To look at her it seemed as if she had lived among the flowers that she had grown like them, and only looked a bigger blossom—that was all.

She wore two little wooden shoes and a little cotton cap, and a gray kirtle—linen in summer, serge in winter; but the little feet in the shoes were like rose-leaves, and the cap was as white as a lily, and the gray kirtle was like the bark of the bough that the apple blossom parts, and peeps out of, to blush in the sun.

The flowers had been the only godmothers that she had ever had, and fairy godmothers too.

The marigolds and the sunflowers had given her their ripe, rich gold to tint her hair; the lupins and irises had lent their azure to her eyes; the moss-rose buds had made her pretty mouth; the arum lilies had uncurled their softness for her skin; and the lime-blossoms had given her their frank, fresh, innocent fragrance.

The winds had blown, and the rains had rained, and the sun had shone on her, indeed, and had warmed the whiteness of her limbs, but they had only given to her body and her soul a hardy, breeze-blown freshness like that of a field cowslip.

She had never been called anything but Bebee.

One summer day Antoine Maes—a French subject, but a Belgian by adoption and habit, an old man who got his meagre living by tilling the garden-plot about his hut and selling flowers in the city squares—Antoine, going into Brussels for his day's trade, had seen a gray bundle floating among the water-lilies in the bit of water near his hut and had hooked it out to land, and found a year-old child in it, left to drown, no doubt, but saved by the lilies, and laughing gleefully at fate.

Some lace-worker, blind with the pain of toil, or some peasant woman harder of heart than the oxen in her yoke, had left it there to drift away to death, not reckoning for the inward ripple of the current or the toughness of the lilie-leaves and stems.

Old Antoine took it to his wife, and the wife, a childless and aged soul, begged leave to keep it; and the two poor lonely, simple folks grew to care for the homeless, motherless thing, and they and the people about all called it Bebee—only Bebee.

The church got at it and added to it a saint's name; but for all its little world it remained Bebee—Bebee when it trotted no higher than the red carnation-heads—Bebee when its yellow curls touched as high as the lavender-bush;—Bebee on this proud day when the thrush's song and the cock's crow found her sixteen years old.

Old Antoine's hut stood in a little patch of garden ground with a brier hedge all round it, in that byway which lies between Laeken and Brussels, in the heart of flat, green Brabant, where there are beautiful meadows and tall, flowering hedges, and forest-trees, and fern-filled ditches, and a little piece of water, deep and cool, where the swans sail all day long, and the silvery willows dip and sway with the wind.

Turn aside from the highway, and there it lies to-day, and all the place brims over with grass, and boughs, and blossoms, and flowering beans, and wild dog-roses; and there are a few cottages and cabins there near the pretty water, and farther there is an old church, sacred to St. Guido; and beyond go the green level country and the endless wheat-fields, and the old mills with their red sails against the sun; and beyond all these the pale blue, sea-like horizon of the plains of Flanders.

It was a pretty little hut, pink all over like a sea-shell, in the fashion that the Netherlanders love; and its two little square lattices were dark with creeping plants and big rose-bushes, and its roof so low that you could touch it, was golden and green with all the lichens and stoneworts that are known on earth.

Here Bebee grew from year to year; and soon learned to be big enough and hardy enough to tie up bunches of stocks and pinks for the market, and then to carry a basket for herself, trotting by Antoine's side along the green roadway and into the white, wide streets; and in the market the buyers—most often of all when they were young mothers—would seek out the little golden head and the beautiful frank blue eyes, and buy Bebee's lilies and carnations whether they wanted them or not. So that old Maes used to cross himself and say that, thanks to Our Lady, trade was thrice as stirring since the little one had stretched out her rosy fingers with the flowers.

All the same, however stirring trade might be in summer, when the long winters came and the Montagne de la Cour was a sharp slope of ice, and the pinnacles of St. Gudule were all frosted white with snow, and the hot house flowers alone could fill the market, and the country gardens were bitter black wind-swept desolations where the chilly roots huddled themselves together under-ground like homeless children in a cellar,—then the money gained in the time of leaf and blossom was all needed to buy a black loaf and fagot of wood; and many a day in the little pink hut Bebee rolled herself up in her bed like a dormouse, to forget in sleep that she was supperless and as cold as a frozen robin.

So that when Antoine Maes grew sick and died, more from age and weakness than any real disease, there were only a few silver crowns in the brown jug hidden in the thatch; and the hut itself, with its patch of ground, was all that he could leave to Bebee.

"Live in it, little one, and take nobody in it to worry you, and be good to the bird and the goat, and be sure to keep the flowers blowing," said the old man with his last breath; and sobbing her heart out by his bedside, Bebee vowed to do his bidding.

She was not quite fourteen then, and when she had laid her old friend to rest in the rough green graveyard about St. Guido, she was very sorrowful and lonely—poor little bright Bebee, who had never known a worse woe than to run the thorns of the roses into her fingers, or to cry because a thrush was found starved to death in the snow.

Bebee went home, and sat down in a corner and thought.

The hut was her own, and her own the little green triangle just then crowded with its Mayday blossom in all the colors of the rainbow. She was to live in it, and never let the flowers die—so he had said; good, rough old ugly Antoine Maes, who had been to her as father, mother, country, king and law.

The sun was shining.

Through the little square lattice she could see the great tulips opening in the grass and a bough of the apple tree swaying in the wind. A chaffinch clung to the bough, and swung to and fro singing.

The door stood open, with the broad, bright day beaming through—and Bebee's little world came streaming in with it—the world that dwelt in the half-dozen cottages that fringed this green lane of hers like beavers'-nests pushed out under the leaves on to the water's edge.

They came in, six or eight of them, all women; trim, clean, plain Brabant peasants, hard working, kindly of nature, and shrewd in their own simple matters; people who labored in the fields all the day long, or worked themselves blind over the lace pillows in the city.

"You are too young to live alone, Bebee," said the first of them. "My old mother shall come and keep house for you."

"Nay—better come and live with me, Bebee," said the second. "I will give you bit and drop, and clothing, too, for the right to your plot of ground."

"That is to cheat her," said a third. "Hark here, Bebee: my sister, who is a lone woman, as you know well, shall come and bide with you, and ask you nothing—nothing at all—only you shall give her a crust, perhaps, and a few flowers to sell sometimes."

"No, no," said the fourth; "that will not do. You let me have the garden and the hut, Bebee, and my sons shall till the place for you; and I will live with you myself, and leave the boys the cabin—so you will have all the gain, do you not see, dear little one?"

"Pooh!" said the fifth, stouter and better clothed than the rest. "You are all eager for your own good, not for hers. Now I—Father Francis says we should all do as we would be done by—I will take Bebee to live with me, all for nothing; and we will root the flowers up and plant it with good cabbages and potatoes and salad plants. And I will stable my cows in the hut to sweeten it after a dead man, and I will take my chances of making money out of it, and no one can speak more fair than that when one sees what the weather is, and thinks what insects do; and all the year round, winter and summer, Bebee here will want for nothing, and have to take no care for herself whatever."

She who spoke, Mere Krebs, was the best-to-do woman in the little lane, having two cows of her own and ear-rings of solid silver, and a green cart, and a big dog that took the milk into Brussels. She was heard, therefore, with respect, and a short silence followed her words.

But it was very short; and a hubbub of voices crossed each other after it as the speakers grew hotter against one another and more eager to convince each other of the disinterestedness and delicacy of their offers of aid.

Through it all Bebee sat quite quiet on the edge of the little truckle-bed, with her eyes fixed on the apple-bough and the singing chaffinch.

She heard them all patiently.

They were all her good friends, friends old and true. This one had given her cherries a score of summers. That one had bought her a little waxen Jesus at the Kermesse. The old woman of the blue linen skirt had taken her to her first communion. She who wanted her sister to have the crust and flowers, had brought her a beautiful book of hours that had cost a whole franc. Another had given her the solitary wonder, travel, and foreign feast of her whole life—a day fifteen miles away at the fair at Mechlin. The last speaker of all had danced her on her knee a hundred times in babyhood, and told her legends, and let her ride in the green cart behind big curly-coated Tambour.

Bebee did not doubt that these trusty old friends meant well by her, and yet a certain heavy sense fell on her that in all these counsels there was not the same whole-hearted and frank goodness that had prompted the gifts to her of the waxen Jesus, and the Kermesse of Mechlin.

Bebee did not reason, because she was too little a thing and too trustful; but she felt, in a vague, sorrowful fashion, that they were all of them trying to make some benefit out of her poor little heritage, with small regard for herself at the root of their speculations.

Beebe was a child; wholly a child; body and soul were both as fresh in her as a golden crocus just born out of the snows. But she was not a little fool, though people sometimes called her so because she would sit in the moments of her leisure with her blue eyes on the far-away clouds like a thing in a dream.

She heard them patiently till the cackle of shrill voices had exhausted itself, and the six women stood on the sunny mud floor of the hut eyeing each other with venomous glances; for though they were good neighbors at all times, each, in this matter, was hungry for the advantages to be got out of old Antoine's plot of ground. They were very poor; they toiled in the scorched or frozen fields all weathers, or spent from dawn to nightfall pouring over their cobweb lace; and to save a sou or gain a cabbage was of moment to them only second to the keeping of their souls secure of heaven by Lenten mass and Easter psalm.

Beebe listened to them all, and the tears dried on her cheeks, and her pretty rosebud lips curled close in one another.

"You are very good, no doubt, all of you," she said at last. "But I cannot tell you that I am thankful, for my heart is like a stone, and I think it is not so very much for me as it is for the hut that you are speaking. Perhaps it is wrong in me to say so—yes, I am wrong, I am sure—you are all kind, and I am only Beebe. But you see he told me to live here and take care of the flowers, and I must do it, that is certain. I will ask Father Francis, if you wish; but if he tells me I am wrong, as you do, I shall stay here all the same."

And in answer to their expostulations and condemnation, she only said the same thing over again always, in different words, but to the same steadfast purpose. The women clamored about her for an hour in reproach and rebuke; she was a baby indeed, she was a little fool, she was a naughty, obstinate child, she was an ungrateful willful little creature, who ought to be beaten till she was blue, if only there was anybody that had the right to do it!

"But there is nobody that has the right," said Bebee, getting angry and standing upright on the floor, with Antoine's old gray cat in her round arms. "He told me to stay here, and he would not have said so if it had been wrong, and I am old enough to do for myself, and I am not afraid, and who is there that would hurt me? Oh, yes; go and tell Father Francis, if you like. I do no not believe he will blame me, but if he do, I must bear it. Even if he shut the church door on me, I will obey Antoine, and the flowers will know I am right, and they will let no evil spirits touch me, for the flowers are strong for that; they talk to the angels in the night."

What use was it to argue with a little idiot like this? Indeed, peasants never do argue; they use abuse.

It is their only form of logic.

They used it to Bebee, rating her soundly, as became people who were old enough to be her grandmothers, and who knew that she had been raked out of their own pond, and had no more real place in creation than a water-rat, as one might say.

The women were kindly, and had never thrown this truth against her before, and in fact, to be a fondling was no sort of disgrace to their sight; but anger is like wine, and makes the depths of the mind shine clear, and all the mud that is in the depths stink in the light; and in their wrath at not sharing Antoine's legacy, the good souls said bitter things that in calm moments they would no more have uttered than they would have taken up a knife to slit her throat.

They talked themselves hoarse with impatience and chagrin, and went backwards over the threshold, their wooden shoes and their shrill voices keeping a clattering chorus. By this time it was evening; the sun had gone off the floor, and the bird had done singing.

Bebee stood in the same place, hardening her little heart, whilst big and bitter tears swelled into her eyes, and fell on the soft fur of the sleeping cat.

She only very vaguely understood why it was in any sense shameful to have been raked out of the water-lilies like a drowning field-mouse, as they had said it was.

She and Antoine had often talked of that summer morning when he had found her there among the leaves, and Bebee and he had laughed over it gayly, and she had been quite proud in her innocent fashion that she had had a fairy and the flowers for her mother and godmothers, which Antoine always told her was the case beyond any manner of doubt. Even Father Francis; hearing the pretty harmless fiction, had never dreamed it his duty to disturb her pleasure in it, being a good, cheerful old man, who thought that woe and wisdom both come soon enough to bow young shoulders and to silver young curls without his interference.

Bebee had always thought it quite a fine thing to have been born of water-lilies with the sun for her father, and when people in Brussels had asked her of her parentage, seeing her stand in the market with a certain look on her that was not like other children, had always gravely answered in the purest good faith,—

"My mother was a flower."

"You are a flower, at any rate," they would say in return; and Bebee had been always quite content.

But now she was doubtful; she was rather perplexed than sorrowful.

These good friends of hers seemed to see some new sin about her. Perhaps, after all, thought Bebee, it might have been better to have had a human mother who would have taken care of her now that old Antoine was dead, instead of those beautiful, gleaming, cold water-lilies which went to sleep on their green velvet beds, and did not certainly care when the thorns ran into her fingers, or the pebbles got in her wooden shoes.

In some vague way, disgrace and envy—the twin discords of the world—touched her innocent cheek with their hot breath, and as the evening fell, Bebee felt very lonely and a little wistful.

She had been always used to run out in the pleasant twilight-time among the flowers and water them, Antoine filling the can from the well; and the neighbors would come and lean against the little low wall, knitting and gossipping; and the big dogs, released from harness, would poke their heads through the wicket for a crust; and the children would dance and play Colin Maillard on the green by the water, and she, when the flowers no longer thirsted, would join them, and romp and dance and sing the gayest of them all.

But now the buckets hung at the bottom of the well, and the flowers hungered in vain, and the neighbors held aloof, and she shut-to the hut door and listened to the rain which began to fall, and cried herself to sleep all alone in her tiny kingdom.

When the dawn came the sun rose red and warm; the grass and boughs sparkled; a lark sang; Bebee awoke sad in heart, indeed, for her lost old friend, but brighter and braver.

"Each of them wants to get something out of me," thought the child. "Well, I will live alone, then, and do my duty, just as he said. The flowers will never let any real harm come, though they do look so indifferent and smiling sometimes, and though not one of them hung their heads when his coffin was carried through them yesterday." That want of sympathy in the flowers troubled her.

The old man had lõved them so well; and they had all looked as glad as ever, and had laughed saucily in the sun, and not even a rosebud turned the paler as the poor still stiffened limbs went by in the wooden shell.

"I suppose God cares—but I wish they did," said Bebee, to whom the garden was more intelligible than Providence.

"Why do you not care?" she asked the pinks, shaking the rain drops off their curled rosy petals.

The pinks leaned lazily against their sticks, and seemed to say, "Why should we care for anything, unless a slug be eating us?—*that* is real woe, if you like."

Bebee, without her sabots on, wandered thoughtfully among the sweet wet sunlightened labyrinths of blossoms, her pretty bare feet treading the narrow grassy paths with pleasure in their coolness.

"He was so good to you," she said reproachfully to the great gaudy gillyflowers and the painted sweet-peas. "He never let you know heat or cold —he never let the worm gnaw or the snail harm you;—he would get up in the dark to see after your wants, —and when the ice froze over you, he was there to loosen your chains. Why do you not care, any of you?"

"How silly you are!" said the flowers. "You must be a butterfly or a poet, Bebee, to be as foolish as that. Some one will do all he did. We are of market value, you know. Care, indeed!—when the sun is so warm, and there is not an earwig in the place to trouble us."

The flowers were not always so selfish as this; and perhaps the sorrow in Bebee's heart made their callousness seem harder than it really was.

When we suffer very much ourselves, anything that smiles in the sun seems cruel—a child, a bird, a dragon-fly—nay, even a fluttering ribbon, or a spear-grass that waves in the wind.

There was a little shrine at the corner of the garden, set into the wall; a niche with a bit of glass and a picture of the Virgin, so battered that no one could trace any feature of it.

It had been there for centuries, and was held in great veneration; and old Antoine had always cut the choicest buds of his roses and set them in a delf pot in front of it every other morning all the summer long. Bebee, whose religion was the sweetest, vaguest mingling of Pagan and Christian myths, and whose faith in fairies and in saints was exactly equal in strength and in ignorance—Bebee filled the delf pot anew carefully, then knelt down on the turf in that little green corner, and prayed in devout hopeful childish good faith to the awful unknown Powers who were to her only as gentle guides and kindly playmates.

Was she too familiar with the Holy Mother?

She was almost fearful that she was; but then the Holy Mother loved flowers so well, Bebee would not feel aloof from her, nor be afraid.

"When one cuts the best blossoms for her, and tries to be good, and never tells a lie," thought Bebee, "I am quite sure, as she loves the lilies, that she will never altogether forget me."

So she said to the Mother of Christ fearlessly, and nothing doubting; and then rose for her daily work of cutting the flowers for the market in Brussels.

By the time her baskets were full, her fowls fed, her goat foddered, her starling's cage cleaned, her hut door locked, and her wooden shoes clattering on the sunny road into the city, Bebee was almost content again, though ever and again, as she trod the familiar ways, the tears dimmed her eyes as she remembered that old Antoine would never again hobble over the stones beside her.

"You are a little willful one, and too young to live alone," said Father Francis, meeting her in the lane.

But he did not scold her seriously; and she kept to her resolve; and the women, who were good at heart, took her back into favor again; and so, Bebee had her own way, and the fairies, or the saints, or both together, took care of her; and so it came to pass that all alone she heard the cock crow whilst it was dark, and woke to the grand and amazing truth that this warm, fragrant, dusky June morning found her full sixteen years old.

[*To be continued.*]

A Card.

To the Editor of the Sentinel:

VALPARAISO, Ind., May 23, 1879.

My attention has just been called to an article that recently appeared in the Fort Wayne SENTINEL, and credited to the Valparaiso *Messenger*, in reference to Hon. J. K. Edgerton's letters that have, from time to time, appeared in your paper advocating Gov. Hendricks's nomination for president in 1880. *No such article was ever published in my paper.* My relations with Mr. Edgerton have always been of such a friendly and pleasant character that, no matter how much I might differ with him on the subject matter, *I would not have written or published such an article as was credited to me by your paper.* Justice to Mr. Edgerton and myself requires this correction. Yours, etc.

E. ZIMMERMAN.

[The wrong credit was evidently, by mistake, given to the article as published.—ED. SENTINEL.]

WE DO NOT WONDER.

We do not wonder that housewives who have been accustomed to use Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts should turn in disgust from the trash often sold under the name of Flavoring Extracts, which stuff smells and tastes like turpentine. Dr. Price's Flavoring Extracts have the taste and odor of the fresh fruits.

THE RICH CALIFORNIA BANKER.

When it became known that one of the richest California bankers had left the Pacific Coast and transferred his base of operations to the New York Stock Exchange, all the shrewd financiers watched his course with shrewd interest to see how he would succeed. The result has emphatically proved the wealthy banker's sagacity. Besides having a much wider and more promising field to operate in, he is known to have been in several stock combinations that paid immense profits. By the combination method of operating in stocks Messrs. Lawrence & Co., Bankers, N. Y., unite orders of thousands of customers, in different sums, into one vast capital, and operate them as a mighty whole, dividing profits *pro rata* among shareholders every 30 days. Capital in any amount from $10 to $100,000 can be used with great success in these pools. $25 would $100 profit. $500 would make $5,000 or 10 percent on the stock during the month. Messrs. Lawrence & Co.'s new circular (mailed free) gives "two unerring rules for success," and full particulars, so that any one can operate in stocks and make money. Stock and bonds wanted. Government bonds supplied. Apply to Lawrence & Co., Bankers, 57 Exchange Place, N. Y.

Facts that We Know.

If you are suffering from a severe cough, cold, asthma, bronchitis, consumption, loss of voice, tickling in the throat, or any affection of the throat or lungs, *we know* that DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY will give you immediate relief. We know of hundreds of cases it has completely cured, and that where all other medicines had failed. No other remedy can show one half as many *permanent cures.* Now to give you satisfactory proof that DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY *will cure* you of Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption, severe Coughs and Colds, Hoarseness, or any Throat or Lung disease, if you will call at Dreier & Bro.'s Drug Store we will give you a trial bottle *free of cost*, or a regular size for $1.00. 4

Should you be suffering from the milder forms of scrofula or skin eruptions, always use a remedy supplied by nature. Such a remedy is Ofner Rakoczy Bitter Water. This water is perfectly harmless, but has powerful alterative properties, and should always be used in preference to such a dangerous drug as mercury; at least so say some of the prominent physicians of Europe. A wine-glassful a dose. For sale by all druggists.

After you have tried nearly everything to get cured of Chronic Chills and Fever or Fever and Ague in vain, we would advise you to try Dr. F. Wilhoft's Anti-Periodic or Fever and Ague Tonic. It is not pleasant to take, but it contains no Quinine, never fails to cure. Its composition is printed on the inside wrapper of each bottle, and it is indorsed by the most eminent physicians. For sale by all druggists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, tetter, chapped hands, chillblains, corns, and all kinds of skin eruptions. This salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dreier & Bro.

Chew Jackson's best sweet Navy Tobacco.

A Benevolent Work.—The Methodist Church of New York is constantly engaged in providing for the increase of its borders. To a separate organization has been committed the work of extending the influence of the church. Rev. Wm. P. Corbitt, the famous revivalist, is chairman of this committee of extension—and he used to be a martyr of neuralgia. His cure he ascribes to Giles's Liniment Iodide Ammonia.

Giles's Pills cure Jaundice.

Sold by all druggists. Send for pamphlet. DR. GILES,
120 West Broadway, N. Y.
Trial size 25 cents.

Cuticura REMEDIES.

Infallibly Cure all Skin and Scalp Diseases, Scaly Eruptions, Itchings and Irritations.

The testimonials of permanent cures of Skin and Scalp Diseases which have been the torture of a lifetime, by the CUTICURA REMEDIES, are more wonderful than any ever performed before by any methods or remedies known to the medical profession.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT, a powerful Blood Purifier, is the only purifying agent which finds its way into the circulating fluid and thence through the oil and sweat glands to the surface of the skin, thus destroying the poisonous elements, with which these vessels have been daily charged.

CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, applied externally, arrests all unnatural or morbid growths which cover the surface of the diseased glands and tubes with Scaly, Itching and Irritating Humors, speedily it removes them, leaving the pores open, healthy, and free from diseased particles of matter.

Thus internally and externally do these great bodies act in conjunction, performing cures that have astonished the most noted physicians of the day.

SALT RHEUM FOR 30 YEARS

On the Head, Face, and the Greater Part of the Body, Cured.

Messrs. WEEKS & POTTER: *Gentlemen*—I have been a great sufferer with Salt Rheum for 30 years, commencing in my head and face and extending over the greater part of my body. I have taken gallons of medicines for the blood of different kinds and tried good physicians, all of which did me no good, and came to the conclusion that I could not be cured. But a friend called my attention to an article in the *Union* on skin diseases, and I got a box of CUTICURA. The first application was a great relief and the third took the scales all off, and I felt like a new man. I have used three 50-cent boxes and my skin is smooth and I consider myself entirely cured. Hoping this may be seen by some one afflicted as I have been (if there is any) is my earnest wish. And I cheerfully recommend it to all persons afflicted with like diseases. Yours truly,

B. WILSON LORD.

Agawama, Mass., Sept. 9, 1878.

The CUTACURA SOAP should be used for cleansing all diseased surfaces, as most soaps are injurious to the skin.

LEPROSY.

A Modern Miricle, Astonishing Results from the Use of CUTICURA.

Messrs. WEEKS & POTTER: *Gentlemen*—We have a case of Leprosy in our poorhouse which is being cured by your CUTICURA remedies. The county had employed all of our doctors and had sent to New York for advice, but to no avail.

The patient commenced using the CUTICURA and immediately began getting better.

He had been confined to his bed for two and one half years. *He had not had his clothes on during this time.* Last week he dressed for the first time.

When he walked there would at least *one quart* of scales come off of him.

This happened every day.

We think it is a wonderful cure.

We do not say he is cured, but he is in a fair way to be cured to say the least. Yours truly, DUNNING BROTHERS,
Druggists and Booksellers.

Alegan, Mich., Feb. 11, 1879.

NOTE.—Messrs. Dunning Brothers are thoroughly reliable gentlemen, and were unknown to us prior to the receipt of this letter. We firmly believe this CUTICURA will permanently cure this very severe case of Leprosy, as it has done many others.

Prepared by Weeks & Potter, Chemists and Druggists, 306 Washington street, Boston, Mass., and for sale by all druggists and dealers. Price of CUTICURA, small boxes, 50 cents; large boxes containing two and one half times the quantity of small, $1. RESOLVENT, $1 per bottle. CUTICURA SOAP, 25 cents per cake; by mail, 30 cents; three cakes, 75 cents.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRIC PLASTERS

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Weak and Sore Lungs, Coughs and Colds, Weak Back, Stomach, and Bowels, Dyspepsia, Shooting Pains through the Loins and Back, Spasms or Fits, and Nervous, Muscular, and Spinal Affections, relieved and cured when every other plaster, liniment, lotion, and electrical appliances fails.

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER

MANUFACTURERS AWARDED THE ONLY MEDALS AT CENTENNIAL 1876. AT PARIS EXPOSITION 1878.

GIVEN FOR RUBBER PLASTERS.

FOR LAME BACK, Weak Back, Rheumatism, Kidney Disease, Stubborn and Neglected Coughs and Colds, Female Weakness, and all local Aches and Pains, it is specially recommended.

At no time in the history of medicine has an article appeared which has met with greater approval and success than Benson's Capcine Plaster. Why they are preferred to all other porous plasters, is owing to their improved composition; they act instantaneously, cure speedily and effectually.

Physicians and the general public who acknowledge the great benefits derived from the use of the ordinary porous plasters, however, maintain that their action is not sufficiently prompt, requiring time, patience, and continuous wear to effect a cure. Benson's Capcine Plaster overcomes this difficulty by accomplishing in a few hours, that which it takes any other plaster as many days.

Although a recent invention Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster has been thor'ughly tested by physicians, and has been pronounced the most thoroughly efficacious plaster ever devised. Its marvellous influence over the circulation, and general effect on the system is almost incredible; from the moment of its application to the affected part, it operates with astonishing vigor—brings relief and cures more effectually than any Plaster Liniment or Compound.

When you desire prompt relief, ask your druggist for Benson's Capcine Plaster. Avoid worthless plasters having a similar sounding name. Each genuine plaster has the word Capcine spelled C-A-P-C-I-N-E. Sold by all druggists, Price, 25 cents.

Sick Headache Positively Cured by these Little Pills.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, &c. They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipation and Piles. The smallest and easiest to take. Only one pill a dose. 40 in a vial. Purely Vegetable. Price 25 cents. Sold by all Druggists.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., Prop'rs, Erie, Pa.
Five Vials by mail for one dollar.

The "Little Detective."
$10 Scale for $3; ¼-oz. to 25 lbs.
For Family, Office or Store
Every Scale perfect. Send for circular
CHICAGO SCALE CO., Chicago, Ill.

ARE YOU SATISFIED?

To Pay $5.00, when beyond doubt $4.00 will reach as far trading with us and have much less trouble to be suited.

Will You be Satisfied?

If we Convince you beyond contradiction that we are selling clothing for Men, Boys and Children, Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, in fact most anything worn by mankind, much lower than any house in the city, and a good reason given why.

Can You be Satisfied?

To have three, four, or perhaps a dozen prices named you for an article before you leave a store, or will you not be

Better Satisfied

with our way of doing business. Always square,

C. O. D.

ONE HONEST LOW PRICE.

IF SO CALL ON

A. S. Lauferty & Co.

The Reliable, Truthful Advertisers and Verifiers of Facts, Living Facts.

NOTICE TO

Contractors and Builders.

MASONIC TEMPLE & OPERA HOUSE

Sealed proposals will be received by the

Masonic Temple Association

of Fort Wayne, Ind.,

Until 1 o'clock p. m., Saturday, May 31st, 1879, for furnishing all materials and labor required in the erection and construction of a Masonic Temple and Opera House at said city (according to plans and specifications therefor, which can be seen at the office of T. J. TOLAN & SON, Architects, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Said building will be required to be enclosed by the 1st day of December, A. D. 1879.

All proposals must be directed to the chairman of the building committee, and must be accompanied by a bond in the sum of $5,000.00, conditioned that the bidder or bidders will give a good and satisfactory bond if awarded the contract, and the sufficiency of such preliminary bond must be certified to by the clerk of the court of the county or counties where the principal and sureties reside. No bid will be considered unless accompanied by such bond.

The building committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Full information can be had by application to any of the undersigned or to Wm. Lyne, Secretary of the Association.

J. H. BASS, Chairman;
S. B. BOND,
WM. W. FISK,
J. M. COOMBS,
R. C. BELL,
Building Committee.

m20d6t

Proclamation!

To the Citizens of Fort Wayne:

At a regular session of the Board of Health, held May 20th, 1879, it was ordered that all alleys, streets, or premises on which may be located any nuisance, in the form of filth, manure, garbage, or other material, animal or vegetable, in a state of putrescence or decay, shall be removed therefrom to some convenient place remote from habitation or offense, within the ten days next succeeding the publication of this order. That all defective, improperly constructed or overflowing privy vaults shall be made secure against leakage, enlarged, or their contents removed, as the case may demand, within the ten days next succeeding the publication of this order, and thereafter all kitchen offal, slops or garbage shall be deposited in water-tight barrels or other proper receptacles, and their contents removed, at least three times per week during the months of June, July, August and September, and twice a week during the remaining months of the year, and thereafter all manure, straw, hay, shavings or other material usually deposited in the alleys of the city, shall be removed therefrom to some convenient place outside the city limits at least once a week. And the Marshal of the city and his deputies are hereby ordered to make a tour of inspection after the expiration of the hereinbefore mentioned time, and any failure or neglect to conform to the demands hereinabove set forth, by any property owner, tenant, lessee or duly authorized agent shall be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law as prescribed in the ordinances of this city.

By order of the Board of Health:
DR. TH. HEUCHLING,
DR. W. H. BROOKS,
DR. T. J. DILLS.

C. A. ZOLLINGER, Mayor.
HUGH DIEHL, Marshal. m22d

SEALED PROPOSALS.

OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
Fort Wayne, Ind., May 22, 1879.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office, by the Board of School Trustees until Friday, May 30th, at 6 p. m., for the erection of an addition to the Hoagland School House, and the furnishing of all materials and labor therefor, according to the plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office.

The whole work is to be finished complete by the 16th day of August next.

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids. JOHN S. IRWIN,
22d1d Superintendent.

45 Years Before the Public.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Every box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

The genuine McLANE'S LIVER PILLS bear the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrappers.

Insist upon having the genuine DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane*, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

WILL YOU READ THIS FOR $200.

If you want a good appetite, strong digestion, sweet breath, sound sleep, and clear complexion, use DR. SMITH'S STILLINGIA BLOOD PURIFIER.

We do not tell you that this is a cure for all ills, but so positive are we of its merits that we offer, in good faith, $200 to any afflicted with a disease of the BLOOD, LIVER or KIDNEYS which a timely use of this remedy will not cure.

☞ If you have Liver Disease, indicated by a coated tongue, foul breath, poor appetite, frequent headache, dull pain in the side, yellow skin, or any of these symptoms, take Dr. Smith's Stillingia Blood Purifier. It is a sure cure. Physicians recommend it as being a *new* and *purely vegetable remedy*, and one to be relied upon in all cases. It is rapidly taking the place of the old, slow and uncertain remedies of the past, 20,000 bottles having been sold during the last few months.

☞ If you have Kidney Disease, with dry and feverish skin, capricious appetite, pain in the back or hips, which at times changes to shoulders, breaking your rest at night, and during the day makes you feel tired and despondent, you should use Dr. Smith's Stillingia Blood Purifier at once. It will positively cure you or we will forfeit the above reward.

☞ Bad Blood, appearing in the form of pimples, blotches, boils, ulcers, scrofula, salt rheum, rheumatism, lameness, swelled joints, all result from a diseased condition of the blood, indigestion and engorgement of the liver, for which Dr. Smith's Stillingia Blood Purifier is a never-failing remedy, recommended by the highest medical authorities. *Ague or Chills and Fever*, are the results of congestion of the liver and spleen. This remedy will cure it in less time and more permanently than any other medicine. It should be used by all who need a medicine to strengthen, tone up, and invigorate the entire system. Sold by druggists at 75 cents per bottle. If you do not fully understand your disease, write to us, giving symptoms, and we will send you the desired information free of charge. DR. B. A. SMITH & CO., Prop's,
wed-sat-wlm Erie, Pa.

TUTT'S PILLS!

A NOTED DIVINE SAYS THEY ARE WORTH THEIR WEIGHT in GOLD

READ WHAT HE SAYS:

DR. TUTT:—Dear Sir: For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last Spring your Pills were recommended to me; I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.

REV. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

A TORPID LIVER

is the fruitful source of many diseases, such as Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Dysentery, Bilious Fever, Ague and Fever, Jaundice, Piles, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaint, Colic, etc.

Tutt's Pills exert a powerful influence on the Liver, and will with certainty relieve that important organ from disease, and restore its normal functions.

The rapidity with which persons take on flesh, while under the influence of these pills, of itself indicates their adaptability to nourish the body, hence their efficacy in curing nervous debility, dyspepsia, wasting of the muscles, sluggishness of the liver, chronic constipation, and imparting health and strength to the system.

CONSTIPATION.

Only with regularity of the bowels can perfect health be enjoyed. When the constipation is of recent date, a single dose of TUTT'S PILLS will suffice, but if it has become habitual, one pill should be taken every night, gradually lessening the frequency of the dose until a regular daily movement is obtained, which will soon follow.

Sold Everywhere, 25 Cents.
OFFICE, 35 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK.

Daily Sentinel.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

THREE OF A KIND.

Hanging Bees in Georgia, Louisiana and California.

Three Bad Citizens Swung Off Into Eternity.

HUNG FOR WIFE MURDER.

Savannah, Ga., May 23.—A special to the *News* says that Shelley (white) was hanged to-day at Black Shear, Ga., for the murder of his wife. He confessed his guilt, and said the man who caused him to kill her was present. About 1,500 people witnessed the execution. He was calm, and appeared unconcerned.

HANGED FOR THE MURDER OF A CHINAMAN.

San Francisco, May 23.—Indian Jack was hanged at Shasta to-day for the murder of a Chinaman last September. The murder was committed out of pure deviltry, without any motive of passion, gain or revenge. The execution was witnessed by some 50 Indians, friends of the condemned, besides between 200 and 300 whites. The Indians congregated outside the court house yard and kept up a fearful howling and tearing of hair during the execution. Jack preserved Indian stolidity, and died without a struggle.

A DESPERADO HUNG.

Lake Charles, La., May 23.—Absalom W. Ferd was hung to-day for the murder of Dr. Joseph Bazee, in June, 1878. He broke jail here last winter after sentence, and was recaptured in Henderson, Texas, a few weeks ago, after being desperately wounded. He afterwards broke his wounded leg in attempting to escape from the Henderson county jail, and consequently had to be supported by the sheriff and deputies to the scaffold, where he was seated in a chair. Though suffering intense pain from the effort to use his leg his features were calm and composed. During the reading of the death warrant and prayers of the priest, he occasionally puffed a cigar, and looked composedly at the sky and crowd of over 500 persons. He did not show the slightest fear. Being asked by the sheriff if he had anything to say to the people, he replied he had nothing to say. The black cap and noose were adjusted while he was seated. He was then assisted to his feet, and said, in a low, calm voice, "God have mercy on me." The drop fell; his contortions were very violent until death. He lived nearly twenty minutes, as the physicians say; his neck was broken by his struggles after the drop fell.

FATAL AFFRAY.

Atlanta, Ga., May 23.—An Atlanta special to the *Constitution* says: At Kingston, this morning, Thompson and Joseph Morris, brothers, violated a town ordinance by firing a pistol. Burroughs, the town marshal, collected a fine of one dollar from each of them. Thompson Morris followed Burroughs to the depot and slapped his face. Burroughs drew a dirk and Morris snapped a pistol at Burroughs, who commenced cutting his assailant and retreating across the railroad track, the Morrises advancing and emptying their pistols, then throwing rocks until both fell from their wounds. Thompson died in thirty minutes. Joseph is mortally wounded.

KILLED WHILE BEATING HIS WIFE'S PARAMOUR.

Cincinnati, May 23.—Capt. W. R. Hoel, of the United States beacon light steamer Lilly, living near Waynesville, O., a short distance from this city, for some time past suspected his wife with holding improper relations with Dr. J. B. Hough, his family physician. Last night Capt. Hoel left home ostensibly for Cincinnati, but returned and concealed himself in his house. This morning he surprised his wife and Dr. Hough, who were together in the parlor, and drawing a large sized revolver, fired at Hough, but without effect. He then began clubbing the doctor with the pistol, and while doing so it was discharged, the ball entering Hoel's heart, killing him instantly. Hough is seriously injured.

BOILER EXPLOSION.

Boston, May 23.—An explosion occurred to-day in Wheeler's woolen mills, Salem, N. H., followed immediately by the bursting out of flames in several places. The mill was entirely destroyed. Loss, $100,000; insurance, $40,000. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

TWO MONSTERS UNDER ARREST.

Boston, May 23.—The arrest of Buzzell, of Lynn, last night, for murdering the infant found dead in the woods near Malden, was followed today by the arrest of Carrie Roberts of the same place, who confessed to being the mother of the child and that Buzzell committed the deed.

BALTIMORE RACES.

Baltimore, May 23.—The selling race, three-quarter mile, was won by Governor Hampton; Baton Rouge, 2d; Frank, 3d; Albert, 4th. Time, 3:09½.

The annual home-bred stakes, one mile, was won by Eunice; Rochester, 2d; Clyde Hampton, 3d; Grenadier, 4th. Time, 1:45¾.

The free handicap, one and one-half miles, was won by Startle; Viceroy, 2d; Bennett, 3d. Time, 2:42¼.

The two-mile heat race, all ages, first heat was won by Kenney; Dick Sasscer, 2d; Adair, 3d; Pohattan, 4th. Time, 3:42¼. Kenney won the second heat and race; Dick Sasscer, 2d; Adair, 3d; Pohattan and Lillian distanced. Time, 3:43¾.

BREVITIES.

St. Petersburg police have been reinforced by 150 soldiers.

Edward Reinhardt, of New York, who murdered his wife, packed her body in a barrel and threw it in the river, will be hanged July 11th.

Negotiations between Maj. Cavagari and the ameer of Afghanistan are proceeding satisfactorily. The main basis of the treaty has been settled.

The international convention Y. M. C. A., at Baltimore, yesterday, appropriated $22,000 to be used in the south and west among colored young men, Germans commercial travellers, etc.

There has been a panic at Lamara, Russia, in consequence of placards announcing that the town would be burned on the 13th of May. The fire brigade paraded the streets all night.

A *fire* at Angola, Thursday night, destroyed the clerk's office in the court house. Most all of the books and documents were saved, they being in the vault. Loss not known. Incendiarism.

Fires—At Oshkosh, Wis: Pratt's shingle mill and 1,000,000 feet of lumber; loss, $45,000; insurance, $25,000. Monroe, Wis.: One square burned; loss, $50,000. Brooklyn: Fowler's linseed oil works; loss, $300,000.

The house committee on appropriations yesterday by a majority vote authorized a favorable report to be made to the house on Representative Cannon's bill making additional appropriations for the payment of letter carriers.

A dispatch from Wolcottville, says: Wednesday noon, W. W. White, of South Milford, came to Tamarack and borrowed a horse from Frank Spaulding and harness and buggy of John Grannis, to go to Northport on business. Instead, he drove to Wolcottville, left the horse and buggy at the hotel, and went north at 5 p. m., to Sturgis, Mich., returning at 9:30 p. m., with a woman, with whom he drove south. He has not been seen or heard from since. Indications are that it is a case of horse stealing.

Why do so many parents think children troublesome? because they cry; and why do children cry? because they suffer. Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup will relieve at once all pain that Babyhood is subject to.

ON THE BEAT.

A Fort Wayne Fraud on His Travels.

He Swindles a Kansas City Man out of $50.

The peculiar financial transactions of a former prominent and well to do citizen of Fort Wayne, have been a matter of public notoriety for several years past. He has been guilty of obtaining money under false pretenses, not only from our own citizens, but from people living in other cities. He has been indicted once or twice and placed under arrest, but his friends ponied up and saved him from punishment. The man is a first-class dead beat and fraud. Some time since he disappeared from this city, and his whereabouts have not been known until recently. A few days since he went to Kansas City and roped in a prominent gentleman of that place who has relatives here. The following letter received by one of our citizens to-day explains the circumstances:

KANSAS CITY, May 20, 1879.

Dear Cousin:

On the 8th day of this month, Mr. ——, of Fort Wayne, informed me that he had been robbed and was in want of funds; said that he required $50, and you will see by the enclosed note that I let him have the above mentioned amount. He requested that I send the note to you and you would hand it to —— ——, who would give you the money on it. I was to do this in case he failed to get back home within the ten days. * * * Yours, etc.,

The fraud who executed this note has estimable and highly respectable relatives, who have been called upon so often to help out of his scrapes that they will do so no longer. His proper place is in the penitentiary.

NINETY DEGREES.

How the Leading Masons of Toledo Were Taken In and Done For.

[Toledo Bee.]

Wednesday of last week, the 14th inst., a gentleman of pleasing address, polished exterior, and captivating as a conversationalist, registered at the Boody House, under the name of C. C. Burt, hailing from Jackson, Mich. With him was associated a gentleman who passed by the name of Streight. Mr. Burt was assigned to room No. 137.

It was not long till this gentleman of pleasing address ingratiated himself in the good graces of quite a number of the leading spirits of the Masonic fraternity, and to whom he produced what were deemed good and honest vouchers, that he was empowered with due and lawful authority to confer the EGYPTIAN MASONIC RITE OF MEMPHIS, or ninety degrees in Masonry. His indorsement, as his papers showed, came from no less a personage than V. L. Herbert, grand commander of the United States, Knights Templar, and others. The ninety degrees were to be imparted for the insignificant stipend of $10, and all to be conferred in thirty minutes by the watch.

Such a rare opportunity of obtaining so high a grade in Masonry was not to be ignored or passed lightly by—and then, too, for the small sum of of 11 1-9 cents a degree. This was a big consideration in these times of monetary stringency. The thing was talked up, and twenty-three of the faithful brethren of the mystic tie—some of them who have been honored with the highest positions in the order in the state—agreed to be initiated in the sublime ninety-degree rite, and accordingly

PAID THEIR $10 EACH,

in solemn conclave assembled in room 137 of the Boody, where the obligation of the degree was most solemnly administered. In appending their signatures to the paper they were required to acknowledge him, the said C. C. Burt, as grand master for life.

The money—$230—was all paid and the obligation taken, and what yet remained, and still remains, was the conferring of the degrees. The suave gentleman, with the blandest smile, fixed Mondays as the day for conferring the degrees and installing the officers, as he should be compelled to return to Jackson at once, on account of sickness in his family. He left the city last Saturday, and was to return on Monday without fail. His family is probably very sick, for he has not put in an appearance yet, and the "select twenty-three" are still watching and waiting, with their degrees unconferred and their officers uninstalled.

LOOKS LIKE A SELL.

Since the amiable gentleman's departure, circumstances have developed some strong suspicions that the twenty-three have been the victims of a stupendous sell. The name of the grand commander of the United States, K. T., is *not* V. L. Herbert. His initials are N. V. This, we believe, was told Mr. Burt, but he passed the matter over by saying that he was known as Vincent Lombard, the name of his wife. Letters have been received also from several sources—among them from Michigan, Indiana and Illinois—saying that he has played a similar game elsewhere, and warning friends against the swindle.

A letter has also been received from Grand Commander N. V. Herbert, in which he denies that he has ever endorsed Mr. Burt, or that he has had anything to do with the gentleman, denouncing him as an imposter. "Two for five or nine for a dollar," will not soon be forgotten in the Masonic circles of "The Future Great."

Giraffe in Harness.

Very few people have seen a real living giraffe in this country. Nearly every show that advertises here puts up bright colored bills of this beautifully spotted and gentle animal, but the specimen they propose to exhibit either turns out a stuffed skin or none at all. Adam Forepaugh, who is to exhibit here on Tuesday, June 3d, and who is the largest wild beast importer on the American continent, has at last succeeded, after great expense and much care and labor, in bringing over from Central Africa a full-grown specimen of this rare and lovely animal. It stands near twenty feet when erect, and is as delicate and gentle as a faun, with an eye which, for softness and brilliancy, rivals the gazelle's. It has long been demonstrated that these animals, on account of the extreme delicacy of their constitution, will not live longer than two years in this climate of sudden changes. In winter time Mr. Forepaugh is compelled to keep his cameleopard in a room tempered to warm heat, with almost all ventilation shut off. Even these mild spring days a hot stove has been kept in his cage as he passes over the road from stand to stand, and then there is great danger that he will take cold and sicken. Death would be the result of a chill, and it would occur in a few hours.

But the strangest part of this giraffe history is that Mr. Forepaugh has not only domesticated this animal, but has successfully broken him to work in harness. Timid and delicate as the giraffe is, this task has been of no common undertaking. He is still shy, but tractable, and yields as gracefully as a giraffe can to the influence of the reins. As proof that the harness-broken giraffe is really with Forepaugh's Noachian Menagerie, we reproduce the following newspaper extracts:

The Nashville (Tenn.) *Banner* of April 8th, says: "Among the features of attraction are the giraffe trained to harness, and the hippopotamus."

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* of April 3d comments: "The towering giraffe, unused to this cool atmosphere, was seen, with his delicate limbs and beautiful symmetry."

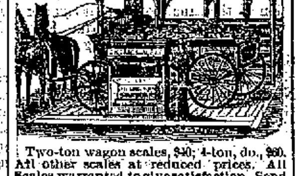
The Louisville *Commercial* of April 3d, writes: "Also a giraffe, which stands twenty feet high, and is trained to work in harness, and many other costly animals, too numerous to mention at this time."

To have good health medicine is necessary occasionally. As a family medicine we can recommend Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills, and advise all to have a box constantly on hand for cases of necessity.

DOWN WITH HIGH PRICES.

CHICAGO SCALE Co.

149 and 151 Jefferson St., Chicago, Ill.



Two-ton wagon scales, $40; 4-ton, do., $60. All other scales at reduced prices. All Scales warranted to give satisfaction. Send for full price list. mal2d&wly

9th

GRAND DISTRIBUTION!

Commonwealth Distribution Com'y.

By authority of Commonwealth of Kentucky. Drawing and details under supervision of prominent citizens of Kentucky, in the city of Louisville, on

Saturday, May 31st, 1879.

NO SCALING! NO POSTPONEMENT!

Prizes Paid in Full!

$112,400 In Cash DISTRIBUTED!

TICKETS ONLY $2.

Unparalleled Success of the Popular Drawings.

Read the following attractive list of prizes for the MAY DRAWING:

1 Pr	$30,000	100 Prs $100 each	$10,000
1 Pr	10,000	200 Prs 50 each	10,000
1 Pr	5,000	600 Prs 20 each	12,000
10 Prs $1,000 each	10,000	1,000 Prs 10 each	10,000
20 Prs 500 each	10,000		
9 Prs $300 each,	Approximation Prs		$2,700
9 Prs 200 each	"	"	1,800
9 Prs 100 each	"	"	900
1,960 Prizes.			$112,400

Whole Tickets, $2. Half Tickets, $1.
27 Tickets, $50. 55 Tickets, $100.

Remit by Post Office Money Order, registered letter, bank draft or express. Full list of drawing published in Louisville COURIER-JOURNAL and New York Herald and mailed to all ticket holders. For tickets and information address COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO., or T. J. COMMERFORD, Sec'y, Courier-Journal Building, Louisville, Ky. ap24d&w

$1000 REWARD

For any case of Bleeding, Blind, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DeBing's Pile Remedy fails to cure. It gives immediate relief, cures cases of long standing in 1 week, and ordinary cases in 2 days. $1 a bottle. Sold by all druggists. J. P. MILLER, M. D., 416 Spruce Street, Phila., Pa., Sole Proprietor. CAUTION—Wrapper on bottle yellow printed in black, has pile of stones, Phila., 1820, on it. Southern genuine.

DREIER & BRO., Agents, Fort Wayne, Ind.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER AND SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Eminent Chemists and Physicians certify that these goods are free from adulteration, richer, more effective, produce better results than any others, and that they use them in their own families.

DR. PRICE'S UNIQUE PERFUMES are the Gems of All Odors.
TOOTHENE. An agreeable, healthful Liquid Dentifrice.
LEMON SUGAR. A Substitute for Lemons.
EXTRACT JAMAICA GINGER. From Pure Root.

STEELE & PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST GEMS.

The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.

STEELE & PRICE, Manfrs., Chicago, St. Louis, and Cincinnati.

THE GREAT FOREPAUGH SHOW!

Noachian Menagerie, Gigantic Museum,

And CLASSIC CIRCUS, in all its Undivided Entirety,

—AT—

FORT WAYNE, TUESDAY, JUNE 3D.

Show Grounds on the Flats.

For more than half a generation the name of ADAM FOREPAUGH has been household property in every palace and farm house in the land. The profession have always, as they do now, pronounced his the STANDARD SHOW of the Universe.



and during more than a decade and a half the FOREPAUGH SHOW has never changed name or proprietor, but has always been under the exclusive ownership, control and management of the greatest Wild Beast Importer, and the world's most extensive Show Property Owner,

ADAM FOREPAUGH.

In his stupendous establishment will be found almost

Every Wild Beast Under the Sun.

Since last year he has added a native HERD of

12 Huge Asiatic ELEPHANTS!

More than are owned by any other one man on earth. They give an incredulous example of brute culture under the able tutorship of a "chip of the old block," ADAM FOREPAUGH, JR.

$41,000 BEHEMOTH OF HOLY WRIT

Which actually sweats blood from every pore. Forepaugh's Hippopotamus is the only one on American soil, and no honest showman dare dispute the truth of this assertion.

A 20-FOOT GIRAFFE IN HARNESS.

The ONLY exhibition of the kind given in the memory of man.

SIX-TON RHINOCEROS

$100,000 CHALLENGE! Adam Forepaugh will give $100,000 to be appropriated for the benefit of charitable institutions, for the name of any show that exhibits the above features, or any exhibition in America half so large as the Forepaugh Aggregation.

School of Sea Lions, South American Tapir, White and Poonah Bears, Wild Ostrich, African Eland, Horned Horse, Black and Bengal Tigers, and African and Asiatic Lions.

Over 2,000 Beasts, Birds and Reptiles. Eleven Palace and Gilded Cages of Curious Wonder Marvels.

Twenty Male Equestrians, led by MR. ROBERT STICKNEY! The best general performer in the World, and the only man living who rides seven horses at one time. Twelve Lady Riders, inspired by the most famous Equestrienne known to the Arena, M'LLE A. CARROLL.



100 Daring Circus Stars from the finest Amphitheaters in the Old and New World.

3 Acres of Pavilions, & 3 Special Trains.

6 Golden Chariots and 54 Brightly Embellished Dens.

Dazzling FREE Street Show!

EXTRA NOTICE.—Under no circumstances are games of chance or gambling permitted on the grounds and Mr. Forepaugh suggests that the proper authorities join with him in the suppression of this too prevalent vice. Two full performances every day at 2 and 7.30 p. m. Doors open one hour before.

ADMISSION—Adults, 50 cts; Children under nine years, 25 cts.

HUNTINGTON, MONDAY, JUNE 2d.
TOLEDO, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4th.

m17-22-24je2-w21-28 W. W. DURAND, Agent.

L.S.L.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION! Over Half a Million Distributed.

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

This Institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the state for Educational and Charitable purposes, in 1868, for the Term of Twenty-five Years, to which contract the inviolable faith of the State is pledged, with a Capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of $350,000. Its Grand Single Single Number Drawings will take place monthly. *It never Scales or Postpones.* Look at the following Distribution:

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT, during which will take place the

109th GRAND MONTHLY

AND THE

Extraordinary Semi-Annual Drawing,

At New Orleans, Tuesday, June 17, 1879, Under the personal supervision and management of

Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and Gen. J. A. EARLY, of Virginia.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $100,000.

☞ Notice—Tickets are $10.00 only. Halves, $5. Fifths, $2. Tenths, $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE OF	$100,000	$100,000
1 GRAND PRIZE OF	50,000	50,000
1 GRAND PRIZE OF	20,000	20,000
2 LARGE PRIZES OF	10,000	20,000
4 LARGE PRIZES OF	5,000	20,000
20 PRIZES OF	1,000	20,000
50 "	500	25,000
100 "	300	30,000
200 "	200	40,000
600 "	100	60,000
10,000 "	10	100,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Approxim'n Prizes of	$200			20,000
100	do	do	100	10,000
100	do	do	75	7,500

11,279 Prizes, amounting to $522,500

Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of La. } Comm.
Gen. J. A. EARLY, of Va. }

Application for rates to clubs should only be made to the office of the company in New Orleans.

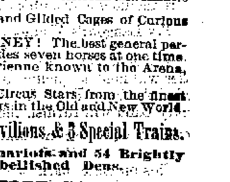
Write for circulars or send orders to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
P. O. Box 692, New Orleans, La.

dm23-28-81j4-7-11w28-4-18

MARRIAGE SECRETS

A Book of nearly 300 pages numerous engravings; reveals secrets which the married and those contemplating marriage should know. How to cure diseases. Hundred of Recipes. Sent securely sealed for 50 cents [money or postage stamps.] Address DR. C. A. BOHANNAN 621 N. Fifth Street, St. Louis, Mo.



STAMMERING AND STUTTERING CURED OR NO PAY.

DR. JAMES, Lock Hospital, 204 WASHINGTON ST., CHICAGO.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL View of Marriage.

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

A guide to wedlock and confidential treatise on the duties of marriage and the causes that unfit for it; the secrets of Reproduction and the Diseases of Women. A book for private, considerate reading; 250 pages; price, 50 cts.

A PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER!

On all disorders of a Private Nature arising from self abuse, excesses, or secret diseases, with the best means of cure; 224 large pages; price, 50 cts.

A CLINICAL LECTURE on the above diseases and those of the Throat and Lungs, Catarrh, Rupture, the Opium Habit, etc., price 10 cts. Either book sent postpaid on receipt of price, or all three, containing 500 pages, beautifully illustrated, for 75 cts. Address DR. BUTTS, No. 12 N. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC REMEDY.

TRADE MARK THE GREAT TRADE MARK English Remedy; An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow, as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.



Before Taking. After Taking.

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 3 Mechanics' Block, DETROIT, MICH.

☞ Sold in Fort Wayne by all druggists. Meyer Bros. & Co., Wholesale Agents.

DYKES' BEARD ELIXIR

ARE YOU SATISFIED?

To Pay $5.00, when beyond doubt $4.00 will reach as far trading with us and have much less trouble to be suited.

Will You be Satisfied?

If we Convince you beyond contradiction that we are selling clothing for Men, Boys and Children, Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, in fact most anything worn by mankind, much lower than any house in the city, and a good reason given why.

Can You be Satisfied?

To have three, four, or perhaps a dozen prices named you for an article before you leave a store, or will you not be

Better Satisfied

with our way of doing business. Always square,

C. O. D.

ONE HONEST LOW PRICE.

IF SO CALL ON

A. S. Lauferty & Co.

The Reliable, Truthful Advertisers and Verifiers of Facts, Living Facts.

NOTICE TO

Contractors and Builders.

MASONIC TEMPLE & OPERA HOUSE

Sealed proposals will be received by the

Masonic Temple Association

of Fort Wayne, Ind.,

Until 1 o'clock p. m., Saturday, May 31st, 1879, for furnishing all materials and labor required in the erection and construction of a Masonic Temple and Opera House at said city, according to plans and specifications therefor, which can be seen at the office of T. J. TOLAN & SON, Architects, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Said building will be required to be enclosed by the 1st day of December, A. D. 1879.

All proposals must be directed to the chairman of the building committee, and must be accompanied by a bond in the sum of $5,000.00, conditioned that the bidder or bidders will give a good and satisfactory bond if awarded the contract, and the sufficiency of such preliminary bond must be certified to by the clerk of the court of the county or counties where the principal and sureties reside. No bid will be considered unless acompanied by such bond.

The building committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Full information can be had by application to any of the undersigned or to Wm. Lyne, Secretary of the Association.

J. H. BASS, Chairman;
S. B. BOND,
WM. W. FISK,
J. M. COOMBS,
R. C. BELL,
Building Committee.

m20d6t

Proclamation!

To the Citizens of Fort Wayne:

At a regular session of the Board of Health, held May 20th, 1879, it was ordered that all alleys, streets, or premises on which may be located any nuisance, in the form of filth, manure, garbage, or other material, animal or vegetable, in a state of putrescence or decay, shall be removed therefrom to some convenient place remote from habitation or offense, within the ten days next succeeding the publication of this order. That all defective, improperly constructed or overflowing privy vaults shall be made secure against leakage, enlarged, or their contents removed, as the case may demand, within the ten days next succeeding the publication of this order, and thereafter all kitchen offal, slops or garbage shall be deposited in water-tight barrels or other proper receptacles, and their contents removed at least three times per week during the months of June, July, August and September, and twice a week during the remaining months of the year, and thereafter all manure, straw, hay, shavings or other material usually deposited in the alleys of the city, shall be removed therefrom to some convenient place outside the city limits at least once a week. And the Marshal of the city and his deputies are hereby ordered to make a tour of inspection after the expiration of the hereinbefore mentioned time, and any failure or neglect to conform to the demands hereinabove set forth, by any property owner, tenant, lessee or duly authorized agent shall be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law as prescribed in the ordinances of this city.

By order of the Board of Health.

DR. TH. HEUCHLING,
DR. W. H. BROOKS,
DR. T. J. DILLS.
C. A. ZOLLINGER, Mayor.
HUGH DIEHL, Marshal.

m22d

SEALED PROPOSALS.

OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
Fort Wayne, Ind., May 22, 1879.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office, by the Board of School Trustees until Friday, May 30th, at 6 p. m., for the erection of an addition to the Hoagland School House, and the furnishing of all materials and labor therefor, according to the plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office.

The whole work is to be finished complete by the 10th day of August next.

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

JOHN S. IRWIN, Superintendent.

22dtd

45 Years Before the Public.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. C. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Every box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression DR. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

The genuine MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS bear the signatures of C. MCLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrappers.

Insist upon having the genuine DR. C. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane*, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

WILL YOU READ THIS FOR $200.

If you want a good appetite, strong digestion, sweet breath, sound sleep, and clear complexion, use DR. SMITH'S STILLINGIA BLOOD PURIFIER.

We do not tell you that this is a cure for all ills, but so positive are we of its merits that we offer, in good faith, $200 to any afflicted with a disease of the BLOOD, LIVER or KIDNEYS which a timely use of this remedy will not cure.

☞ If you have Liver Disease, indicated by a coated tongue, foul breath, poor appetite, frequent headache, dull pain in the side, yellow skin, or any of these symptoms, take Dr. Smith's Stillingia Blood Purifier, it is a sure cure. Physicians recommend it as being a *new* and *purely vegetable remedy*, and one to be relied upon in all cases. It is rapidly taking the place of the old, slow and uncertain remedies of the past, 20,000 bottles having been sold during the last few months.

☞ If you have Kidney Disease, with dry and feverish skin, capricious appetite, pain in the back or hips, which at times changes to shoulders, breaking your rest at night, and during the day makes you feel tired and despondent, you should use Dr. Smith's Stillingia Blood Purifier at once. It will positively cure you or we will forfeit the above reward.

☞ Bad Blood, appearing in the form of pimples, blotches, boils, ulcers, scrofula, salt rheum, rheumatism, lameness, swelled joints, all result from a diseased condition of the blood, indigestion and engorgement of the liver, for which Dr. Smith's Stillingia Blood Purifier is a never-failing remedy, recommended by the highest medical authorities. *Ague or Chills and Fever*, are the results of congestion of the liver and spleen. This remedy will cure it in less time and more permanently than any other medicine. It should be used by all who need a medicine to strengthen, tone up, and invigorate the entire system. Sold by druggists at 75 cents per bottle. If you do not fully understand your disease, write to us, giving symptoms, and we will send you the desired information free of charge. DR. B. A. SMITH & CO., Prop's, Erie, Pa.

wed-sat-wlm

TUTT'S PILLS!

A NOTED DIVINE SAYS THEY ARE WORTH THEIR WEIGHT in GOLD

READ WHAT HE SAYS:

DR. TUTT:—Dear Sir: For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last Spring your Pills were recommended to me; I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.

REV. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

A TORPID LIVER

is the fruitful source of many diseases, such as Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Dysentery, Bilious Fever, Ague and Fever, Jaundice, Piles, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaint, Colic, etc.

Tutt's Pills exert a powerful influence on the Liver, and will with certainty relieve that important organ from disease, and restore its normal functions.

The rapidity with which persons take on flesh, while under the influence of these pills, of itself indicates their adaptability to nourish the body, hence their efficacy in curing nervous debility, dyspepsia, wasting of the muscles, sluggishness of the liver, chronic constipation, and imparting health and strength to the system.

CONSTIPATION.

Only with regularity of the bowels can perfect health be enjoyed. When the constipation is of recent date, a single dose of TUTT'S PILLS will suffice, but if it has become habitual, one pill should be taken every night, gradually lessening the frequency of the dose until a regular daily movement is obtained, which will soon follow.

Sold Everywhere, 25 Cents.

OFFICE, 35 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK.

Daily Sentinel.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

THREE OF A KIND.

Hanging Bees in Georgia, Louisiana and California.

Three Bad Citizens Swung Off Into Eternity.

HUNG FOR WIFE MURDER.

Savannah, Ga., May 23.—A special to the *News* says that Shelley (white) was hanged to-day at Black Shear, Ga., for the murder of his wife. He confessed his guilt, and said the man who caused him to kill her was present. About 1,500 people witnessed the execution. He was calm, and appeared unconcerned.

HANGED FOR THE MURDER OF A CHINAMAN.

San Francisco, May 23.—Indian Jack was hanged at Shasta to-day for the murder of a Chinaman last September. The murder was committed out of pure deviltry, without any motive of passion, gain or revenge. The execution was witnessed by some 50 Indians, friends of the condemned, besides between 200 and 300 whites. The Indians congregated outside the court house yard and kept up a fearful howling and tearing of hair during the execution. Jack preserved Indian stolidity, and died without a struggle.

A DESPERADO HUNG.

Lake Charles, La., May 23.—Absalom W. Ferd was hung to-day for the murder of Dr. Joseph Bazee, in June, 1878. He broke jail here last winter after sentence, and was recaptured in Henderson, Texas, a few weeks ago, after being desperately wounded. He afterwards broke his wounded leg in attempting to escape from the Henderson county jail, and consequently had to be supported by the sheriff and deputies to the scaffold, where he was seated in a chair. Though suffering intense pain from the effort to use his leg his features were calm and composed. During the reading of the death warrant and prayers of the priest, he occasionally puffed a cigar, and looked composedly at the sky and crowd of over 500 persons. He did not show the slightest fear. Being asked by the sheriff if he had anything to say to the people, he replied he had nothing to say. The black cap and noose were adjusted while he was seated. He was then assisted to his feet, and said, in a low, calm voice, "God have mercy on me." The drop fell; his contortions were very violent until death. He lived nearly twenty minutes, as the physicians say; his neck was broken by his struggles after the drop fell.

FATAL AFFRAY.

Atlanta, Ga., May 23.—An Atlanta special to the *Constitution* says: At Kingston, this morning, Thompson and Joseph Morris, brothers, violated a town ordinance by firing a pistol. Burroughs, the town marshal, collected a fine of one dollar from each of them. Thompson Morris followed Burroughs to the depot and slapped his face. Burroughs drew a dirk and Morris snapped a pistol at Burroughs, who commenced cutting his assailant and retreating across the railroad track, the Morrises advancing and emptying their pistols, then throwing rocks until both fell from their wounds. Thompson died in thirty minutes. Joseph is mortally wounded.

KILLED WHILE BEATING HIS WIFE'S PARAMOUR.

Cincinnati, May 23.—Capt. W. R. Hoel, of the United States beacon light steamer Lilly, living near Waynesville, O., a short distance from this city, for some time past suspected his wife with holding improper relations with Dr. J. B. Hough, his family physician. Last night Capt. Hoel left home ostensibly for Cincinnati, but returned and concealed himself in his house. This morning he surprised his wife and Dr. Hough, who were together in the parlor, and drawing a large sized revolver, fired at Hough, but without effect. He then began clubbing the doctor with the pistol, and while doing so it was discharged, the ball entering Hoel's heart, killing him instantly. Hough is seriously injured.

BOILER EXPLOSION.

Boston, May 23.—An explosion occurred to-day in Wheeler's woolen mills, Salem, N. H., followed immediately by the bursting out of flames in several places. The mill was entirely destroyed. Loss, $100,000; insurance, $40,000. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

TWO MONSTERS UNDER ARREST.

Boston, May 23.—The arrrest of Buzzell, of Lynn, last night, for murdering the infant found dead in the woods near Malden, was followed today by the arrest of Carrie Roberts of the same place, who confessed to being the mother of the child and that Buzzell committed the deed.

BALTIMORE RACES.

Baltimore, May 23.—The selling race, three-quarter mile, was won by Governor Hampton; Baton Rouge, 2d; Frank, 3d; Albert, 4th. Time, 3:09¼.

The annual home-bred stakes, one mile, was won by Eunice; Rochester, 2d; Clyde Hampton, 3d; Grenadier, 4th. Time, 1:45¾.

The free handicap, one and one-half miles, was won by Startle; Viceroy, 2d; Bennett, 3d. Time, 2:42¼.

The two-mile heat race, all ages, first heat was won by Kenney; Dick Sasscer, 2d; Adair, 3d; Pohattan, 4th. Time, 3:42¼. Kenney won the second heat and race; Dick Sasscer, 2d; Adair, 3d; Pohattan and Lillian distanced. Time, 3:43¾.

BREVITIES.

St. Petersburg police have been reinforced by 150 soldiers.

Edward Reinhardt, of New York, who murdered his wife, packed her body in a barrel and threw it in the river, will be hanged July 11th.

Negotiations between Maj. Cavagari and the ameer of Afghanistan are proceeding satisfactorily. The main basis of the treaty has been settled.

The international convention Y. M. C. A., at Baltimore, yesterday, appropriated $22,000 to be used in the south and west among colored young men, Germans, commercial travellers, etc.

There has been a panic at Lamara, Russia, in consequence of placards announcing that the town would be burned on the 13th of May. The fire brigade paraded the streets all night.

A fire at Angola, Thursday night, destroyed the clerk's office in the court house. Most all of the books and documents were saved, they being in the vault. Loss not known. Incendiarism.

Fires—At Oshkosh, Wis: Pratt's shingle mill and 1,000,000 feet of lumber; loss, $45,000; insurance, $25,000. Monroe, Wis.: One square burned; loss, $50,000. Brooklyn: Fowler's linseed oil works; loss, $300,000.

The house committee on appropriations yesterday by a majority vote authorized a favorable report to be made to the house on Representative Cannon's bill making additional appropriations for the payment of letter carriers.

A dispatch from Wolcottville, says: Wednesday noon, W. W. White, of South Milford, came to Tamarack and borrowed a horse from Frank Spaulding and harness and buggy of John Grannis, to go to Northport on business. Instead, he drove to Wolcottville, left the horse and buggy at the hotel, and went north at 5 p. m., to Sturgis, Mich., returning at 9:30 p. m., with a woman, with whom he drove south. He has not been seen or heard from since. Indications are that it is a case of horse stealing.

Why do so many parents think children troublesome? because they cry; and why do children cry? because they suffer. Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup will relieve at once all pain that Babyhood is subject to.

ON THE BEAT.

A Fort Wayne Fraud on His Travels.

He Swindles a Kansas City Man out of $50.

The peculiar financial transactions of a former prominent and well to do citizen of Fort Wayne, have been a matter of public notoriety for several years past. He has been guilty of obtaining money under false pretenses, not only from our own citizens, but from people living in other cities. He has been indicted once or twice and placed under arrest, but his friends ponied up and saved him from punishment. The man is a first-class dead beat and fraud. Some time since he disappeared from this city, and his whereabouts have not been known until recently. A few days since he went to Kansas City and roped in a prominent gentleman of that place who has relatives here. The following letter received by one of our citizens to-day explains the circumstances:

KANSAS CITY, May 20, 1879.

Dear Cousin:

On the 8th day of this month, Mr. ——, of Fort Wayne, informed me that he had been robbed and was in want of funds; said that he required $50, and you will see by the enclosed note that I let him have the above mentioned amount. He requested that I send the note to you and you would hand it to ——, who would give you the money on it. I was to do this in case he failed to get back home within the ten days. * * * Yours, etc.,

The fraud who executed this note has estimable and highly respectable relatives, who have been called upon so often to help out of his scrapes that they will do so no longer. His proper place is in the penitentiary.

NINETY DEGREES.

How the Leading Masons of Toledo Were Taken In and Done For.

[Toledo Bee.]

Wednesday of last week, the 14th inst., a gentleman of pleasing address, polished exterior, and captivating as a conversationalist, registered at the Boody House, under the name of C. C. Burt, hailing from Jackson, Mich. With him was associated a gentleman who passed by the name of Streight. Mr. Burt was assigned to room No. 137.

It was not long till this gentleman of pleasing address ingratiated himself in the good graces of quite a number of the leading spirits of the Masonic fraternity, and to whom he produced what were deemed good and honest vouchers, that he was empowered with due and lawful authority to confer the EGYPTIAN MASONIC RITE OF MEMPHIS, or ninety degrees in Masonry. His indorsement, as his papers showed, came from no less a personage than V. L. Herbert, grand commander of the United States, Knights Templar, and others. The ninety degrees were to be imparted for the insignificant stipend of $10, and all to be conferred in thirty minutes by the watch.

Such a rare opportunity of obtaining so high a grade in Masonry was not to be ignored or passed lightly by —and then, too, for the small sum of of 11 1-9 cents a degree. This was a big consideration in these times of monetary stringency. The thing was talked up, and twenty-three of the faithful brethren of the mystic tie—some of them who have been honored with the highest positions in the order in the state—agreed to be initiated in the sublime ninety-degree rite, and accordingly

PAID THEIR $10 EACH,

in solemn conclave assembled in room 137 of the Boody, where the obligation of the degree was most solemnly administered. In appending their signatures to the paper they were required to acknowledge him, the said C. C. Burt, as grand master for life.

The money—$230—was all paid and the obligation taken, and what yet remained, and still remains, was the conferring of the degrees. The suave gentleman, with the blandest smile, fixed Monday as the day for conferring the degrees and installing the officers, as he should be compelled to return to Jackson at once, on account of sickness in his family. He left the city last Saturday, and was to return on Monday without fail. His family is probably very sick, for he has not put in an appearance yet, and the "select twenty-three" are still watching and waiting, with their degrees unconferred and their officers uninstalled.

LOOKS LIKE A SELL.

Since the amiable gentleman's departure, circumstances have developed some strong suspicions that the twenty-three have been the victims of a stupendous sell. The name of the grand commander of the United States, K. T., is *not* V. L. Herbert. His initials are N. V. This, we believe, was told Mr. Burt, but he passed the matter over by saying that he was known as Vincent Lombard, the name of his wife. Letters have been received also from several sources—among them from Michigan, Indiana and Illinois—saying that he has played a similar game elsewhere, and warning friends against the swindle.

A letter has also been received from Grand Commander N. V. Herbert, in which he denies that he has ever endorsed Mr. Burt, or that he has had anything to do with the gentleman, denouncing him as an imposter. "Two for five or nine for a dollar," will not soon be forgotten in the Masonic circles of "The Future Great."

Giraffe in Harness.

Very few people have seen a real living giraffe in this country. Nearly every show that advertises here puts up bright colored bills of this beautifully spotted and gentle animal, but the specimen they propose to exhibit either turns out a stuffed skin or none at all. Adam Forepaugh, who is to exhibit here on Tuesday, June 3d, and who is the largest wild beast importer on the American continent, has at last succeeded, after great expense and much care and labor, in bringing over from Central Africa a full-grown specimen of this rare and lovely animal. It stands near twenty feet when erect, and is as delicate and gentle as a faun, with an eye which, for softness and brilliancy, rivals the gazelle's. It has long been demonstrated that these animals, on account of the extreme delicacy of their constitution, will not live longer than two years in this climate of sudden changes. In winter time Mr. Forepaugh is compelled to keep his cameleopard in a room tempered to warm heat, with almost all ventilation shut off. Even these mild spring days a hot stove has been kept in his cage as he passes over the road from stand to stand, and then there is great danger that he will take cold and sicken. Death would be the result of a chill, and it would occur in a few hours.

But the strangest part of this giraffe history is that Mr. Forepaugh has not only domesticated this animal, but has successfully broken him to work in harness. Timid and delicate as the giraffe is, this task has been of no common undertaking. He is still shy, but tractable, and yields as gracefully as a giraffe can to the influence of the reins. As proof that the harness-broken giraffe is really with Forepaugh's Noachian Menagerie, we reproduce the following newspaper extracts:

The Nashville (Tenn.) *Banner* of April 8th, says: "Among the features of attraction are the giraffe trained to harness, and the hippopotamus."

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* of April 3d comments: "The towering giraffe, unused to this cool atmosphere, was seen, with his delicate limbs and beautiful symmetry."

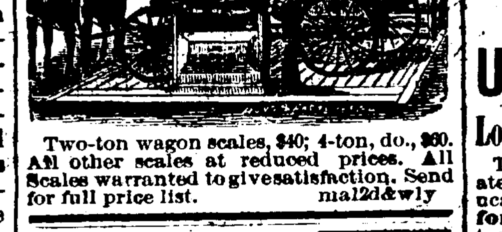
The Louisville *Commercial* of April 3d, writes: "Also a giraffe, which stands twenty feet high, and is trained to work in harness, and many other costly animals, too numerous to mention at this time."

To have good health medicine is necessary occasionally. As a family medicine we can recommend Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills, and advise all to have a box constantly on hand for cases of necessity.

DOWN WITH HIGH PRICES.

CHICAGO SCALE Co.

149 and 151 Jefferson St., Chicago, Ill.



Two-ton wagon scales, $40; 4-ton, do., $60. All other scales at reduced prices. All Scales warranted to give satisfaction. Send for full price list. mal2d&wly

9th GRAND DISTRIBUTION!

Commonwealth Distribution Com'y.

By authority of Commonwealth of Kentucky. Drawing and details under supervision of prominent citizens of Kentucky, in the city of Louisville, on

Saturday, May 31st, 1879.

NO SCALING! NO POSTPONEMENT!

Prizes Paid in Full!

$112,400 In Cash DISTRIBUTED!

TICKETS ONLY $2.

Unparalleled Success of the Popular Drawings.

Read the following attractive list of prizes for the MAY DRAWING:

1 Pr.	$30,000	100 Prs $100 each	$10,000
1 Pr.	10,000	200 Prs 50 each	10,000
1 Pr.	5,000	600 Prs 20 each	12,000
10 Prs $1,000 each	10,000	1,000 Prs 10 each	10,000
20 Prs 500 each	10,000		
9 Prs $300 each, Approximation Prs			$2,700
9 Prs 200 each " "			1,800
9 Prs 100 each " "			900
1,960 Prizes.			$112,400

Whole Tickets, $2. Half Tickets, $1.

27 Tickets, $50. 55 Tickets, $100.

Remit by Post Office Money Order, registered letter, bank draft or express. Full list of drawing published in Louisville COURIER-JOURNAL and New York Herald and mailed to all ticket holders. For tickets and information address COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO., or T. J. COMMERFORD, Sec'y, Courier-Journal Building, Louisville, Ky. ap24d&w

$1000 REWARD

For any case of Bleeding, Blind, Itching, or Ulcerated Piles that DeBing's Pile Remedy fails to cure. It gives immediate relief, cures cases of long standing in 1 week, and ordinary cases in 2 days. $1 a bottle. Sold by all druggists. J. P. MILLER, M. D., 418 Spruce Street, Phila., Pa., Sole Proprietor. CAUTION.—Wrapper on bottle is yellow printed in black, has pile of stones, Phila., 1878, on it. Foothergenerian.

DREIER & BRO., Agents, Fort Wayne, Ind.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER AND SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Eminent Chemists and Physicians certify that these goods are free from adulteration, richer, more effective, produce better results than any others, and that they use them in their own families.

DR. PRICE'S UNIQUE PERFUMES are the Gems of All Odors. TOOTHENE. An agreeable, healthful Liquid Dentifrice. LEMON SUGAR. A Substitute for Lemons. EXTRACT JAMAICA GINGER. From Pure Root

STEELE & PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST GEMS.

The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.

STEELE & PRICE, Manfrs., Chicago, St. Louis, and Cincinnati.

THE GREAT FOREPAUGH SHOW!

Noachian Menagerie, Gigantic Museum,

And CLASSIC CIRCUS, in all its Undivided Entirety,

—AT—

FORT WAYNE, TUESDAY, JUNE 3D.

Show Grounds on the Flats.

For more than half a generation the name of ADAM FOREPAUGH has been household property in every palace and farm house in the land. The profession have always, as they do now, pronounced his the STANDARD SHOW of the Universe,



and during more than a decade and a half the FOREPAUGH SHOW has never changed name or proprietor, but has always been under the exclusive ownership, control and management of the greatest Wild Beast Importer, and the world's most extensive Show Property Owner,

ADAM FOREPAUGH.

In his stupendous establishment will be found almost

Every Wild Beast Under the Sun.

Since last year he has added a native HERD of

12 Huge Asiatic ELEPHANTS!

More than are owned by any other one man on earth. They give an incredulous example of brute culture under the able tutorship of a "chip of the old block," ADAM FOREPAUGH, JR.

$41,000 BEHEMOTH OF HOLY WRIT

Which actually sweats blood from every pore. Forepaugh's Hippopotamus is the only one on American soil, and no honest showman dare dispute the truth of this assertion.

A 20-FOOT GIRAFFE IN HARNESS.

The ONLY exhibition of the kind given in the memory of man.

SIX-TON RHINOCEROS

$100,000 CHALLENGE! Adam Forepaugh will give $100,000 to be appropriated for the benefit of charitable institutions, for the name of any show that exhibits the above features, or any exhibition in America half so large as the Forepaugh Aggregation.

School of Sea Lions, South American Tapir, White and Poonah Bears, Wild Ostrich, African Eland, Horned Horse, Black and Bengal Tigers, and African and Asiatic Lions.

Over 2,000 Beasts, Birds and Reptiles. Eleven Palace and Gilded Cages of Curious Wonder Marvels.

Twenty Male Equestrians, led by Mr. ROBERT STICKNEY! The best general performer in the World, and the only man living who rides seven horses at one time. Twelve Lady Riders, inspired by the most famous Equestrienne known to the Arena, M'LLE A. CARROLL.



100 Daring Circus Stars from the finest Amphitheaters in the Old and New World.

3 Acres of Pavilions & 3 Special Trains.

6 Golden Chariots and 54 Brightly Embellished Dens.

Dazzling FREE Street Show!

EXTRA NOTICE.—Under no circumstances are games of chance or gambling permitted on the grounds, and Mr. Forepaugh suggests that the proper authorities join with him in the suppression of this too prevalent vice. Two full performances every day at 2 and 7.30 p. m. Doors open one hour before.

ADMISSION—Adults, 50 cts; Children under nine years, 25 cts.

HUNTINGTON, MONDAY, JUNE 2d.

TOLEDO, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4th.

m17-22-24je2-w21-28 W. W. DURAND, Agent.

L.A.S.L.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION Over Half a Million Distributed.

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

This Institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the state for Educational and Charitable purposes, in 1868, for the Term of Twenty-five Years, to which contract the inviolable faith of the State is pledged, with a Capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of $350,000. Its Grand Single Single Number Drawings will take place monthly. *It never Scales or Postpones.* Look at the following Distribution:

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT, during which will take place the 109th GRAND MONTHLY AND THE Extraordinary Semi-Annual Drawing, At New Orleans, Tuesday, June 17, 1879, Under the personal supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and Gen. J. A. EARLY, of Virginia.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $100,000.

☞ Notice—Tickets are $10.00 only. Halves, $5. Fifths, $2. Tenths, $1.

LIST OF PRIZES,

1	CAPITAL PRIZE OF	$100,000	$100,000
1	GRAND PRIZE OF	50,000	50,000
1	GRAND PRIZE OF	20,000	20,000
2	LARGE PRIZES OF	10,000	20,000
4	LARGE PRIZES OF	5,000	20,000
20	PRIZES OF	1,000	20,000
50	"	500	25,000
100	"	300	30,000
200	"	200	40,000
600	"	100	60,000
10,000	"	10	100,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100	Approxim'n Prizes of	$200	$20,000
100	do do	100	10,000
100	do do	75	7,500
11,279	Prizes, amounting to		$522,500

Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of La. } Comm.
Gen. J. A. EARLY, of Va. }

Application for rates to clubs should only be made to the office of the company in New Orleans.

Write for circulars or send orders to M. A. DAUPHIN, P. O. Box 692, New Orleans, La.

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MARRIAGE SECRETS

A Book of nearly 300 pages, numerous engravings; reveals secrets which the married and those contemplating marriage should know. How to cure diseases. Hundred of Recipes. Sent securely sealed for 50 cents [money or postage stamps.] Address Dr. C. A. BOHANNAN 62 N. Fifth Street, St. Louis, Mo.



DR. JAMES,

Lock Hospital,

204 WASHINGTON ST., Cor. Franklin, CHICAGO.

Chartered by the State of Illinois for the express purpose of giving immediate relief in all cases of private, chronic and urinary diseases in all their complicated forms. It is well known Dr. James has stood at the head of the profession for the past thirty years. Age and experience are all important. SEMINAL WEAKNESS, night losses by dreams, pimples on the face, lost manhood, can positively be cured. Ladies wanting the most delicate attention, call or write. Pleasant home for patients. A book for the million—Marriage Guide—which tells you all about these diseases, who should marry, why not, 10 cents to pay postage. Dr. James has fifty rooms and parlors. You see no one but the Doctor. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.; Sunday, 10 to 12. Dr. James is 60 years of age.

STAMMERING AND STUTTERING CURED OR NO PAY.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL

View of Marriage.

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE A guide to wedlock and confidential treatise on the duties of marriage and the causes that unfit for it; the secrets of Reproduction and the Diseases of Women. A book for private, considerate reading; 260 pages; price, 50 cts.

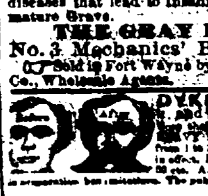
A PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER!

On all disorders of a Private Nature arising from self abuse, excesses, or secret diseases, with the best means of cure; 224 large pages; price, 50 cts.

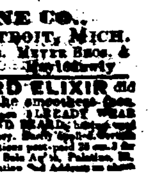
A CLINICAL LECTURE on the above diseases and those of the Throat and Lungs, Catarrh, Rupture, the Opium Habit, etc., price 10 cts. Either book sent postpaid on receipt of price, or all three, containing 500 pages, beautifully illustrated, for 75 cts. Address DR. BUTTS, No. 12 N. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC REMEDY.

TRADE MARK THE GREAT TRADE MARK



English Remedy, An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow, as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.



Before Taking After Taking

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., No. 3 Mechanics' Block, DETROIT, MICH.

☞ Sold in Fort Wayne by all druggists. MEYER BROS. & Co., Wholesale Agents. May16dly

DYKES' BEARD ELIXIR did it, and will do it on the smoothest face. More than 20,000 young men ALREADY WEAR HEAVY MOUSTACHE AND BEARD, having used from 1 to 3 Pack'ges. No injury. Easily applied. Certain in effect. Package with directions post-paid 25 cts., 3 for 50 cts. A. M. SMITH & CO. Sole Ag'ts, Palatine, Ill.

ROOT AND COMPANY.

Silks.

The superiority of our Silk Department over that of any other house in the city is a long-established fact. We have never before, however, been able to offer the same inducements in that department to purchasers that we now can.

Dress Silks

In all the new and desirable shades and designs.

Trimming Silks and Satins to match.

We have now in stock an unusually fine line of

American Silks,

In plain and brocaded patterns, so justly celebrated for their beauty of colorings and designs, and great durability.

Black Silks.

Besides an elegant assortment of black dress silks, we have recently received several pieces of

Mantilla Silks,

27 inches wide, and just the thing in every way for the purpose.

We have always made our Silk Department a specialty, and are satisfied with the lowest possible prices consistent with the best class of goods.

Grenadines

In black and colors and in all the new and tasteful designs, at exceedingly low prices.

Black Cashmeres.

In these goods we keep only the makes of established reputation for purity of dye and excellence of make and finish. We are offering these goods at prices that must command the attention of the closest buyers.

Mourning Goods.

We are now able to display everything desirable in this line, and at our well known low prices,

Suit Department.

We have many attractions in this department, and some special bargains well worth looking at. This department is especially interesting at this time.

Fringes.

We have an elegant line of silk and grass fringes in all colors, ranging in price from 40c to $4. The low prices that we have made on these goods have given them an extraordinary sale this season.

Notions, Etc.

We here mention a few specialties under this head.

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Misses Mary Foltz and Lottie Helfrich, of Crestline, O., are visiting their friends in this city.

Don't fail to read the opening chapters of Bebee, the thrilling novel begun in to-day's SENTINEL.

Will Madison, of Lima, O., a former resident of Fort Wayne, is paying a flying visit to his old home.

A dozen city prisoners were released from the Hotel de Munson this morning, among them two women.

A heavy stone on a truck wagon sprung the tire from one of the wheels in front of this office this morning.

C. S. Foulks, justice of the peace in Pleasant township, was in the city today shaking hands with his old friends.

A number of the upper ten of the *demi monde* of our city were subpœnased to-day to give *professional* testimony as *experts* in the case of the State *ex rel.* Wells vs. Rhodes, bastardy.

Quarterly meeting at the A. M. E. church to-morrow.

Band picnic at Mad Anthony Park to-morrow.

The funeral of the venerable Mrs. English took place this afternoon.

Davis Swinehart, assessor of Aboite township, is making his report to-day.

A large number of fish kegs obstructed the sidewalk on Columbia street this morning.

Mayor Zollinger, Councilman Hettler and Clerk Trentman, visited the Chicago water works yesterday.

C. F. Merkel has moved to Huntington and formed a partnership with B. F. Ibach in the law business.

Elder Carpenter will conduct a Sunday school institute at Somerset, Wabash county, on the 26th and 27th.

Two eminent lecturers are discoursing upon the consistency of mankind, on the corner of Main and Court streets.

There was an excursion to Rome City this morning. A goodly number went, requiring two cars for transportation.

The saying "now or never" suggests a line of thought which the pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church will take up to-morrow evening.

Enough greens were displayed on the market this morning, to feed all the cattle from Eastport to San Francisco, that is, nearly enough.

The lawyers yesterday "chipped in" and donated $25 to Freeman Green, messenger of the superior court, in token of his faithful services.

The pious man *par excellance* roosts in the east end. He took down three stoves yesterday and never swore once. N. B.—He is deaf and dumb.

Cal McAllister, general agent of the American Insurance Co., of Chicago, is in the city. Mr. McAllister is about to make Fort Wayne his headquarters.

Mrs. Jacob Scheeler, of New Haven, was buried at that place yesterday. Mrs. Hermann Sahnelker, of the same place, is very sick and is not expected to live.

Huestis & Hamilton have sold the stock of Heller & Dague, at Monroeville, which they purchased only a few days ago, to an eastern firm, who are selling it off.

Fort Wayne orators are in demand for Decoration Day. Col. Robertson, Judge Taylor and Rev. A. Marine have already accepted invitations to orate upon that day.

Antwerp *Banner:* Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Peck, formerly of Fort Wayne, but now of Cleveland, spent a few days in town this week, the guest of Mrs. J. Saylor.

The Murray shops are about completing a large centre valve for the Minneapolis, Minn., gas works. It is an immense piece of casting, and will weigh about 4,000 pounds.

The Fort Wayne Engraving Company, located at No. 80 Calhoun street, seem to be doing an immense business. Their work is prominently displayed throughout the entire city.

The proclamation of the board of health has waked up some of the people. On almost every block one sees a pile of garbage on fire. Keep it up, and we will soon have a clean city.

It is stated that a man is skulking about the woods near Milan Center, who answers the description of Webb's murderer perfectly. Somebody go out there and get him, and be $700 richer.

Now is the time to buy wood. There is plenty of it on the streets and cheap too. Soon the farmers will be too busy to bring wood to Fort Wayne, and then the price will necessarily rise.

Frederick Follmar, a prominent farmer residing six miles northeast of the city, met with a runaway accident to-day and suffered a fractured leg. Dr. Laubach attended the unfortunate man.

The marshal and his deputies are engaged in distributing the proclamation of the board of health. It is posted conspicuously and a copy thereof put on the premises of every householder.

The friends of the Wabash and Erie Canal are to meet in convention at Huntington, Ind., May 31st, to set on foot measures looking to the restoration of the canal between navigation on the Wabash River and Lake Erie.

C. E. Hipple, representing Hook's Smelting Co., of Philadelphia, is in the city. A committe consisting of Max Nirdlinger, R. J. Fisher and Myer Graff, have tendered him the freedom of the city, and will escort him to church to-morrow.

The papers and dispatches give the name of the Carroll county treasurer whose safe was blown open Thursday morning, as John P. Vance. This is a mistake, and should be John P. Hance, after whom his nephew, our John P. Hance, was named.

J. D. Cook, of Toledo, has invited the water works trustees to meet him in that city on Tuesday next, and proceed thence to Mansfield to examine the water works. The invitation will probably be accepted, and after the trip Mr. Cook will pay this city a visit.

S. C. Cotton, of this city, was arrested at Valparaiso on Thursday, on a charge of horse stealing. He telegraphed to Sheriff Munson, who telegraphed back that Mr. Cotton was all O. K., and he was promptly released. Mr. Cotton is a respectable insurance man and is not in the horse stealing line.

John Moore's Experience.

John Moore got more whisky than he could carry conveniently last night, so he laid it down; that is against the law of this city, and he was taken up town for fear somebody would have him arrested. Lieut. Wilkinson showed him to room No. 1. The lieutenant shook up the feathers, hung up a clean towel, gave Mr. Moore a cigar and the evening paper, asked him what time he wanted breakfast, and telling him if he wanted anything to touch the electric bell, he bid him good night. This morning he called at the hotel office in the city hall and the mayor told him his bill was $6. This John thought was rather steep for a night's lodging, but the bill showed several extras. John didn't have any change, so his honor told him to work it out. This was John's first offense, but several.

STEPHENSON'S SINS.

Which Appear to Be of Commission as Well as Omission.

Interesting Divorce Case in The Supreme Court.

Emerretta Stephenson wants a divorce and $2,000 alimony from her husband, Joseph Stephenson. The petition sets forth that they united their destinies on the 17th of January, 1878, since which time Joseph has treated her in a very brutal manner; that he has called her a son of a b—h and other endearing epithets of a similar character; that he has failed to provide her with proper clothing, having bought her nothing during that time excepting two pairs of shoes at $1 per pair and a hat costing $2.50, which strikes us as being a rather thin uniform, considering the severe winters we have had. We think Joe might have thrown in a pair of suspenders or a pair of garters or bracelets, or anything at all that would have made a kind of a through connection between the hat and the shoes. A woman dressed in nothing but a $2.50 hat and a $1 pair of shoes is an object of pity and could raise a bigger collection than a blind woman with seventeen children. She further states that there is no possibility of a reconciliation, and therefore prays for a divorce, $2,000 alimony and the custody of their daughter, aged four months.

We saw over 400,000 small boys *en route* for the happy fishing grounds this morning. The unalloyed, ecstaic enjoyment of sitting on a wet spot on your breeches, getting parboiled by the burning sun and catching your hook in your posterior anatomy and jerking yourself half way across the river trying to cast your line, can only be imagined by those who have experienced it. Each of the 400,000 boys above mentioned will enjoy the whole catalogue; will have to stand up at the table, and yet will go to bed happy and dream of Jonah and the whale for nine consecutive nights.

Monroeville *Democrat:* The entire stock of goods, notes and accounts of Heller & Dague, were sold on Friday last to Huestis & Hamilton of Fort Wayne, for the sum of $3,000. The goods were sold in a bunch. The horses, mules, wagons and harness were auctioned off on the street. The horses were bid in by H. Pool at $50 each, and the harness at only $7. The wagon brought $13. The mules were bought by Huestis and Hamilton at $150, the harness brought $4.50.

Charles Maxfield, a laborer at White's spoke factory, met with a serious and painful accident this morning by having the second and third fingers of his right hand cut off by a spoke cutting machine. He was taken to Tons & Moellering's drug store, at the corner of Lewis and Lafayette streets, where his injuries were attended to by Dr. A. J. Laubach. Maxfield is a married man, having a family to support, and is about forty years of age.

The building material nuisance is on the increase rather than otherwise. Where a few days ago there was one obstruction, now there are two, or the former one has doubled in size. These things ought not to be, and a serious accident some time will awaken the proper officers to a realization of the fact that the responsibility rests on them, and that the people will know exactly where to place it.

Henry Lash, a young man about seventeen years of age, and who has been confined in our county jail on the charge of larceny, was to-day taken out and given into the keeping of Anthony Kohlmeyer, who will make a farmer out of him.—*News.*

Owing to circumstances which he cannot control, Lash will not go to Kohlmeyer or any other man for a couple of weeks yet.

The boy Lash, who was tried in the criminal court yesterday, was sentenced to fourteen days' imprisonment in the county jail, and was not given into the keeping of Anthony Kohlmeyer, as the *News* of last evening would have us believe. We don't take prisoners out of jail and distribute them about the country.

Last evening about 7 o'clock Mr. Chas. H. Gillett and his wife were riding down West Wayne street in a phaeton, when their horse took fright and ran away. Some men stopped the horse at the intersection of Webster and Wayne streets, before any serious damage was done.

A Successful Company.

The New York *Mercantile Review* says: "Few companies ever connected with the life insurance system of this country have made for themselves so good a record as the old established Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Philadelphia. In its record it does not seem as though any weak point could be found, so just and equitable is its plan of operations and so faithfully has it been adhered to. It is a company which has had in view the well being of its policy holders and not the aggrandizement or profit of its officers and directors, and even in the sturdy old commonwealth of Pennsylvania, where the standard of fiduciary morality is so much higher than it is in the adjoining state of New York, it is rare to find any competent critic who does not bear witness to the integrity and the sound common sense that have been embodied in its management during the whole period of its thirty-one years' history. From the last annual statement of the Penn Mutual we learn that its assets now amount to $6,632,-594.01, and its net surplus, at the New York standard of 4½ percent, is $1,346,762.85. It now has 10,731 policies in force, insuring $29,274,697. This Company has paid over 67 percent of its premium receipts to its policy holders during its thirty-one years of existence, and the dividends alone have been 29 percent of the premium income. It now has $125 of assets to each $100 of liabilities, a ratio of comparative strength that is not exceeded by any company in the world. The home office is at 921 Chestnut street."

Clark Fairbank, 19 Court street, is general agent for the above company for Northern Indiana.

CATARRH.

The Causes of Its Prevalence.

To the Editor of the SENTINEL:

In reply to your question as to the prevalence of Catarrh in this country and the despair of cure which many thus afflicted express, I beg to submit the following:

Thousands of persons in cities and a due proportion in those of smaller size are suffering from catarrh and other diseases of the respiratory organs, many hopelessly although unnecessarily so. The reason for this can be very briefly stated. Catarrh as a special disease has been very little understood by medical practitioners generally, not one out of a hundred thinking it necessary to supply themselves with the apparatus essential for a diagnosis of the condition of the respiratory organs and by the aid of which their disorders can be accurately ascertained for proper treatment, as those of the eye by the Opthalmiscope, of the ear by the Auroscope or of the throat by the Laryngoscope. Incipient catarrh, therefore, is frequently regarded and pronounced at first to be a slight cold for which one useless prescription after another is tried, and is at the last declared an incurable disease, a final decision as untrue as the first was shallow. I do not propose here to define catarrh or detail its symptoms, all of which has been done by me in previous articles, but simply to state that catarrh is, although a troublesome and loathsome disorder, by no means an incurable disease, unless it has been allowed to progress so far that an irretrievable deterioration of the general health has taken place. Any physician who has made an intelligent study of the disease and possesses the proper appliances for its treatment, should certainly be able to relieve his patient without sending him in despair (most frequently of his own inefficiency) away from home to suffer in body among strangers, for without local and constitutional treatment this disease stands little chance of cure from simply a change of climate, as neglected cases of it are found everywhere.

I would say, therefore, to sufferers, do not leave the comforts of your own surroundings when thus afflicted, unless it is impossible for you to command the services at home of a practitioner who has made special study of the diseases with which you are suffering. In this instance I speak authoritatively, feeling that I have a right to do so, having been one of the first physicians in Philadelphia who, before the faculty and a large class of students, demonstrated by operations on living subjects and by dissections of the dead, the very seat of catarrh and its progress. This will not be denied by those who know the truth, and that such an acknowledgment is my due, however much they may disapprove my endeavoring to drive charlatans from this interesting department of practice by using their most powerful weapon, the columns of the daily and weekly press.

Of my success in the cures of this disease, testimonials from many of the most eminent men of the country in every walk of life, give assurance, all of which can be examined at my office. And in this connection I must remark that I believe firmly division to be the secret of success in medical practice. The immense elevation of and progress in dental science, surgery, etc., shows the value of an intelligent specialist. It is impossible for the general practitioner to have the same skill or experience in special diseases of special organs as one must possess who has devoted the studious hours of years of experiment and practice to their care.

F. A.

Von Moschzisker

M. D.,

Aveline House.

NEW GOODS

At Extraordinarily Low Prices.

Opened This Week at

BOND'S NOVELTY STORE.

OWEN, PIXLEY & CO

Spring Clothing

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SPRING CLOTHING

This is a subject that interests every man in the county, and the place of investment the most important.

TO GET THE BEST GOODS

And for the Least Money,

is your duty. No house in the state does more to secure the confidence of the people than ours, and that confidence never has and never will be abused.

We Always Do Precisely as We Advertise,

and no establishment in the line in America has the advantage of us, as we manufacture all our Clothing, giving us an advantage of 15 to 25 percent over other houses.

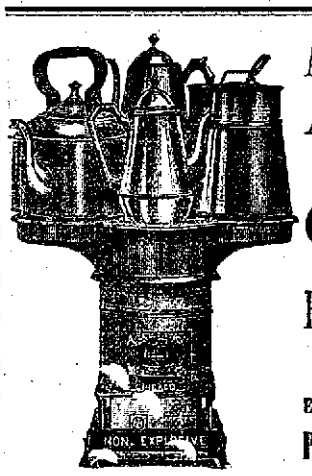
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THE CELEBRATED

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WIRE GAUZE

NON-EXPLOSIVE

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—FOR—

Baking, Broiling, Ironing,

BOILING

Any work done on a cook stove.

Expense Less than One Cent per Hour.

PRESCOTT BROS. & CO.

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BIRCH BEER,

ROOT BEER,

And the Coldest

Soda Water

In the City, at

MORDHURST'S

DRUG STORE,

Calhoun Street, corner Berry, opposite Aveline House.



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Silks.

The superiority of our Silk Department over that of any other house in the city is a long-established fact. We have never before, however, been able to offer the same inducements in that department to purchasers that we now can.

Dress Silks

In all the new and desirable shades and designs.

Trimming Silks and Satins To match.

We have now in stock an unusually fine line of

American Silks,

In plain and brocaded patterns, so justly celebrated for their beauty of colorings and designs, and great durability.

Black Silks.

Besides an elegant assortment of black dress silks, we have recently received several pieces of

Mantilla Silks,

27 inches wide, and just the thing in every way for the purpose.

We have always made our Silk Department a specialty, and are satisfied with the lowest possible prices consistent with the best class of goods.

Grenadines

in black and colors and in all the new and tasteful designs, at exceedingly low prices.

Black Cashmeres.

In these goods we keep only the makes of established reputation for purity of dye and excellence of make and finish. We are offering these goods at prices that must command the attention of the closest buyers.

Mourning Goods.

We are now able to display everything desirable in this line, and at our well known low prices,

Suit Department.

We have many attractions in this department, and some special bargains well worth looking at. This department is especially interesting at this time.

Fringes.

We have an elegant line of silk and grass fringes in all colors, ranging in price from 40c to $4. The low prices that we have made on these goods have given them an extraordinary sale this season.

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The Academy of Music will be beautifully decorated for the Decoration Day exercises.

Powers and Angell, the enterprising proprietors of the city Bus Line, have 32 horses in service.

Harry Metzger and Chas. Falls, of the county clerk's office, were attired in full regalia to-day.

Misses Mary Foltz and Lottie Helfrich, of Crestline, O., are visiting their friends in this city.

Don't fail to read the opening chapters of Bebee, the thrilling novel begun in to-day's SENTINEL.

Will Madison, of Lima, O., a former resident of Fort Wayne, is paying a flying visit to his old home.

A dozen city prisoners were released from the Hotel de Munson this morning, among them two women.

A heavy stone on a truck wagon sprung the tire from one of the wheels in front of this office this morning.

C. S. Foulks, justice of the peace in Pleasant township, was in the city today shaking hands with his old friends.

A number of the upper ten of the *demi monde* of our city were subpœnaed to-day to give *professional* testimony as *experts* in the case of the State *ex rel.* Wells vs. Rhodes, bastardy.

Quarterly meeting at the A. M. E. church to-morrow.

Band picnic at Mad Anthony Park to-morrow.

The funeral of the venerable Mrs. English took place this afternoon.

Davis Swinehart, assessor of Aboite township, is making his report to-day.

A large number of fish kegs obstructed the sidewalk on Columbia street this morning.

Mayor Zollinger, Councilman Hetler and Clerk Trentman, visited the Chicago water works yesterday.

C. F. Merkel has moved to Huntington and formed a partnership with B. F. Ibach in the law business.

Elder Carpenter will conduct a Sunday school institute at Somerset, Wabash county, on the 26th and 27th.

Two eminent lecturers are discoursing upon the consistency of mankind, on the corner of Main and Court streets.

There was an excursion to Rome City this morning. A goodly number went, requiring two cars for transportation.

The saying "now or never" suggests a line of thought which the pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church will take up to-morrow evening.

Enough greens were displayed on the market this morning, to feed all the cattle from Eastport to San Francisco, that is, nearly enough.

The lawyers yesterday "chipped in" and donated $25 to Freeman Green, messenger of the superior court, in token of his faithful services.

The pious man *par excellance* roosts in the east end. He took down three stoves yesterday and never swore once. N. B.—He is deaf and dumb.

Cal McAllister, general agent of the American Insurance Co., of Chicago, is in the city. Mr. McAllister is about to make Fort Wayne his headquarters.

Mrs. Jacob Scheeler, of New Haven, was buried at that place yesterday. Mrs. Hermann Schneiker, of the same place, is very sick and is not expected to live.

Huestis & Hamilton have sold the stock of Heller & Dague, at Monroeville, which they purchased only a few days ago, to an eastern firm, who are selling it off.

Fort Wayne orators are in demand for Decoration Day. Col. Robertson, Judge Taylor and Rev. A. Marine have already accepted invitations to orate upon that day.

Antwerp *Banner:* Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Peck, formerly of Fort Wayne, but now of Cleveland, spent a few days in town this week, the guest of Mrs. J. Saylor.

The Murray shops are about completing a large centre valve for the Minneapolis, Minn., gas works. It is an immense piece of casting, and will weigh about 4,000 pounds.

The Fort Wayne Engraving Company, located at No. 80 Calhoun street, seem to be doing an immense business. Their work is prominently displayed throughout the entire city.

The proclamation of the board of health has waked up some of the people. On almost every block one sees a pile of garbage on fire. Keep it up, and we will soon have a clean city.

It is stated that a man is skulking about the woods near Milan Center, who answers the description of Webb's murderer perfectly. Somebody go out there and get him, and be $700 richer.

Now is the time to buy wood. There is plenty of it on the streets and cheap too. Soon the farmers will be too busy to bring wood to Fort Wayne, and then the price will necessarily rise.

Frederick Follmar, a prominent farmer residing six miles northeast of the city, met with a runaway accident to-day and suffered a fractured leg. Dr. Laubach attended the unfortunate man.

The marshal and his deputies are engaged in distributing the proclamation of the board of health. It is posted conspicuously and a copy thereof put on the premises of every householder.

The friends of the Wabash and Erie Canal are to meet in convention at Huntington, Ind., May 31st, to set on foot measures looking to the restoration of the canal between navigation on the Wabash River and Lake Erie.

C. E. Hipple, representing Hook's Smelting Co., of Philadelphia, is in the city. A committe consisting of Max Nirdlinger, R. J. Fisher and Myer Graff, have tendered him the freedom of the city, and will escort him to church to-morrow.

The papers and dispatches give the name of the Carroll county treasurer whose safe was blown open Thursday morning, as John P. Vance. This is a mistake, and should be John P. Hance, after whom his nephew, our John P. Hance, was named.

J. D. Cook, of Toledo, has invited the water works trustees to meet him in that city on Tuesday next, and proceed thence to Mansfield to examine the water works. The invitation will probably be accepted, and after the trip Mr. Cook will pay this city a visit.

S. C. Cotton, of this city, was arrested at Valparaiso on Thursday, on a charge of horse stealing. He telegraphed to Sheriff Munson, who telegraphed back that Mr. Cotton was all O. K., and he was promptly released. Mr. Cotton is a respectable insurance man and is not in the horse stealing line.

John Moore's Experience.

John Moore got more whisky than he could carry conveniently last night, so he laid it down; that is against the law of this city, and he was taken up town for fear somebody would have him arrested. Lieut. Wilkinson showed him to room No. 1. The lieutenant shook up the feathers, hung up a clean towel, gave Mr. Moore a cigar and the evening paper, asked him what time he wanted breakfast, and telling him if he wanted anything to touch the electric bell, he bid him good night. This morning he called at the hotel office in the city hall and the mayor told him his bill was $6. This John thought was rather steep for a night's lodging, but the bill showed several extras. John didn't have any change, so his honor told him to work it out. This was John's first offense, but several.

STEPHENSON'S SINS.

Which Appear to Be of Commission as Well as Omission.

Interesting Divorce Case in The Supreme Court.

Emerretta Stephenson wants a divorce and $2,000 alimony from her husband, Joseph Stephenson. The petition sets forth that they united their destinies on the 17th of January, 1878, since which time Joseph has treated her in a very brutal manner; that he has called her a son of a b—h and other endearing epithets of a similar character; that he has failed to provide her with proper clothing, having bought her nothing during that time excepting two pairs of shoes at $1 per pair and a hat costing $2.50, which strikes us as being a rather thin uniform, considering the severe winters we have had. We think Joe might have thrown in a pair of suspenders or a pair of garters or bracelets, or anything at all that would have made a kind of a through connection between the hat and the shoes. A woman dressed in nothing but a $2.50 hat and a $1 pair of shoes is an object of pity and could raise a bigger collection than a blind woman with seventeen children. She further states that there is no possibility of a reconciliation, and therefore prays for a divorce, $2,000 alimony and the custody of their daughter, aged four months.

We saw over 400,000 small boys *en route* for the happy fishing grounds this morning. The unallayed, ecstaic enjoyment of sitting an a wet spot on your breeches, getting parboiled by the burning sun and catching your hook in your posterior anatomy and jerking yourself half way across the river trying to cast your line, can only be imagined by those who have experienced it. Each of the 400,000 boys above mentioned will enjoy the whole catalogue; will have to stand up at the table, and yet will go to bed happy and dream of Jonah and the whale for nine consecutive nights.

Monroeville *Democrat:* The entire stock of goods, notes and accounts of Heller & Dague, were sold on Friday last to Huestis & Hamilton of Fort Wayne, for the sum of $3,000. The goods were sold in a bunch. The horses, mules, wagons and harness were auctioned off on the street. The horses were bid in by H. Pool at $50 each, and the harness at only $7. The wagon brought $13. The mules were bought by Huestis and Hamilton at $150, the harness brought $4.50.

Charles Maxfield, a laborer at White's spoke factory, met with a serious and painful accident this morning by having the second and third fingers of his right hand cut off by a spoke cutting machine. He was taken to Tons & Moellering's drug store, at the corner of Lewis and Lafayette streets, where his injuries were attended to by Dr. A. J. Laubach. Maxfield is a married man, having a family to support, and is about forty years of age.

The building material nuisance is on the increase rather than otherwise. Where a few days ago there was one obstruction, now there are two, or the former one has doubled in size. These things ought not to be, and a serious accident some time will awaken the proper officers to a realization of the fact that the responsibility rests on them, and that the people will know exactly where to place it.

Henry Lash, a young man about seventeen years of age, and who has been confined in our county jail on the charge of larceny, was to-day taken out and given into the keeping of Anthony Kohlmeyer, who will make a farmer out of him.—*News.*

Owing to circumstances which he cannot control, Lash will not go to Kohlmeyer or any other man for a couple of weeks yet.

The boy Lash, who was tried in the criminal court yesterday, was sentenced to fourteen days' imprisonment in the county jail, and was not given into the keeping of Anthony Kohlmeyer, as the *News* of last evening would have us believe. We don't take prisoners out of jail and distribute them about the country.

Last evening about 7 o'clock Mr. Chas. H. Gillett and his wife were riding down West Wayne street in a phæton, when their horse took fright and ran away. Some men stopped the horse at the intersection of Webster and Wayne streets, before any serious damage was done.

A Successful Company.

The New York *Mercantile Review* says: "Few companies ever connected with the life insurance system of this country have made for themselves so good a record as the old established Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Philadelphia. In its record it does not seem as though any weak point could be found, so just and equitable is its plan of operations and so faithfully has it been adhered to. It is a company which has had in view the well being of its policy holders and not the aggrandizement or profit of its officars and directors, and even in the sturdy old commonwealth of Pennsylvania, where the standard of fiduciary morality is so much higher than it is in the adjoining state of New York, it is rare to find any competent critic who does not bear witness to the integrity and the sound common sense that have been embodied in its management during the whole period of its thirty-one years' history. From the last annual statement of the Penn Mutual we learn that its assets now amount to $6,632,594.01, and its net surplus, at the New York standard of 4½ percent, is $1,346,762.85. It now has 10,731 policies in force, insuring $29,274,597. This Company has paid over 67 percent of its premium receipts to its policy holders during its thirty-one years of existence, and the dividends alone have been 29 percent of the premium income. It now has $125 of assets to each $100 of liabilities, a ratio of comparative strength that is not exceeded by any company in the world. The home office is at 921 Chestnut street."

Clark Fairbank, 19 Court street, is general agent for the above company for Northern Indiana.

CATARRH.

The Causes of Its Prevalence.

To the Editor of the SENTINEL:

In reply to your question as to the prevalence of Catarrh in this country and the despair of cure which many thus afflicted express, I beg to submit the following:

Thousands of persons in cities and a due proportion in those of smaller size are suffering from catarrh and other diseases of the respiratory organs, many hopelessly although unnecessarily so. The reason for this can be very briefly stated. Catarrh as a special disease has been very little understood by medical practitioners generally, not one out of a hundred thinking it necessary to supply themselves with the apparatus essential for a diagnosis of the condition of the respiratory organs and by the aid of which their disorders can be accurately ascertained for proper treatment, as those of the eye by the Opthalmiscope, of the ear by the Auroscope or of the throat by the Laryngoscope. Incipient catarrh, therefore, is frequently regarded and pronounced at first to be a slight cold for which one useless prescription after another is tried, and is at the last declared an incurable disease, a final decision as untrue as the first was shallow. I do not propose here to define catarrh or detail its symptoms, all of which has been done by me in previous articles, but simply to state that catarrh is, although a troublesome and loathsome disorder, by no means an incurable disease, unless it has been allowed to progress so far that an irretrievable deterioration of the general health has taken place. Any physician who has made an intelligent study of the disease and possesses the proper appliances for its treatment, should certainly be able to relieve his patient without sending him in despair (most frequently of his own inefficiency) away from home to suffer in body among strangers, for without local and constitutional treatment this disease stands little chance of cure from simply a change of climate, as neglected cases of it are found everywhere.

I would say, therefore, to sufferers, do not leave the comforts of your own surroundings when thus afflicted, unless it is impossible for you to command the services at home of a practitioner who has made special study of the diseases with which you are suffering. In this instance I speak authoritatively, feeling that I have a right to do so, having been one of the first physicians in Philadelphia who, before the faculty and a large class of students, demonstrated by operations on living subjects and by dissections of the dead, the very seat of catarrh and its progress. This will not be denied by those who know the truth, and that such an acknowledgment is my due, however much they may disapprove my endeavoring to drive charlatans from this interesting department of practice by using their most powerful weapon, the columns of the daily and weekly press.

Of my success in the cures of this disease, testimonials from many of the most eminent men of the country in every walk of life, give assurance, all of which can be examined at my office. And in this connection I must remark that I believe firmly division to be the secret of success in medical practice. The immense elevation of and progress in dental science, surgery, etc., shows the value of an intelligent specialist. It is impossible for the general practitioner to have the same skill or experience in special diseases of special organs as one must possess who has devoted the studious hours of years of experiment and practice to their case.

F. A.

Von Moschzisker

M. D.,

Aveline House.

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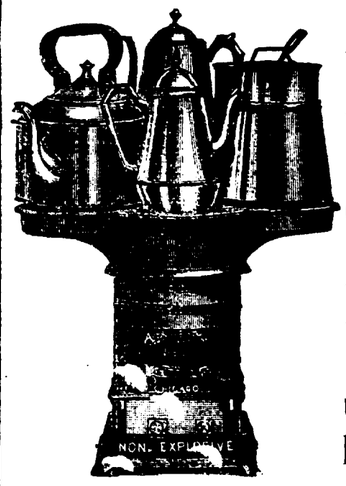
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